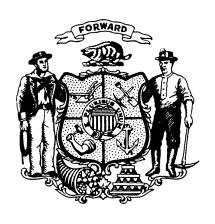
## WISCONSIN

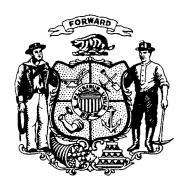
## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003

# STATE OF WISCONSIN

## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003

Jim Doyle, Governor

Department of Administration Marc J. Marotta, Secretary William J. Raftery, State Controller

Prepared by the State Controller's Office

This document is available on the Department of Administration homepage on the World Wide Web: http://www.doa.state.wi.us/debf

DOA-6082P (R12/03)

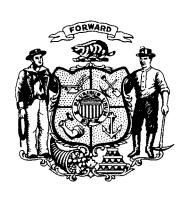
#### Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Table of Contents	<b>D</b> =
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	Page
Letter of Transmittal	2
GFOA Certificate of Achievement	10
Organizational Chart	
Principal State Officials	
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Auditor's Report	14
Management's Discussion and Analysis	
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	33
Statement of Activities	
Fund Financial Statements:	34
Governmental Funds	
	36
Balance Sheet	
	38
Proprietary Funds: Balance Sheet	40
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Equity	
Statement of Cash Flows	44
Fiduciary Funds:	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets	
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets	
Notes to the Financial Statements Index	
Notes to the Financial Statements	52
Required Supplementary Information:	
	12/
Infrastructure Assets Reported Using the Modified Approach	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General and Major Special Revenue Funds	
Notes to Required Supplemental Information - Budgetary Information	128
Supplementary Information:	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	136
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule Nonmajor Budgeted Governmental Funds	
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds:	102
Combining Balance Sheet	160
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Equity	
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	
Internal Service Funds:	100
Combining Balance Sheet	178
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Equity	
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	182
Fiduciary Funds:	100
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets - Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds	190
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets - Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust	100
Funds	
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets - Investment Trust Funds	194
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets - Investment Trust Funds	195
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets - Private-Purpose Trust Funds	
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets - Private-Purpose Trust Funds	
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets - Agency Funds	198
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds	199

## Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

STATISTICAL SECTION: Revenues by Source and Expenditures by Function - All Governmental Fund Types	
Assessed and Equalized Value of Taxable Property	
State Forestation Tax	
Legal Debt Margin	
Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt and Notes to Assessed Value and Net General Obligation Bonded Debt and Notes Per Capita	
Ratio of Annual Debt Service for General Bonded Debt to Total Governmental Expenditures	
Department of Transportation Revenue Bond Coverage	
Higher Education Revenue Bonds - Health Education Assistance Loans	
Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority Revenue Bonds - Home Ownership Revenue Bonds	
Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority Revenue Bonds - Housing Revenue Bonds	
Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority Revenue Bonds - Housing Rehabilitation and Home Improvement Revenue Bonds	
Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority Revenue Bonds - Business Development Revenue Bonds	
Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority Revenue Bonds - Single Family Drawdown Revenue Bonds .	
Environmental Improvement Fund Bonds	
Petroleum Inspection Fee Revenue Obligations Debt Service Coverage	
Local Government Property Insurance Fund Ten-Year Claims Development Information	
Health Insurance Risk Pool Ten-Year Claims Development Information	
Income Continuation Insurance Risk Pool Ten-Year Claims Development Information	
Duty Disability Insurance Risk Pool Ten-Year Claims Development Information	
Long-term Disability Insurance Risk Pool Ten-Year Claims Development Information	
Bank Deposits	
Unemployment Data	
Personal Income	
Disposable Personal Income	
Kindergarten through Grade 12 Enrollment Statistics	
Total New Housing Units Authorized in Permit-Issuing Places	
State of Wisconsin's Largest Employers	
Employment Trends in Wisconsin	
Estimated Employees in Wisconsin on Nonagricultural Payrolls	
How Wisconsin Ranks Among the States in Agriculture	
Miscellaneous Data	

printed on recycled paper



## **INTRODUCTORY SECTION**



JIM DOYLE GOVERNOR MARC J. MAROTTA SECRETARY Office of the Secretary Post Office Box 7864 Madison, WI 53707-7864 Voice (608) 266-1741 Fax (608) 267-3842 TTY (608) 267-9629

December 12, 2003

The Honorable Jim Doyle
The Honorable Members of the Legislature
Citizens of the State of Wisconsin

We are pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of Wisconsin for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003. This report is prepared by the Department of Administration, Division of Executive Budget and Finance, State Controller's Office, which is responsible for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of its presentation, including disclosures. We believe that the information presented is accurate in all material respects and reported in a manner designed to show the financial position and operating results of the State.

This report has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for governments as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). To report the State's financial activity, the State's budgetary funds are grouped into the fund types required by GAAP. The State's 59 budgetary funds are expanded and have been displayed into the 90 individual GAAP funds, and four discrete component units. The major change has been to reclassify certain activities from the budgetary General Fund and present them in proprietary and fiduciary fund types more appropriate for the financial reporting of transactions related to commercial and trust activities. Note 1-C to the financial statements includes a more detailed discussion of the generic GAAP fund types.

Wisconsin's 2003 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in three sections: Introductory, Financial, and Statistical. The Introductory Section, which provides information on the general contents of the report, contains this letter of transmittal, a list of State officials and an organizational chart of State government. The Financial Section is composed of the auditor's report, Management Discussion and Analysis, the basic financial statements, required supplementary information and the combining financial statements. The Statistical Section provides various financial, economic and demographic data about the State, generally on a multi-year basis.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The State's MD&A can be found immediately following the auditor's report.

#### PROFILE OF GOVERNMENT

The financial statements present information on the financial position and operations of State government as a single comprehensive reporting entity. The various agencies, departments, boards, commissions and

accounts of the State that constitute the State reporting entity are included in this report in accordance with criteria established by the GASB. The reporting entity consists of all the funds of the primary government (the State of Wisconsin), as well as its component units which are legally separate organizations for which the State is financially accountable. Discretely presented component units include the Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority, the Wisconsin Health Care Liability Insurance Plan, the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority, and the Badger Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation. Blended component units, which are legally separate from the State, but are so intertwined with the State that they are, in substance, the same as the State, include the Wisconsin Public Broadcasting Foundation, Inc.

The State provides a full range of services that include education, health and social services, transportation, law, justice, public safety, recreation and resources development, public improvements and general administrative services. The costs associated with these services are presented within the financial statements in detail and summary form.

#### **Internal Controls**

The State's internal accounting controls provide reasonable assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposal and the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and that evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

#### **Budgetary Controls**

The State's biennial budget is prepared on a mixture of cash and modified accrual bases of accounting and represents departmental appropriations based on agency requests reviewed by the Department of Administration and recommended by the Governor. The Governor's budget is submitted to the State Legislature for approval. Following debate, amendment and approval by the Senate and Assembly, the budget bill is returned to the Governor for his signature or veto in entirety or in part.

The State Constitution provides that no money shall be paid out of the Treasury except as appropriated by law. The Statutes require that the Secretary of Administration must approve all payments, and then forward such requests to the State Treasurer for signature. The Department of Administration exercises detail allotment control over all agency appropriations and approval authority over all encumbrances.

The budgetary basis of accounting required by State law differs materially from the basis used to report revenues and expenditures in accordance with GAAP. In addition, the State's biennial budget is developed according to the statutorily required fund structure that differs extensively from the fund structure used in the financial statements

#### **Debt Administration**

The State of Wisconsin Building Commission, an agency of the State, is empowered by law to consider, act upon, authorize, issue and sell all debt obligations of the State. Article VIII of the Wisconsin Constitution and Wis. Stat. Sec. 18.05 limits the amount of debt the State can contract in total and in any calendar year. In total, debt cannot exceed five percent of the value of all taxable property in the State. The amount of debt contracted in any calendar year is limited to the lesser of three-quarters of one percent of aggregate value of taxable property or five percent of aggregate value of taxable property less net

indebtedness at January 1. The total general obligation debt outstanding for the State as of June 30, 2003 was \$4.0 billion.

In addition, Chapter 18 of the Wisconsin Statutes authorizes the State to issue revenue obligations. These obligations, which are not debt of the State, are secured by a pledge of revenues or property derived from the operations of a program funded by the issuance of the obligations. Revenue bonds totaled \$1.9 billion outstanding at fiscal year-end.

#### **Cash Management**

The State of Wisconsin Investment Board is responsible for investing in cash resources of the State. On a daily basis, excess cash from all funds is pooled and invested through a variety of investment vehicles. Interest income earned on these investments is allocated to the various funds based on their average daily cash balances. The total amount of investments in the State Investment Fund at June 30, 2003 was \$5.5 billion

#### **Risk Management**

The State's risk management program, encompassing all State agencies, began in 1974 within the Department of Administration. Statutory responsibilities and authority include, but are not limited to:

- Protecting the State's assets from catastrophic loss;
- Emphasizing loss reduction;
- Identifying and evaluating exposures to loss;
- Recommending changes in procedures and programs to eliminate or reduce existing exposures;
- Arranging appropriate insurance for the transfer of risk of loss; and
- Approving all insurance purchases.

Currently, the State is essentially self-insured, through its risk management program, against major losses to which it is exposed. The Risk Management Fund, an internal service fund, services most claims for risk of loss, including damage to State owned property, liability for property damages and injuries to third parties, and worker's compensation. Additional disclosures on the State's risk management activities are provided in Note 17.

#### **Pension Trust Funds**

The Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS), consisting of the fixed retirement investment trust, the variable retirement investment trust, and the police and firefighters trust is administered by the Department of Employee Trust Funds. The WRS provides coverage to all eligible employees of the State of Wisconsin and other participating local units of government.

The most current actuarial valuations of the pension plan indicated that the WRS was funded at 97.1 percent of liabilities for the 525,298 participants of the WRS. The State's contribution represents 30.0 percent of total contributions required of all participating entities.

#### ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

In calendar year 2002, the Wisconsin economy mirrored the slow national recovery.

After averaging 2 percent growth annually from 1991 to 2000, Wisconsin's employment declined in 2001 and 2002. Non-farm employment declined -0.7 percent in 2001 and -1.2 percent in 2002. Nationally, employment was flat in 2001 and declined -1.1 percent in 2002.

Personal income growth weakened with the employment losses. The year's income growth averaged 3.4 percent in both 2001 and 2002 compared to 6.3 percent in 2000. Wisconsin's income growth fared somewhat better than national income growth in 2002, 3.4 percent versus 2.8 percent nationally. On a per capita basis, Wisconsin fared even better. Per capita income increased 2.5 percent in Wisconsin compared to 1.8 percent nationally.

Wisconsin's employment situation is stabilizing. By October, Wisconsin non-farm employment was 0.2 percent ahead of a year ago. Nationally, employment was down -0.2 percent. Wisconsin's unemployment rate in October was 5.4 percent compared to 6.0 percent nationally.

Wisconsin's property values were insulated from the recession. Real property values increased significantly in 2002 and 2003. Total values increased 7.5 percent annually in both 2002 and 2003. Commercial, manufacturing and residential real estate all increased significantly in both years.

Despite the recession, Wisconsin has matched or exceeded the nation's economic performance in recent years.

- Wisconsin's unemployment rate remains well below the national rate.
- Since the 2000 census, the state's population growth has been the second highest for Midwest states as people relocate to Wisconsin.
- At 91.6 percent of population, Wisconsin has the second highest health insurance coverage rate in the country.
- Wisconsin has the eleventh lowest poverty rate.
- Wisconsin's median household income of \$46,352 is the fourteenth highest in the country, 7.7 percent above the national average.

Looking ahead, Wisconsin's recovery should match the national recovery. With the stemming of losses in manufacturing, the expansion in services, finance and utilities should increase total nonfarm employment by 0.1 percent in 2003 and by 1.2 percent in 2004. Nationally, nonfarm employment should decrease -0.3 percent in 2003 and increase by 1.1 percent in 2004.

The expansion of employment should strengthen Wisconsin's personal income growth. Total personal income should grow by 3.5 percent in 2003 and by 5.0 percent in 2004. This is comparable to national growth of 3.2 percent in 2003 and 5.2 percent in 2004.

#### **MAJOR INITIATIVES**

**Economic Development.** In 2003, the State continued its efforts to expand existing businesses, attract new companies to Wisconsin and provide venture capital to small, high-growth Wisconsin-based firms. Major tools used in these efforts are the Wisconsin Development Fund, the development zone programs and the Certified Capital Companies program (CAPCO). The State awarded \$9.57 million during Fiscal

Year 2003 from the Wisconsin Development Fund, primarily through the major economic development program, customized labor training grants and technology development grants and loans. The Wisconsin Development Fund also provided 333 entrepreneurial training grants to assist in small business development. To date, \$214 million of a total \$275 million in tax credits have been awarded under the Community and Enterprise Development Zone programs, resulting in almost 50,000 jobs created or retained and leveraging \$2.43 billion in private investment. Twelve high-technology firms eligible for \$1.7 million in tax credits were certified under the newest program, the Technology Development Zone program. Since its establishment in 1999, three CAPCOs have invested almost \$20 million in 14 Wisconsin companies.

The State also offers a variety of programs that target minority business development and community-based economic development. Additional economic development funding was provided in Fiscal Year 2003, through the use of Native American gaming compact revenue for grants and loans to Native American and other businesses affected by gaming operations. Also, \$500,000 was made available for the Tech Star initiative, which awards grants to academic institutions in southeastern Wisconsin for research on emerging technologies promoting industrial and economic development. State investment in Tech Star and the Technology Development Zones illustrates Wisconsin's continued commitment to help startup businesses, especially in areas of information technology and biotechnology.

In addition, the State continues to offer residents and visitors many opportunities to enjoy Wisconsin's abundant natural, historical and cultural resources. In Fiscal Year 2003, the State expended over \$9.2 million to market Wisconsin as a national and international tourism destination, assisting a tourism industry that pumped over \$11.7 billion into Wisconsin's economy (a 120 percent increase since 1993) and directly or indirectly supports approximately 323,700 jobs.

**Transportation.** The State continued to make significant investments in transportation infrastructure through expansion in highway capacity and reconstruction of existing highways and bridges. In 2003, almost 844 miles of State Trunk Highway (STH) and local highways were improved and 422 deficient state and local bridges were rehabilitated or replaced. Also, in 2003 the State contributed \$31 million to continue preliminary work on the southeast Wisconsin freeway reconstruction project. In all, more than \$630 million in construction projects on STH and local road systems was contracted through the Wisconsin Department of Transportation.

Wisconsin also distributes State transportation user fee revenues to local governments for transportation infrastructure improvements and transit operating assistance. In Fiscal Year 2003, \$533 million was transferred to local governments for these purposes.

**Environment.** Wisconsin's Warren Knowles-Gaylord Nelson Stewardship Program and its successor, the Warren Knowles-Gaylord Nelson Stewardship 2000 Program, underscore the State's role as a national leader in environmental preservation and enhancement. The original Stewardship Program committed \$250 million through the sale of general obligation bonds and the use of federal grant monies for various resource development and land protection activities, including acquisition of State park lands, protection of urban rivers and assistance to local parks. The Stewardship 2000 Program commits \$572 million over 10 years through the sale of general obligation bonds to continue the State's efforts to protect and enhance Wisconsin's abundant natural resources. Expenditures for environmental preservation and improvement of recreational opportunities under the Stewardship and Stewardship 2000 programs totaled \$31.4 million in Fiscal Year 2003.

In addition to land acquisition through the Stewardship programs, Wisconsin's efforts to protect and enhance its natural resources include partnerships with individual landowners. In November 2001, the State entered into an agreement with the U.S. Department of Agriculture for the authority to enroll up to 100,000 acres of Wisconsin farmland in the Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program. The federal government will provide up to \$200 million for the program, which will be matched by the State with up to \$40 million from the sale of general obligation bonds. Landowners participating in the program receive an up-front payment from the State and annual payments from the federal government to install and maintain riparian buffers, wetlands and other practices that reduce polluted runoff or, in certain areas, improve habitat for grassland birds. Landowners may receive a larger up-front payment if they transfer to the State an easement to permanently maintain the practices. Through Fiscal Year 2003, Wisconsin has enrolled over 600 participants and over 37,000 acres and has made payments of \$6,014,800. The federal government has paid landowners over \$2.9 million.

The first instance of chronic wasting disease in Wisconsin was discovered in February 2002, which led to the passage of 2001 Wisconsin Act 108. The act provided the Department of Natural Resources with \$4 million for broad-based testing and management of the disease. The department has mapped the State into various regions and has identified testing target areas in order to map the disease, stop its spread, and manage the deer herd to ensure successful deer hunts for generations to come. The 2003-05 biennial budget bill (2003 Wisconsin Act 33) provided the department with an additional \$3.1 million to support disease management efforts, including testing and disposal costs, public outreach efforts, law enforcement costs, and a radio telemetry study of deer movement in the chronic wasting disease management area.

Wisconsin's Environmental Improvement Fund program provides financial assistance to municipalities for the planning, design and construction of pollution abatement facilities – primarily for wastewater treatment. Most communities applying for assistance receive subsidized loans, although some are eligible for partial grants through a hardship component of the program. Funding is provided from a State-matched federal capitalization grant authorized through the Water Quality Act, and through State revenue and general obligation bonds. In Fiscal Year 2003, the Environmental Improvement Fund made awards to municipalities amounting to \$205.7 million, bringing the total amount of loans and grants awarded by the program to \$2.0 billion since its inception in 1991.

The Petroleum Environmental Cleanup Fund Award program (PECFA) assists owners of leaking petroleum storage tanks with environmental remediation costs and has provided \$1.292 billion for cleanups at 10,733 locations since 1988. Efforts continue to minimize claim payment backlogs and improve site closure methodologies while protecting the environment and public health.

In addition to the PECFA program, Wisconsin has made a strong effort to reclaim contaminated properties, or brownfields. In Fiscal Year 2003, the brownfields site assessment grant program provided \$1.7 million to 38 local governments to jump-start investigation and redevelopment of brownfield sites. After four rounds of applications, 157 grants totaling \$4.85 million have been awarded. Since June of 1998, the brownfields grant program has awarded \$29.97 million to 72 projects for the redevelopment of brownfields where clean up will have a significant economic as well as environmental impact. The completion of these projects will return 830 acres of abandoned or under-used environmentally contaminated sites to productive use, increase taxable property values by \$385 million and create 4,000 new jobs.

Wisconsin has historically been a national leader in recycling. Since its inception as one of the nation's first and foremost programs in support of community recycling, over \$324.25 million has been provided to municipalities to help defray the cost of operating effective recycling programs. In addition, the State has provided funds for innovative recycling and waste reduction projects, including \$1.9 million annually for

the Recycling Efficiency Incentive Grants program. The program rewards municipalities for efficiencies achieved through consolidation of and cooperative agreements between local recycling services.

**Human Resources**. The Family Care pilot continued in Fiscal Year 2003. Begun in Fiscal Year 2000, Family Care is Wisconsin's innovative redesign of the long-term care system for the elderly and disabled. In Fiscal Year 2003, Family Care's nine resource centers made nearly 9,000 referrals to individuals needing information and assistance related to long-term care services. Family Care's five care management organizations saw enrollment rise to 7,489, up from 6,966 at the end of Fiscal Year 2002.

In Fiscal Year 2003, the Department of Health and Family Services implemented SeniorCare, Wisconsin's new prescription drug assistance programs for the elderly. Applications were accepted beginning in July 2002. As of June 2003, 89,970 low-income seniors were enrolled in the program.

In Fiscal Year 2002, the Department of Health and Family Services facilitated over 1,100 adoptions of special needs children. The Special Needs Adoption Program finds adoptive homes for children with unique needs. These children may be sibling groups of 3 or more placed together, children age 10-18 or children with emotional, behavior and developmental disabilities.

Criminal penalty statutory changes went into effect in Fiscal Year 2003. These changes revise felony classifications to more accurately reflect the crime committed. The changes will improve the criminal justice system and help reduce incarceration costs because the additional classifications will provide better guidance for imposing penalties.

**Education**. State aids and tax credits applied to support 2002-2003 school year costs totaled \$5.3 billion. As part of this state aid commitment, funding for the SAGE program, which provides grants to school districts to lower class size in grades Kindergarten through 3, increased by 19 percent in Fiscal Year 2003, from \$75.9 million in Fiscal Year 2002 to \$95.0 million in Fiscal Year 2003. This allowed 548 individual schools in 231 school districts to lower class sizes in the 2001-2002 school year. Over 25 percent of Wisconsin's schools participate in the SAGE program.

As part of the 2001-2003 biennial budget, the Building Commission was granted authority for up to \$158.5 million in general fund supported borrowing for the University of Wisconsin—Madison's BioStar initiative. Over the next eight years, BioStar will provide \$317 million in state and private funds to build new research laboratories in the biological sciences that will keep the Madison campus at the forefront of biological research and education.

#### OTHER INFORMATION

#### **Independent Audit**

In compliance with Wis. Stat. Sec. 13.94 (1)(c), the State Legislative Audit Bureau has performed an examination of the State's basic financial statements. The examination was made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Their report is contained in the Financial Section which follows.

#### Award

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a "Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting" to the State of Wisconsin for its

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. This is the seventh year the State of Wisconsin has received this award. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA.

#### ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

We wish to express our appreciation to the many individuals whose dedicated efforts have made this report possible. The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the professionalism and dedication demonstrated by the financial managers and accountants of the State agencies and component units, along with staff within the State Controller's Office.

Sincerely,

Marc J. Marotta Secretary

Man J. Wartta

William J. Raftery, CPA State Controller

## Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

#### State of Wisconsin

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2002

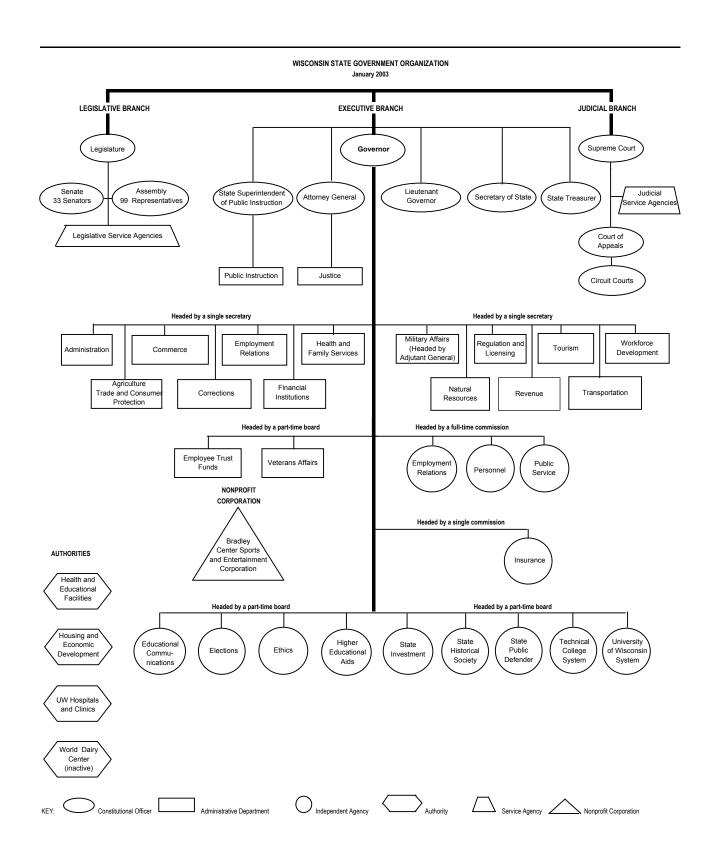
A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

AND OF THE STATES OF THE STATE

Edward Hanny President

**Executive Director** 

### **Organizational Chart**



11

### **Principal State Officials**

#### As of June 30, 2003:

#### **EXECUTIVE**

Jim Doyle Governor

Barbara Lawton *Lieutenant Governor* 

Douglas J. La Follette *Secretary of State* 

Jack C. Voight State Treasurer

Peggy A. Lautenschlager *Attorney General* 

Elizabeth Burmaster State Superintendent of Public Instruction

#### **LEGISLATIVE**

Alan J. Lasee President of the State Senate

John Gard Speaker of the Assembly

#### **JUDICIAL**

Shirley S. Abrahamson Chief Justice of the Supreme Court

## FINANCIAL SECTION

JANICE MUELLER STATE AUDITOR

22 E. MIFFLIN ST., STE. 500 MADISON, WISCONSIN 53703 (608) 266-2818 FAX (608) 267-0410 Leg.Audit.Info@legis.state.wi.us

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Members of the Legislature

The Honorable James Doyle, Governor

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of Wisconsin as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003, which collectively constitute the State's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the State of Wisconsin's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the following financial statements: the Wisconsin Department of Transportation Revenue Bond Program and Commercial Paper Program, which represent 12 percent of the liabilities of the governmental activities and 2 percent of the revenues of the aggregate remaining fund information; the Environmental Improvement Fund, which is a major fund and represents 17 percent of the assets and 18 percent of the liabilities of the business-type activities; or the College Savings Program Trust, which represents 1 percent of the assets of the aggregate remaining fund information. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as they relate to the amounts audited by others, are based solely upon their reports. In addition, we did not audit the financial statements of the discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors. Our opinion on the aggregate discretely presented component units is based solely upon the reports of the Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority, the Badger Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation, and the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. The financial statements of the Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority, which were audited by other auditors, were also audited in accordance with these standards. The financial statements of the other funds and component units that were audited by other auditors upon whose reports we are relying were audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, but not in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Auditing standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the reports of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements previously referred to present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of Wisconsin as of June 30, 2003, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note 18 C to the financial statements, the Patients Compensation Fund's projected ultimate loss liability is an estimate based on recommendations of a consulting actuary. The Patients Compensation Fund Board of Governors believes that the estimated loss liability is reasonable and adequate to cover the cost of claims incurred to date. However, uncertainties inherent in projecting the frequency and severity of large medical malpractice claims because of the Patients Compensation Fund's unlimited liability coverage, and extended reporting and settlement periods, make it likely that amounts paid will ultimately differ from the recorded estimated liabilities. These differences cannot be quantified.

Management's discussion and analysis, the infrastructure narrative, and the budgetary comparison schedule with related notes as listed in the table of contents are not required parts of the basic financial statements of the State of Wisconsin but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively constitute the State's basic financial statements. The combining statements and schedules in the supplementary information section as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the State of Wisconsin. The combining statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, are fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section and the statistical section listed in the table of contents have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied within the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have prepared a report dated December 12, 2003, on our consideration of the State of Wisconsin's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. A more detailed version of that report will be included in the State's single audit report. The report on internal control and compliance is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this independent auditor's report in considering the results of our audit.

LEGISLATIVE AUDIT BUREAU

December 12, 2003

Janice Mueller State Auditor



#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The *Management's Discussion and Analysis* of the State of Wisconsin's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) presents a discussion and analysis of the State's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended June 30, 2003. It should be read in conjunction with the transmittal letter located at the front of this CAFR, and the State's financial statements, which follow this part of the CAFR.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS -- PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

Government-wide (Tables 2 and 3 on Pages 21 and 22)

- Net Assets. The assets of the State of Wisconsin exceeded its liabilities at the close of Fiscal Year 2003 by \$13.1 billion (reported as "net assets"). Of this amount, \$(4.5) billion was reported as "unrestricted net assets". A positive balance in unrestricted net assets would represent the amount available to be used to meet a government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- Changes in Net Assets. The State's total net assets decreased by \$.7 billion in Fiscal Year 2003. Net assets of
  governmental activities decreased by \$670.8 million or 8.8 percent, while net assets of the business-type activities showed
  a decrease of \$77.8 million or 1.2 percent.
- Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenses -- Governmental Activities. During Fiscal Year 2003, the State's total revenues for governmental activities of \$19.4 billion were \$408.0 million more than total expenses for governmental activities of \$19.0 billion. These expenses were \$6.8 billion more than the \$12.2 billion generated in taxes and other "general revenues" for governmental programs (before special items and transfers).

#### **Fund**

- Governmental Funds -- Fund Balances. As of the close of Fiscal Year 2003, the State's governmental funds reported
  combined ending fund balances of \$(1,303.3) million, a decrease of \$892.2 million in comparison with the prior year. Of
  this total amount, \$(2.8) billion represents the "unreserved fund balances".
- General Fund -- Fund Balance. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$(2.6) billion, or (16.3) percent of total General Fund expenditures.

#### **Long-term Debt**

The State's total long-term debt obligations (bonds and notes payable) increased by \$172.1 million during the current fiscal
year which represents the net difference between new issuances, and payments and refundings of outstanding debt. The
key factors contributing to this increase was the issuance during the fiscal year of \$415.2 million of general obligation
bonds and \$285.6 million of revenue bond obligations, and early redemptions and refundings of general obligation bonds.
Additional detail regarding these activities begins on Page 28.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The Financial Section of this CAFR consists of four parts: (1) management's discussion and analysis (this section), (2) basic financial statements, (3) additional required supplementary information, and (4) optional other supplementary information. Parts (2), (3), and (4) are briefly described on the following page:

#### **Basic Financial Statements**

The basic financial statements include two sets of statements that present different views of the State -- the **government-wide financial statements** and the **fund financial statements**. These financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detail.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The *government-wide financial statements* provide a broad view of the State's operations. The statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the State's financial status, which assists in assessing the State's financial condition at the end of the fiscal year. The government-wide financial statements include two statements:

- The statement of net assets presents all of the government's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two
  reported as "net assets". Over time, increases or decreases in the state's net assets are an indicator of whether its
  financial health is improving or weakening, respectively.
- The *statement of activities* presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the State's governmental activities and for different identifiable business-type activities of the State.

These government-wide financial statements are divided into three categories:

- Governmental Activities Most services generally associated with State government fall into this category, including commerce, education, transportation, environmental resources, human relations and resources, general executive, judicial and legislative.
- Business-Type Activities Those operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods and services are reported in this category.
- Discretely Presented Component Units These are operations for which the State has financial accountability but that
  have certain independent qualities as well. The State's discretely presented component units (all business-type activities)
  are:
  - Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority,
  - Wisconsin Health Care Liability Insurance Plan,
  - University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority, and
  - Badger Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation.

Complete financial statements of the individual component units can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. Addresses and other additional information about the State's component units are presented in Note 1-B to the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the methods used by most businesses, takes into account all revenues and expenses connected with the fiscal year even if cash involved has not been received or paid.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The *fund financial statements* focus on individual parts of the State government, reporting the State's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. The basic fund financial statements provide more detailed information of the State's most significant funds.

The State has three kinds of fund categories. It is important to note that these fund categories use different accounting approaches and should be interpreted differently.

Governmental Funds – Most of the basic services provided by the State are financed through governmental funds.
 Governmental funds report information using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. These statements provide a detailed short-term view of the State's finances that assists in

determining whether there will be adequate financial resources available to meet the current needs of the State. Because this information does not encompass the long-term focus of the government-wide statements, reconciliations are provided on the subsequent page of the governmental fund statements. The State has three major governmental funds -- the General Fund, the Transportation Fund, and the Tobacco Settlement Endowment Fund. Examples of non-major governmental funds include the Conservation Fund, the Bond Security and Redemption Fund, and the Capital Improvement Fund.

- Proprietary Funds These funds are used to show activities that operate more like those of commercial enterprises. Fees
  are charged for services provided, both to outside customers and to other units of the State. Proprietary funds, like the
  government-wide statements, use the accrual basis of accounting. The State has five major proprietary funds the
  Patients Compensation Fund, the Environmental Improvement Fund, the Veterans Mortgage Loan Repayment Fund, the
  University of Wisconsin System and the Unemployment Insurance Reserve Fund. Examples of the State's non-major
  proprietary funds include the Lottery and the Health Insurance Fund.
- Fiduciary Funds These funds are used to show assets held by the State as trustee or agent for others outside the State, such as the Wisconsin Retirement System and the Local Government Pooled Investment Fund. Similar to proprietary funds, these funds use the accrual basis of accounting. Because the State can not use these assets to finance its operations, fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements discussed above.

Table 1, below, shows how the required parts of this financial report are arranged and relate to one another.

		Table 1										
	Major Features of State of Wisconsin's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements											
	GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS		FUND STATEMENTS									
		Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds								
Scope Entire State government (except fiduciary funds) and the State's component units	The activities of the State that are not proprietary or fiduciary. Governmental activities are primarily financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Examples of governmental funds include:  • General  • Transportation  • Bond Security and Redemption  • Capital Improvement  • Common School	The activities the State operates similar to private business. Examples of proprietary funds include:  • Enterprise funds:  - Patients Compensation  - Environmental Improvement  - University of Wisconsin System  - Lottery  • Internal service funds:  - Technology Services  - Facilities Operations and Maintenance	Instances in which the State is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources. Examples of fiduciary funds include:  • Wisconsin Retirement System  • Local Government Pooled Investment  • Unclaimed Property  • College Savings Program Trust									
Required financial statements	<ul><li>Statement of net assets</li><li>Statement of activities</li></ul>	Balance sheet     Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances	Balance sheet     Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund equity     Statement of cash flows	Statement of fiduciary net assets     Statement of changes in fiduciary net assets								
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resource focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resource focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus								
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term								
Type of inflow-outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year     Expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid								

#### **Additional Required Supplementary Information**

In addition to this Management's Discussion and Analysis, which is required supplementary information, the basic financial statements are followed by a section of required supplemental information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. The required supplementary information includes (1) condition and maintenance data regarding the State's infrastructure, and (2) a budgetary comparison schedule of the General, Transportation and Tobacco Settlement Endowment funds, including reconciliations between the statutory and GAAP fund balances at fiscal year-end.

#### Other Supplementary Information

The Other Supplementary Information includes combining financial statements for nonmajor governmental funds, nonmajor proprietary funds, internal service funds and fiduciary funds, each of which are added together and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE STATE AS A WHOLE

Tables 2 and 3, below, present summary information of the State's net assets and changes in net assets.

#### **Net Assets**

As presented in Table 2, total assets of the State on June 30, 2003 were \$27.3 billion, while total liabilities were \$14.2 billion, resulting in combined net assets (government and business-type activities) of \$13.1 billion. The largest component of the State's total assets, \$13.9 billion or approximately 106.3 percent, reflects its investment in capital assets (i.e., land, buildings, equipment, infrastructure, and others), less any related debt outstanding that was needed to acquire or construct the assets. Approximately \$3.7 billion were restricted by external sources or the State Constitution, and were not available to finance the day-to-day operations of the State.

The unrestricted net assets, which, if positive, could be used at the State's discretion, showed a negative balance of \$(4.5) billion. Therefore, no funds were available for discretionary purposes. A contributing factor to the negative balance is that governments recognize a liability on the government-wide statement of net assets as soon as an obligation is incurred. While financing focuses on when a liability will be paid, accounting is primarily concerned with when a liability is incurred. Accordingly, the State recognizes long-term liabilities (such as general obligation debt, compensated absences, employer pension related debt, and future benefits and loss liabilities – listed In Note 10 to the financial statements) on the statement of net assets. In addition to the effect of reporting long-term liabilities when incurred, the General Fund's total deficit fund balance of \$(2.2) billion at year-end, as discussed on Page 25, also contributed to the deficit unrestricted net assets reported in the statement of net assets.

The State's general obligation bonds outstanding increased by \$415.2 million for Fiscal Year 2003. These bonds were issued primarily for the acquisition or improvement of land, water, property, highways, buildings, equipment or facilities for public purposes, to refund a portion of outstanding general obligation bonds, and to fund veterans housing loans. Outstanding revenue bonds, which are not considered general obligation debt of the State, were \$1.9 billion at June 30, 2003.

				Table 2 Net Assets (in millions)				
	Governmental Business-type Activities Activities			Total		Total Percentage Change		
		2003	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2002-2003
Current and Other Assets	\$	4,346.8 \$	5,176.4	\$ 6,475.1 \$	6,642.2	\$ 10,821.9 \$	11,818.5	(8.4) %
Capital Assets		13,313.6	12,785.2	3,130.5	3,017.1	16,444.1	15,802.3	4.1
Total Assets		17,660.4	17,961.5	9,605.7	9,659.3	27,266.0	27,620.8	(1.3)
Long-term Liabilities		5,407.1	5,074.5	2,830.8	2,845.5	8,237.9	7,920.0	4.0
Other Liabilities		5,305.5	5,268.4	629.4	590.6	5,935.0	5,859.1	1.3
Total Liabilities		10,712.6	10,342.9	3,460.2	3,436.1	14,172.8	13,779.0	2.9
Net Assets:								
Invested in Capital Assets								
Net of Related Debt		11,090.1	10,657.6	2,828.4	2,693.0	13,918.5	13,350.6	4.3
Restricted		657.6	551.0	3,012.9	3,038.8	3,670.4	3,589.8	2.2
Unrestricted (deficit)		(4,799.9)	(3,590.0)	304.2	491.3	(4,495.8)	(3,098.7)	45.1
Total Net Assets	\$	6,947.8 \$	7,618.6	\$ 6,145.4 \$	6,223.2	\$ 13,093.2 \$	13,841.8	(5.4)

#### **Changes in Net Assets**

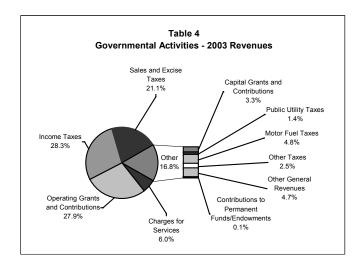
The revenues and expenses information, as shown in Table 3, was derived from the government-wide statement of activities and reflects how the State's net assets changed during the fiscal year. The State earned program revenues of \$12.1 billion and general revenues of \$12.2 billion for total revenues of \$24.3 billion during Fiscal Year 2003. Expenses for the State during Fiscal Year 2003 were \$25.1 billion. As a result of the excess of expenses over revenues, the total net assets of the State decreased \$.7 billion, net of contributions, transfers, and special items.

	Chang	es in Net Ass	ete							
	•		613							
(in millions)										
	Governm Activiti				Total Prii Governn	Total Percentage Change				
	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2002-2003			
Program Revenues:										
Charges for Goods and Services	\$ 1,162.8 \$	1,109.7 \$	4,391.6 \$	4,101.7 \$	5,554.5 \$	5,211.4	6.6			
Operating Grants and Contributions	5,425.7	4,933.8	497.3	297.1	5,923.0	5,230.9	13.2			
Capital Grants and Contributions	635.4	669.1	35.5	61.8	670.9	730.9	(8.2)			
General Revenues:										
Income Taxes	5,502.4	5,415.3	-	-	5,502.4	5,415.3	1.6			
Sales and Excise Taxes	4,102.4	4,048.7	-	-	4,102.4	4,048.7	1.3			
Public Utility Taxes	273.9	244.0	-	-	273.9	244.0	12.3			
Motor Fuel Taxes	924.5	892.2	-	-	924.5	892.2	3.6			
Other Taxes	483.6	443.4	-	-	483.6	443.4	9.1			
Other General Revenues	922.0	1,366.9	18.2	11.1	940.2	1,377.9	(31.8			
Total Revenues	19,432.7	19,123.1	4,942.6	4,471.6	24,375.3	23,594.8	3.3			
Program Expenses:										
Commerce	224.4	194.5			224.4	194.5	15.4			
	5,675.1		-	-			4.2			
Education	1,590.7	5,444.9 1,714.2	-	-	5,675.1 1,590.7	5,444.9 1,714.2				
Transportation Environmental Resources	475.0	532.0	-	-	475.0	532.0	(7.2 (10.7			
Human Relations and Resources	8.158.2	7.987.4	-	-	8.158.2	7.987.4	2.1			
General Executive	489.4	423.5	-	-	489.4	423.5	15.6			
Judicial	107.8	423.5 106.4	-	-	107.8	106.4	1.3			
	59.8	59.9	-	-	59.8	59.9				
Legislative Tax Relief and Other General Expenditures	1,951.7	1,919.9	-	-	1,951.7	1,919.8	(0.3 1.7			
Interest on Long-term Debt	1,951.7 292.6	297.0	-	-	292.6	297.0				
Patients Compensation	292.0	297.0	102.9	- 72.9	102.9	72.9	(1.5 41.1			
Environmental Improvement	-	-	42.6	72.9 42.5	42.6	42.5	0.2			
Veterans Mortgage Loan Repayment	-	-	47.3	53.9	47.3	53.9	(12.3			
University of Wisconsin System	-	-	3.075.5	2.935.2	3.075.5	2.935.2	4.8			
Unemployment Insurance Reserve	-	-	1,186.6	1,071.8	1,186.6	1,071.8	10.			
Lottery	-	-	418.9	407.5	418.9	407.5	2.5			
Health Insurance	-	-	762.0	407.5 655.8	762.0	407.5 655.8	16.3			
Other Business-type	-	-	486.3	482.0	486.3	482.0	0.9			
Total Expenses	19,024.7	18,679.7	6,122.0	5,721.6	25,146.8	24,401.3	3.			
•	. =, 3=	. =, = . •	-,	-,	,	,	3.			
Excess (deficiency) Before Special	400.0	440.4	(4.470.4)	(4.050.0)	(774.5)	(000.0)				
Items and Transfers	408.0	443.4	(1,179.4)	(1,250.0)	(771.5)	(806.6)	(4.4			
Contributions to Term and Permanent Endowments	-	-	2.1	6.5	2.1	6.5	(68.0			
Contributions to Permanent Funds/Endowments	20.8	19.0	-	-	20.8	19.0	9.			
Transfers	(1,099.6)	(1,060.1)	1,099.6	1,060.1	-	-				
Special Items	-	1,275.0	<u>-</u>	-	-	1,275.0	(100.			
Increase (decrease) in Net Assets	(670.8)	677.4	(77.8)	(183.4)	(748.6)	493.9	(251.			
Net Assets - Beginning (2003 Restated)	7,618.6	6,941.3	6,223.2	6,406.6	13,841.8	13,347.9	3.7			
Net Assets - Ending	\$ 6.947.8 \$	7,618.6 \$	6,145.4 \$	6,223.2 \$	13.093.2 \$	13.841.8	(5.4			

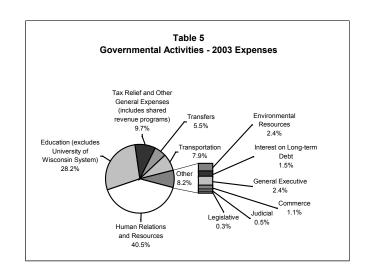
#### **Governmental Activities**

The net assets of governmental activities decreased \$.7 billion in Fiscal Year 2003. Revenues for the governmental activities (including Contributions to Permanent fund) totaled \$19.5 billion, while expenses and net transfers totaled \$20.1 billion in 2003.

As shown in Table 4, below, approximately 58.1 percent of revenues from all sources earned came from taxes (sales and use, income, public utility, motor fuel, and other taxes). Operating and capital grants and contributions, which represent amounts received from other governments/entities — primarily the federal government — provided 31.2 percent of total revenues. Charges for services contributed 6.0 percent, and various other revenues provided 4.7 percent of the remaining governmental activity revenue sources.

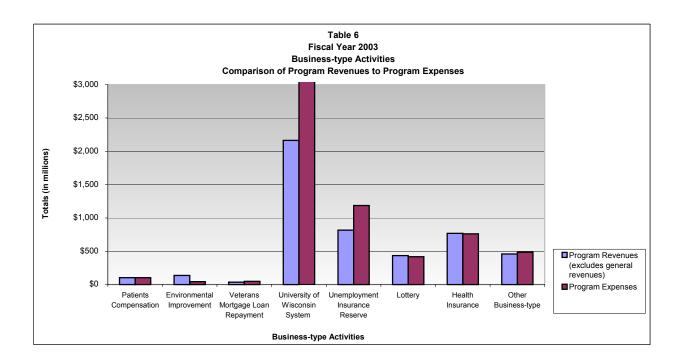


As shown in Table 5, below, expenses for Human Relations and Resources programs make up the largest portion – 40.5 percent – of total governmental expenses and transfers. Included in this function are various programs such as Medical Assistance, the prison system, and the temporary assistance to needy families "TANF" program. Educational expenses, which include various school aids but exclude expenses of the University of Wisconsin System, make up 28.2 percent. Tax Relief and Other General Expenses, which include the municipal and county shared revenue program, represent 9.7 percent of the total, while Transportation expenses represent 7.9 percent. Net transfers to business-type activities, which include a general purpose revenue "GPR" subsidy to the University of Wisconsin System for various programs, make up 5.5 percent of the total expenses/transfers. The interest on long-term debt and remaining functional expenses total 8.2 percent.



#### **Business-Type Activities**

Revenues of business-type activities totaled \$4.9 billion for Fiscal Year 2003. These activities generated program revenues of \$4.9 billion and general revenues of \$.02 billion. The program revenues consisted of \$4.4 billion of charges for services, \$.5 billion of operating grants and contributions, and \$.04 billion of capital grants and contributions. General revenues consisted solely of \$.02 billion of other general revenues. The total expenses for business-type activities were \$6.1 billion. Table 6, below, compares the program revenues and program expenses of the various State business-type activities.



#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE STATE'S INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

#### **Governmental Funds**

At the end of Fiscal Year 2003, the State's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$(1,303.3) million. Funds with significant changes in fund balance are discussed below:

#### **General Fund**

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the State. At June 30 2003, the State's General Fund reported a total fund balance of \$(2,242.5) million. The net change in fund balance during Fiscal Year 2003 was \$(758.7) million. While certain revenue sources increased over the previous fiscal year, the change in other factors, such as the increase in expenditures, outweighed the positive direction of revenues. Major revenue, expenditure and other sources/uses contributing to the change in fund balance are as follows:

#### Revenues

Revenues of the General Fund totaled \$16,695.8 million in Fiscal Year 2003, an increase of \$247.1 million from Fiscal Year 2002. Factors contributing to the increase included the following:

- Revenues from taxes increased \$168.9 million from Fiscal Year 2002 to Fiscal Year 2003. The most significant
  increase related to individual income tax withholdings, which increased \$158.9 million or 3 percent. This increase
  was due to the growth in wages in the State during that period.
- Intergovernmental revenues (e.g., federal assistance) increased \$494.1 million in Fiscal Year 2003, primarily due to an increase in expenditures that were eligible for Federal reimbursement. These items included an increase in benefits paid related to Medical Assistance and the Waiver Program.
- Intergovernmental transfers decreased \$371.3 million during Fiscal Year 2003. This change was due primarily to a
  decrease in the supplementary nursing home Medical Assistance payments that could be made under federal law
  with funds received through intergovernmental transfers (IGT) from certain counties.
- Other revenues, such as charges for goods and services, and gifts and grants decreased \$44.6 million.

#### Expenditures

Expenditures of the General Fund totaled \$16,195.9 million in Fiscal Year 2003, an increase of \$314.1 million from Fiscal Year 2002. The factors contributing to the increase included the following:

- An increase in education expenditures of \$248.3 million primarily resulted from a 3.41 percent increase to the general equalization assistance provided to the State's 426 school districts.
- Other functional expenditures increased \$65.9 million.

#### Other Financing Sources and Uses

Other financing sources/uses and increases/decreases totaled a net \$(1,258.6) million in Fiscal Year 2003, a change of \$(492.7) from the prior year. The components of this change included the following:

• In Fiscal Year 2003, the State transferred to the General Fund \$287.1 million from the Tobacco Settlement Endowment Fund. This amount represents the remaining balance of the original proceeds that had been created from the sale of a portion of the State's right to the Attorneys General Master Settlement Agreement of 1998. A similar Transfer In during Fiscal Year 2002 totaled \$992.3 million.

- During this fiscal year, contributions initially intended to be paid to the accumulated unused sick leave credit program
  were instead transferred to the General Fund. The amount transferred from various funds to the General Fund
  totaled \$38.6 million.
- Transfers out of the General Fund totaled \$1,746.8 million, a decrease of \$146.3 million from the prior year. The largest decrease in transfers out related to transfers to the Medical Assistance Trust Fund.
- Other financing sources/uses and other increases/decreases resulted in a net increase of \$27.5 million from the prior fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2003, the General Fund reported \$(2,638.2) million in its "Unreserved" Fund Balance. This compares to a General Fund Unreserved Fund Balance of \$(1,877.3) million as of June 30, 2002. An unreserved fund balance represents the excess of the assets of the General Fund over its liabilities and reserved fund balance accounts. Reservations of fund balances of governmental funds represent amounts that are not available for appropriation. Examples of fund balance reservations reported in the General Fund include reserves for encumbrances, inventories and prepaid items.

Due to a shortfall of revenues beginning in prior fiscal years, the State has taken steps to reduce expenditures. However, this did not prevent the deficit in the General Fund from increasing \$758.2 million. As a result, the State may be required to make significant changes in future budgets, which may reduce expenditures to recognize revenue shortfalls or examine alternative funding strategies.

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget were significant (a \$2.6 billion increase in appropriations). This was due primarily to the fact that several of the State's largest programs (including Custody Accounts, Food Stamps and the majority of Interagency Aids – see the Items \*, below) are not included in the original budget. In addition, numerous adjustments to spending estimates were needed as the year progressed because of changing circumstances (spending needs can change dramatically over a one-year period). The largest variances incurred in the following programs (in millions):

Program	Va	ariance
General Equalization Aids	\$	(54.9)
Federal Educational Aids; Local Aid		100.4
JW System General Program Operations – Comprehensive Universities		51.0
JW System Academic Student Fees		80.2
UW System Federal Aid – Special Projects		87.3
Department of Health and Family Services Interagency Aids		599.6 *
Federal Aid, Medical Assistance		181.9
Department of Workforce Development Interagency and Intra-agency Aids		56.0 *
Food Stamps, Electronic Benefit Transfer		226.6 *
Department of Administration Federal Aid; Local Assistance		93.2
Custody Accounts		598.6 *

Actual charges to appropriations (expenditures) were \$1.3 billion below the final budgeted estimates. The most significant positive variance occurred in UW System Federal Aid – Special Projects (\$57.5 million).

During the past fiscal year the budgetary-based fund balance decreased for the General Fund, primarily due to increases in ongoing entitlement programs and a shortfall in tax revenues of \$23.8 million. The decline in the General Fund balance was indicative of the general downturn in economic conditions nation-wide.

#### **Tobacco Settlement Endowment Fund**

The Tobacco Settlement Endowment Fund accounts for all of the proceeds from the sale of the State's right to receive payments under the Attorneys General Master Tobacco Settlement of 1998 and all investment earnings on the proceeds. The fund generated by the proceeds totaled \$3.4 million in interest earnings for Fiscal Year 2003. A transfer out of the Tobacco Settlement Endowment Fund to the General Fund, totaling \$287.1 million in Fiscal Year 2003, represents the Tobacco Settlement Endowment Fund portion to be applied to the municipal and county shared revenue program payment.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The State's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements but in more detail. Significant changes to balances of proprietary funds from Fiscal Year 2002 to Fiscal Year 2003 include the following:

- Due to the increasing unemployment and extended benefits payments in the State, the Unemployment Insurance Reserve benefit expenses increased from \$1,071.7 million in Fiscal Year 2002 to \$1,186.6 million in Fiscal Year 2003.
- In Fiscal Year 2003, the Health Insurance Fund's revenues increased to \$769.2 million and expenses increased to \$762.0 million, reflecting a \$97.7 million and \$106.2 million increase, respectively, due to the rising cost of health insurance premiums paid to health insurance providers.
- Due to a decline in new mortgage loans and an increase in mortgage prepayments, the Veterans Mortgage Loan Repayment Fund's mortgage loans receivable has declined \$238.8 million or 39.0 percent and its cash balance has increased \$106.0 million or approximately 73 percent over the previous fiscal year.
- In Fiscal Year 2003, the University of Wisconsin System's Tuition and Fees revenue increased \$63.0 million or approximately 12.3 percent and its Federal Grants and Contracts revenue increased \$144.3 million or approximately 29.8 percent.

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

Significant changes to balances of fiduciary funds from Fiscal Year 2002 to Fiscal Year 2003 include the following:

- At June 30, 2003, assets held in trust for pension and other employee benefits totaled \$56.2 billion, which represents a \$233.4 million increase (0.42 percent) from June 30, 2002. This change reflects an increase in investments of the pension and other employee benefit trusts of \$1.3 billion or 2.3 percent from the previous year.
- Net assets of the College Savings Program Trust Fund, a private purpose fund, increased from \$440.5 million as of June 30, 2002, to \$856.5 million as of June 30, 2003.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

#### **Capital Assets**

At the close of Fiscal Year 2003, the State had \$16.4 billion invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation of \$2.6 billion. This represents an increase of \$694.5 million, or 4.4 percent, from Fiscal Year 2002. Depreciation charges totaled \$97.8 million and \$130.8 million for governmental and business-type activities, respectively, in Fiscal Year 2003. The details of these assets are presented in Table 7, below. Additional information about the State's capital assets is presented in Note 7 to the financial statements.

Table 7	
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation, as of June 30	
(in millions)	

	Governmental Activities			<b>Business Type</b>				Total			
_					Activities				Primary Government		
_	2003		2002		2003		2002		2003		2002
Land and Land Improvements \$	1,268	\$	1,149	\$	114	\$	109	\$	1,382	\$	1,258
Buildings and Improvements	1,277		1,203		1,804		1,673		3,081		2,876
Library Holdings	75		74		987		968		1,061		1,041
Machinery and Equipment	243		212		198		192		440		404
Infrastructure	9,352		9,206		-		-		9,352		9,206
Construction in Progress	1,098		955		29		10		1,127		965
Totals	13,314	\$	12,798	\$	3,131	\$	2,952	\$	16,444	\$	15,750

The major capital asset additions completed during Fiscal Year 2003 included the New Lisbon Correctional Institution (\$37.9 million expended), the University of Wisconsin-Madison Engineering Centers (\$22.7 million expended), and the University of Wisconsin-Madison Chemistry Building Addition (\$19.1 million expended). In addition to these completed projects, construction in progress as of June 30, 2003 for governmental and business-type activities totaled \$1,098.5 million and \$158.2 million, respectively. (For business-type activities, \$129.2 million of construction in progress for the University of Wisconsin System is reported within various other categories of capital assets.) A list of construction in progress projects is provided in Note 7. The State's proposed major capital projects for Fiscal Year 2004 include the Cogeneration Plant – University of Wisconsin-Madison (estimated budget of \$90.0 million).

#### **Debt Administration**

The State of Wisconsin Building Commission, an agency of the State, is empowered by law to consider, act upon, authorize, issue and sell all debt obligations of the State. The total general obligation debt outstanding for the State as of June 30, 2003 was \$4.0 billion, as shown in Table 8.

During Fiscal Year 2003, \$415.2 million of these general obligation bonds were issued to provide for the acquisition or improvement of land, water, property, highways, buildings, equipment, or facilities for public purposes and refund current outstanding bonds.

Chapter 18 of the Wisconsin Statutes authorizes the State to issue revenue obligations. These obligations, which are not general obligation debt of the State, are secured by a pledge of revenues or property derived from the operations of a program funded by the issuance of the obligations. Revenue bonds of the primary government totaled \$1.9 billion outstanding at June 30, 2003, as shown in Table 8. These bonds included \$1,137.5 million of Transportation Revenue Bonds, \$188.1 million of Petroleum Inspection Revenue Bonds, and \$623.4 million of Environmental Improvement Revenue Bonds.

	Outstand	Tab ding Debt as of (in mil	June 30, 2003 a	nd 2002		
	Govern Activ			ess-Type ivities	Tot	tal
	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002
General obligation bonds and notes	\$ 3,090.9	\$ 2,963.4	\$ 913.5	\$ 993.3	\$ 4,004.4	\$ 3,956.7
Revenue bonds and notes  Totals	1,325.6 \$ 4,416.5	1,165.1 \$ 4,128.5	\$ 1,536.9	659.5 \$ 1,652.8	1,949.0 \$ 5,953.4	1,824.6 \$ 5,781.3

Article VIII of the Wisconsin Constitution and Wis. Stat. Sec. 18.05 limits the amount of general obligation bond debt the State can contract in total and in any calendar year. In total, debt cannot exceed five percent of the value of all taxable property in the State. The amount of debt contracted in any calendar year is limited to the lesser of three-quarters of one percent of aggregate value of taxable property or five percent of aggregate value of taxable property less net indebtedness at January 1.

At June 30, 2003, State of Wisconsin fixed bonds had a rating of Aa3 from Moody's Investors Services, AA- from Standard and Poor's Corporation, and AA from Fitch Investors Service, L.P. Variable bonds had a rating of P-1 from Moody's, A-1 from Standard and Poor's Corporation, and F-1 from Fitch Investors Services, L.P.

Detailed information about the State's long-term debt activity is presented in Note 11 to the financial statements.

#### **INFRASTRUCTURE -- MODIFIED APPROACH**

The State reports infrastructure (i.e., roads, bridges, and buildings considered an ancillary part of roads) as capital assets. The State has elected to report its infrastructure assets (11,200 centerline miles of roads and 4,900 bridges with a combined value of \$9.4 billion), using the modified approach. Under this method, infrastructure assets are not required to be depreciated if the State manages its eligible infrastructure assets using an asset management system designed to maintain and preserve these assets at a condition level established and disclosed by the State.

All infrastructure assets constructed prior to July 1, 2000 have been recorded at estimated historical cost. Historical cost was determined by calculating current costs of a similar asset and deflating that cost, using a price-index, to the estimated average construction date. Infrastructure costs, which exclude right of way, are expressed in 2000 dollars and deflated back to the average construction date using the Federal Highway Administration's composite index for federal-aid highway construction.

In order to adequately serve the traveling public and support the State economy, it is the State's policy to ensure at least 85 percent of the state-owned roads and bridges are in good or fair condition. As of June 30, 2003, 95.7 percent of the roads and 93.8 percent of bridges were in good or fair condition, consistent with State policies.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, actual maintenance and preservation costs for the State's road network were \$336.7 million, or \$84.2 million less than the estimated amount. On that same date, actual maintenance and preservation costs for the State's bridge network were \$45.7 million, or \$0.7 million less than the estimated amount. In developing estimated costs at the beginning of the fiscal year it is difficult to predict the types of projects that will actually incur costs during the year. Actual maintenance and preservation costs for the road network reflect an unanticipated shift from maintenance/preservation projects to capital construction projects during the Fiscal Year 2003. In addition, the State of Wisconsin, Department of Transportation's multi-year budgeting process, allowing encumbrances to carry forward, makes a comparison of actual to estimated amounts difficult since expenditures for the current year may have been budgeted and committed to a project in prior years.

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS**

In 2002 and 2003, the Wisconsin economy reflected the slow national recovery. After averaging 2 percent growth annually from 1991 to 2000, Wisconsin's employment declined (1.2) percent in 2002. Employment recovered in early 2002 and then began a second decline in 2002 that continued though mid-2003. Expansion again took hold in April. By October 2003, employment increased 0.2 percent over the prior year. Unemployment averaged 5.5 percent of the labor force in both 2002 and 2003. However, unemployment was on the rise at the end of 2002 and on the decline in 2003. Job gains in business services and health care are offsetting losses in manufacturing and construction.

Personal income growth weakened with the employment losses. Personal income growth slowed throughout 2001. It steadily improved throughout 2002. Income growth averaged 3.2 percent in 2002. Wisconsin's income growth outpaced the US average, 2.5 percent, and the average for its region, 2.4 percent. Through the first half of 2003, income growth is still averaging 3.2 percent and remains ahead of the rest of the region and the U.S. as a whole.

Wisconsin's property values have been insulated from the recession. Real property values increased significantly in 2002. Total values increased 7.5 percent in 2002. Commercial, manufacturing, residential and forest real estate all increased significantly. In 2002, new construction added \$8.7 billion to real property values in Wisconsin up from \$7.5 billion in 2001.

Inflation in Wisconsin has been modest. As measured by the Milwaukee-Racine CSA consumer price index, inflation in 2002 dropped to 1.3 percent from a year earlier. In the first half of 2003, inflation has increased to 3.0 percent.

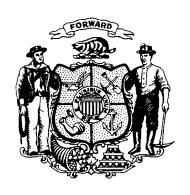
#### **CONTACTING THE STATE'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT**

This financial report is designed to provide Wisconsin's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the State's finances and to demonstrate the State's accountability for the money it receives. Questions about this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to: State of Wisconsin, State Controller's Office, 101 E. Wilson Street, 5th Floor, Madison, WI 53707.

The State's component units issue their own separately issued audited financial statements. These statements may be obtained by directly contacting the component unit. You may contact the individual component units through their administrative offices identified in Note 1-B.

\* \* \* \*

### **Basic Financial Statements**



## Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2003

(In Thousands)

_		Primary Government		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Totals	Component Units
Assets			_	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,402,063 \$	2,692,035 \$	4,094,098	\$ 198,900
Investments	152,290	1,326,563	1,478,853	478,449
Receivables (net)	2,362,964	2,200,837	4,563,801	1,852,294
Internal Balances	6,619	(6,619)	-	-,,
Inventories	46,488	37,310	83,798	6,485
Prepaid Items	349,491	116,458	465,949	2,848
Capital Leases Receivable -	2.2,22	,	,	_,-,-
Component Units	-	22,927	22,927	_
Restricted and Limited Use Assets:		,	,	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	64,135	64,135	97,374
Investments	-	= -		642,484
Other Receivables	-	<del>-</del>	_	90
Deferred Charges	26,182	13,300	39,482	28,034
Capital Assets:	-,	-,		-,
Depreciable	1,420,315	2,003,958	3,424,273	224,023
Nondepreciable:	, -,-	, ,	-, , -	,
Infrastructure	9,352,302	-	9,352,302	_
Other	2,540,944	1,126,561	3,667,505	25,829
Other Assets	694	8,198	8,892	9,965
Total Assets	17,660,352	9,605,663	27,266,015	3,566,775
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable and Other				
Accrued Liabilities	1,630,876	369,724	2,000,600	128,873
Due to Other Governments	1,643,165	27,521	1,670,686	1,556
Tax Refunds Payable	1,013,459	-	1,013,459	-
Tax and Other Deposits	30,873	15,549	46,422	101,889
Deferred Revenue	349,712	189,148	538,860	1,100
Interest Payable	62,680	11,544	74,224	75,369
Short-term Notes Payable	574,769	15,932	590,701	-
Long-term Liabilities:				
Current Portion	402,087	366,615	768,702	87,593
Noncurrent Portion	5,004,974	2,464,212	7,469,187	3,803,764
Total Liabilities	10,712,594	3,460,247	14,172,841	4,200,144
Net Assets				
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Deb Restricted for:	ot 11,090,111	2,828,388	13,918,499	85,005
Transportation Programs	66,744	_	66,744	_
Debt Service	25,991	-	25,991	-
Unemployment Compensation	25,991	1,217,032	1,217,032	
Environmental Improvement		953,656	953,656	_
Permanent Trusts:	_	333,030	333,030	_
Expendable	9,414	181,388	190,802	3,704
Nonexpendable	546,925	99,079	646,004	815
Other Purposes	8,504	561,705	570,208	381,702
Unrestricted	(4,799,930)	304,167	(4,495,763)	(1,104,594)
Total Net Assets	\$ 6,947,758 \$	6,145,416 \$	13,093,174	\$ (633,369)
	, σ,σ,.σο φ	-,σ,σ ψ	,	, (555,550)

### Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

(In Thousands)

				F	Program Revenues	;	
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions
Primary Government:							
Governmental Activities:							
Commerce	\$	224,377	\$ 148,083	\$	35,549	\$	-
Education		5,675,138	22,332		614,241		-
Transportation		1,590,710	436,929		93,974		627,000
Environmental Resources		474,969	177,462		61,896		1,022
Human Relations and Resources		8,158,215	130,524		4,329,717		7,380
General Executive		489,442	191,304		234,556		-
Judicial		107,835	46,377		631		-
Legislative		59,758	1,419		-		-
Tax Relief and Other General Expenses		843,757	5,940		55,161		-
Intergovernmental		1,107,958	-		-		-
Interest on Debt		292,579	2,458		-		-
Total Governmental Activities		19,024,739	1,162,827		5,425,725		635,402
Business-type Activities:							
Patients Compensation		102,878	104.221		_		_
Environmental Improvement		42,560	34,818		103,116		_
Veterans Mortgage Loan Repayment		47,280	35,541		-		_
University of Wisconsin System		3,075,475	1,940,491		191,277		33,443
Unemployment Insurance Reserve		1,186,584	614,932		202,466		-
Lotterv		418.944	435,133				_
Health Insurance		761,995	769,210		_		_
Other Business-type		486,321	457,283		397		2,071
Total Business-type Activities		6,122,037	4,391,628		497,258		35,514
Total Primary Government	\$	25,146,777	\$ 5,554,455	\$	5,922,983	\$	670,916
Component Units:							
Housing and Economic Development Authority		271,786	133,591		129,210		-
Health Care Liability Insurance Plan		13,456	10,585		-		-
University Hospitals and Clinics Authority		533,513	547,792		449		656
Badger Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation	1	98,437	56,507				
Total Component Units	\$	917,192	\$ 748,475	\$	129,659	\$	656

General Revenues:

Dedicated for General Purposes:

Income Taxes

Sales and Excise Taxes

Public Utility Taxes

Other Taxes

Motor Fuel/Other Taxes Dedicated for Transportation

Other Dedicated Taxes

Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs

Interest and Investment Earnings

Miscellaneous

Contributions to Term and Permanent Endowments

Contributions to Permanent Fund Principal

Transfers

Total General Revenues, Contributions, Special and Extraordinary Items, and Transfers

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets - Beginning

Net Assets - Ending

Primary Governmental   Business-Type   Activities   Business-Type   Activities   Total   Component Units				Net (Expense) Rev Changes in Net		
Section			Assets			
\$ (40,745) \$ - \$ (40,745) \$ (5,038,565) \$ - \$ (5,038,565) \$ (432,807) \$ - \$ (5,038,565) \$ (432,807) \$ - \$ (432,807) \$ (234,589) \$ - \$ (35,680,584) \$ (63,582) \$ (60,828) \$ - \$ (60,828) \$ (63,582) \$ (60,828) \$ - \$ (60,828) \$ (77,633) \$ (782,686) \$ (7,782,686) \$ - \$ (782,686) \$ (7,783) \$ (7,833) \$ (7,838,686) \$ (7,783) \$ (7,838,686) \$ (7,786) \$ (7,8869) \$ (7,786) \$ (7,786) \$ (7,786) \$ (7,786) \$ (7,786) \$ (7,8869) \$ (7,786) \$ (7,786) \$ (7,8869) \$ (7,786) \$ (7,786) \$ (7,8869) \$ (7,786) \$ (7,786) \$ (7,8869) \$ (7,786) \$ (7,786) \$ (7,8869) \$ (7,786) \$ (7,8869) \$ (7,786) \$ (7,786) \$ (7,8869) \$ (7,786) \$ (7,786) \$ (7,8869) \$ (7,786) \$ (7,8869) \$ (7,786) \$ (7,8869) \$ (7,8869) \$ (7,786) \$ (7,8869) \$ (7,8869) \$ (7,8869) \$ (7,8869	Component		-			
(5,038,565) - (5,038,565) (432,807) (234,899) - (432,807) (234,899) - (36,809,594) (36,809,594) (63,582) - (60,828) (60,828) (60,828) (58,339) - (58,339) (782,866) (1,107,958) (290,122) - (290,122) (11,800,786) (1			Total			
(5,038,565) - (5,038,565) (432,807) (234,899) - (432,807) (234,899) - (36,809,594) (36,809,594) (63,582) - (60,828) (60,828) (60,828) (58,339) - (58,339) (782,866) (1,107,958) (290,122) - (290,122) (11,800,786) (1						
(5,038,565) - (5,038,565) (432,807) (234,899) - (432,807) (234,899) - (36,809,594) (36,809,594) (63,582) - (60,828) (60,828) (60,828) (58,339) - (58,339) (782,866) (1,107,958) (290,122) - (290,122) (11,800,786) (1						
(432,807)				- \$		\$
(234,889) - (234,889) (3,690,994) - (3,690,994) (63,582) - (60,828) (60,828) - (60,828) (58,339) - (58,339) (782,656) - (782,656) (1,107,958) - (1,107,958) (290,122) - (290,122) (11,800,786) - (11,800,786)  - 1,343 - 95,374 95,374 - (910,264) (910,264) - (389,186) - (389,186) - (11,740) - (910,264) (910,264) - (389,189) 16,189 - 7,215 7,215 - (25,570) (26,570) - (1,197,637) (1,197,637) (11,800,786) (1,197,637) (1,197,637) (11,800,786) (1,197,637) (1,197,637)  (11,800,786) (1,197,637) (1,298,423)  \$ (8,985 2,2872 2,2873,692 - 273,693 - 277,634 - 277,634 - 277,634 - 277,634 - 277,634 - 277,6				-		
(3,690,594) (- (3,690,594) (63,582) (63,582) (60,628) (60,628) (58,339) (782,656) (782,656) (1,107,958) (290,122) (290,122) (290,122) (11,800,786) (11,800,786) (11,740) (11,7				-		
(63,582) - (63,582) (60,828) (56,339) - (65,839) (782,656) - (782,656) (1,107,958) - (1,107,958) (290,122) - (290,122) (11,800,786) - (11,800,786)  - 1,343 - (95,374) - (1,1740) - (910,264) (910,264) - (369,186) (369,186) - (369,186) (369,186) - (1,180,786) - (2,157) - (26,570) (26,570) - (1,197,637) (1,197,637) (11,800,786) (1,197,637) (1,197,637) (11,800,786) (1,197,637) (1,2998,423)  - 5,502,423 - (5,502,423) - (2,872,423) - (1,197,637) (1,197,637) (11,800,786) (1,197,637) (1,2998,423)  - 5,502,423 - (1,197,637) (1,197,637) (1,1800,786) (1,197,637) (1,197,637) (1,1800,786) (1,197,637) (1,197,637) (1,190,686) - (1,197,637) (1,197,637) - (1,197,637) (1,197,637) (1,197,637) (1,190,786) (1,197,637) (1,197,637) (1,190,786) (1,197,637) (1,197,637) (1,190,686) - (1,197,637) (1,197,637) - (1,190,686) - (1,19				-		
(60,828) - (66,339) (782,656) - (782,656) (1,107,958) (290,122) - (290,122) (11,800,786) (11,800,786)  - 1,343 1,343 - 95,374 - (11,740) (11,740) - (11,740) (11,740) - (910,264) (910,264) - (368,186) (369,186) - 16,189 16,189 - 7,215 7,215 - (26,570) (26,570) - (1,197,637) (1,197,637) (11,800,786) (1,197,637) (11,800,786) (1,197,637) (11,800,786) (1,197,637)  (11,800,786) (1,197,637) (1,197,637) (1,197,637)  (1,197,633) - (1,197,637) (1,197,634) (1,197,637) (1,197,634) (1,197,637) (1,197,636) (1,197,636) (1,197,636) (1,199,636)				-		
(58,339) - (58,339) (782,656) - (782,656) (1,107,958) - (1,107,958) (290,122) - (290,122) (11,800,766)  - 1,343				-		
(782,656) - (782,656) (1,107,958) - (1,107,958) (290,122) - (290,122)  (11,800,766) (11,800,766)  - 1,343 1,343 - 95,374 95,374 - (11,740) (11,740) - (910,264) (910,264) - (369,186) (309,186) - 16,189 16,199 - 7,215 7,215 - (26,570) (26,570) - (1,197,637) (1,197,637)  (11,800,786) (1,197,637) (12,998,423)  \$ (8,985 (2,872 15,384 14,102,350 - (2,872 15,384 14,193)  - 5,502,423 - 5,502,423 - (3,872 16,384 14,193)  - (36,985 16,985 16,989 16,99 16,989 16,99 16,989 16,99 16				_		
(1,107,958) (290,122) (290,122) (290,122) (11,800,786) (11,800,786) (11,800,786) (11,800,786) (11,800,786) (11,800,786) (11,800,786) (11,800,786) (11,740) (11,740) (11,740) (11,740) (11,740) (11,740) (11,740) (11,740) (11,740) (11,740) (11,740) (11,740) (11,740) (11,740) (11,740) (11,740) (11,740) (11,740) (11,740) (11,800,786) (11,889) (16,189) (16,189) (16,189) (16,189) (16,189) (16,189) (16,189) (11,197,637) (11,199,638) (11,192,638) (11,19				_		
(290,122)         -         (290,122)           (11,800,786)         (11,800,786)         (11,800,786)           -         1,343         1,343           -         95,374         95,374           -         (11,740)         (11,740)           -         (1910,264)         (810,264)           -         (369,186)         (369,186)           -         16,189         16,189           -         (26,570)         (26,570)           -         (1,197,637)         (1,197,637)           (11,800,786)         (1,197,637)         (1,197,637)           (11,800,786)         (1,197,637)         (1,199,8423)      \$  \$  \$  (8,985  (2,877  (26,570)  (1,197,637)  (1,197,637)  (1,197,637)  (1,197,637)  (1,197,637)  (1,197,637)  (1,197,637)  (1,199,842)  \$  \$  \$  (8,985  (9,785)  (1,199,842)  (1,199,84				_		
- 1,343 1,343				-	(290,122)	
- 95,374 - (11,740) (11,740) - (11,740) (11,740) - (910,264) (910,264) - (389,186) (368,186) - 16,189 (16,189) - 7,215 7,215 - (26,570) (26,570)  - (1,197,637) (1,197,637)  (11,800,786) (1,197,637) (12,998,423)  \$ (8,985 (2,872 15,384 41,102,350 - 273,892		= =	(11,800,786)		(11,800,786)	
- 95,374 - (11,740) (11,740) - (11,740) (11,740) - (910,264) (910,264) - (389,186) (368,186) - 16,189 (16,189) - 7,215 7,215 - (26,570) (26,570)  - (1,197,637) (1,197,637)  (11,800,786) (1,197,637) (12,998,423)  \$ (8,985 (2,872 15,384 41,102,350 - 273,892			1 3/13	1 3/13		
- (11,740) (11,740) - (910,264) (910,264) - (369,186) (369,186) - 16,189 16,189 - 7,215 7,215 - (26,570) (26,570) - (1,197,637) (1,197,637)  (11,800,786) (1,197,637) (12,998,423)  - (1,197,637) (12,998,423)  - (1,197,637) (12,998,423)  - (1,197,637) (12,998,423)  - (1,197,637) (12,998,423)  - (2,872) (2,872) (2,872) (3,840) (38,402)  - (1,102,350) - (1,102,350) - (1,102,350) - (1,102,350) (3,840					- -	
- (910,264) (910,264) (910,264) (910,264) (					-	
- 16,189					-	
- 7,215 7,215					-	
- (26,570) (26,570) - (1,197,637) (1,197,637) (11,800,786) (1,197,637) (12,998,423)  \$ (8,985 (2,872 15,384 (41,930 (38,402 (41,930 (4					-	
- (1,197,637) (1,197,637) (11,800,786) (1,197,637) (12,998,423)  \$ (8,965 (2,872 15,384 (41,930 38,402))  - (1,197,633 - 5,502,423 - 4,102,350 - 2,73,892 - 2,77,633					-	
\$ (8,985 (2,872 15,384 (41,930))  5,502,423 - 5,502,423 - 4,102,350 - 4,102,350 - 273,892 - 273,892 - 277,633 - 277,633 - 277,633 - 277,633 - 205,984 - 205,984 - 205,984 - 205,984 - 22,353 18,192 40,544 34,845 899,636 5 899,640 - 22,353 18,192 40,544 34,845 899,636 5 899,640 - 20,769 - 20,7		_			-	
\$ (8,985 (2,872 15,384 (41,930 (38,402		_				
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		-	(12,330,420)	(1,107,007)	(11,000,700)	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		\$				
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						
5,502,423     -     5,502,423     -       4,102,350     -     4,102,350     -       273,892     -     273,892     -       277,633     -     277,633     -       924,503     -     924,503     -       205,984     -     205,984     -       2     -     2     -       22,353     18,192     40,544     34,845       899,636     5     899,640     -       -     2,075     20     2       20,769     -     20,769     -       (1,099,606)     1,099,606     -     -       11,129,938     1,119,877     12,249,815     34,865       (670,848)     (77,760)     (748,609)     (3,537       7,618,606     6,223,176     13,841,782     (629,832						
5,502,423       -       5,502,423       -         4,102,350       -       4,102,350       -         273,892       -       273,892       -         277,633       -       277,633       -         924,503       -       924,503       -         205,984       -       205,984       -         2       -       2       -         22,353       18,192       40,544       34,845         899,636       5       899,640       -         -       2,075       2,075       20         20,769       -       20,769       -         (1,099,606)       1,099,606       -       -       -         11,129,938       1,119,877       12,249,815       34,865         (670,848)       (77,760)       (748,609)       (3,537)         7,618,606       6,223,176       13,841,782       (629,832)						
4,102,350       -       4,102,350       -         273,892       -       273,892       -         277,633       -       277,633       -         924,503       -       924,503       -         205,984       -       205,984       -         2       -       2       -         22,353       18,192       40,544       34,845         899,636       5       899,640       -         -       2,075       20,755       20         20,769       -       20,769       -         (1,099,606)       1,099,606       -       -       -         11,129,938       1,119,877       12,249,815       34,865         (670,848)       (77,760)       (748,609)       (3,537)         7,618,606       6,223,176       13,841,782       (629,832)	(38,40)					
4,102,350       -       4,102,350       -         273,892       -       273,892       -         277,633       -       277,633       -         924,503       -       924,503       -         205,984       -       205,984       -         2       -       2       -         22,353       18,192       40,544       34,845         899,636       5       899,640       -         -       2,075       20,755       20         20,769       -       20,769       -         (1,099,606)       1,099,606       -       -       -         11,129,938       1,119,877       12,249,815       34,865         (670,848)       (77,760)       (748,609)       (3,537)         7,618,606       6,223,176       13,841,782       (629,832)						
4,102,350       -       4,102,350       -         273,892       -       273,892       -         277,633       -       277,633       -         924,503       -       924,503       -         205,984       -       205,984       -         2       -       2       -         22,353       18,192       40,544       34,845         899,636       5       899,640       -         -       2,075       20,755       20         20,769       -       20,769       -         (1,099,606)       1,099,606       -       -       -         11,129,938       1,119,877       12,249,815       34,865         (670,848)       (77,760)       (748,609)       (3,537)         7,618,606       6,223,176       13,841,782       (629,832)			5,502,423	-		
277,633       -       277,633       -         924,503       -       924,503       -         205,984       -       205,984       -         2       -       2       -         22,353       18,192       40,544       34,845         899,636       5       899,640       -         -       2,075       20,769       -         20,769       -       20,769       -         (1,099,606)       1,099,606       -       -         11,129,938       1,119,877       12,249,815       34,865         (670,848)       (77,760)       (748,609)       (3,537         7,618,606       6,223,176       13,841,782       (629,832				-		
924,503       -       924,503       -         205,984       -       205,984       -         2       -       2       -         22,353       18,192       40,544       34,845         899,636       5       899,640       -         -       2,075       2,075       20         20,769       -       20,769       -         (1,099,606)       1,099,606       -       -         11,129,938       1,119,877       12,249,815       34,865         (670,848)       (77,760)       (748,609)       (3,537         7,618,606       6,223,176       13,841,782       (629,832				-		
205,984       -       205,984       -         2       -       2       -         22,353       18,192       40,544       34,845         899,636       5       899,640       -         -       2,075       2,075       20         20,769       -       20,769       -         (1,099,606)       1,099,606       -       -         11,129,938       1,119,877       12,249,815       34,865         (670,848)       (77,760)       (748,609)       (3,537         7,618,606       6,223,176       13,841,782       (629,832			277,633	-	277,633	
2     -     2       22,353     18,192     40,544     34,845       899,636     5     899,640     -       -     2,075     2,075     20       20,769     -     20,769     -       (1,099,606)     1,099,606     -     -       11,129,938     1,119,877     12,249,815     34,865       (670,848)     (77,760)     (748,609)     (3,537)       7,618,606     6,223,176     13,841,782     (629,832)				-		
22,353       18,192       40,544       34,845         899,636       5       899,640       -         -       2,075       2,075       20         20,769       -       20,769       -         (1,099,606)       1,099,606       -       -         11,129,938       1,119,877       12,249,815       34,865         (670,848)       (77,760)       (748,609)       (3,537)         7,618,606       6,223,176       13,841,782       (629,832)				_		
899,636       5       899,640       -         -       2,075       2,075       20         20,769       -       20,769       -         (1,099,606)       1,099,606       -       -         11,129,938       1,119,877       12,249,815       34,865         (670,848)       (77,760)       (748,609)       (3,537)         7,618,606       6,223,176       13,841,782       (629,832)	34 84			18 192		
-       2,075       2,075       20         20,769       -       20,769       -         (1,099,606)       1,099,606       -       -         11,129,938       1,119,877       12,249,815       34,865         (670,848)       (77,760)       (748,609)       (3,537)         7,618,606       6,223,176       13,841,782       (629,832)	2 7,0 1					
20,769 (1,099,606)       -       20,769 -       -         11,129,938       1,119,877       12,249,815       34,865         (670,848)       (77,760)       (748,609)       (3,537         7,618,606       6,223,176       13,841,782       (629,832	2		2,075		-	
11,129,938       1,119,877       12,249,815       34,865         (670,848)       (77,760)       (748,609)       (3,537         7,618,606       6,223,176       13,841,782       (629,832				-		
(670,848)     (77,760)     (748,609)     (3,537)       7,618,606     6,223,176     13,841,782     (629,832)			-	1,099,606	(1,099,606)	
7,618,606 6,223,176 13,841,782 (629,832	34,86		12,249,815	1,119,877	11,129,938	
7,618,606 6,223,176 13,841,782 (629,832	(3,53		(748,609)	(77,760)	(670,848)	
\$ 6,947,758 \$ 6,145,416 \$ 13,093,174 \$ (633,369						
	(633,36	\$	13,093,174	6,145,416 \$	6,947,758 \$	\$

## Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2003

(In Thousands)

		General		Transportation		Tobacco Settlement Endowment		Nonmajor Governmental		Total Governmental
Assets										
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Receivables (net of estimated uncollectible accounts):	\$	9,495 882	\$	370,835 -	\$	-	\$	986,591 151,408	\$	1,366,920 152,290
Taxes Loans to Local Governments		1,095,198 14,892		93,636		- -		25,321 236,526		1,214,155 251,418
Other Receivables Due from Other Funds Due from Component Units		180,439 171,272 5		5,176 21,357 -		-		20,372 59,735 -		205,987 252,364 5
Interfund Receivables Due from Other Governments Inventories		552,235 13,010		486 90,645 20,885		-		13,267 2,448		486 656,146 36,343
Prepaid Items Advances to Other Funds Other Assets		304,826 - -		2,781 - -		- - -		15,407 1,850 694		323,014 1,850 694
Total Assets	\$	2,342,253	\$	605,801	\$	-	\$	1,513,619	\$	4,461,672
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Liabilities: Accounts Payable and Other Accrued Liabilities	\$	597,620	æ	101,317	¢		\$	195,553	œ	904 400
Due to Other Funds Due to Component Units	Φ	152,020 1,400	Φ	43,508	φ	- - -	Φ	74,222	Φ	894,490 269,749 1,400
Interfund Payables Due to Other Governments Tax Refunds Payable		636,405 1,557,111 1,009,648		62,264 3,598		- - -		486 23,105 213		636,891 1,642,480 1,013,459
Tax and Other Deposits Deferred Revenue Interest Payable		23,667 606,922		531 8,219		-		6,675 15,671 37,805		30,873 630,812 37,805
Advances from Other Funds Short Term Notes Payable General Obligation Bonds Payable		-		-		-		4,334 543,643 100		4,334 543,643 100
Revenue Bonds and Notes Payable		-		-				58,940		58,940
Total Liabilities		4,584,792		219,438		-		960,746		5,764,976
Fund Balances:		200 244		613.035				228.289		1 050 565
Reserved for Encumbrances Reserved for Inventories Reserved for Prepaid Items		209,241 13,010 173,360		20,885 2,781		- -		2,448 2,448 15,400		1,050,565 36,343 191,541
Reserved for Restricted Funds Reserved for Long-term Receivables		-		-		-		798 169,517		798 169,517
Reserved for Advances to Other Fun Unreserved, Reported In: General Fund	us	(2,638,150)		-		-		1,850		1,850 (2,638,150)
Special Revenue Funds Capital Projects Funds Debt Service Funds Permanent Funds		- - -		(250,338) - -		-		155,582 (433,813) 25,991		(94,756) (433,813) 25,991
Total Fund Balances		(2,242,539)		386,363				386,811 552,872		386,811 (1,303,304)
Total Liabilities and		(=,= 12,000)						302,072		(1,000,004)
Fund Balances	\$	2,342,253	\$	605,801	\$	-	\$	1,513,619	\$	4,461,672

(Continued)

## **State of Wisconsin Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds** June 30, 2003

(Continued)

		Total Governmental
Reconciliation to the Statement of Net Assets:		
Total Fund Balances from previous page	\$	(1,303,304)
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Infrastructure		9,352,302
Other Capital Assets		4,237,904
Accumulated Depreciation		(587,172)
Other long-term assets that are not available to pay for current period		
expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		31,265
Some of the State's revenues will be collected after year-end but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures		
and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		290,550
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets.		(2,016)
in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets.		(2,010)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Revenue Bonds Payable		(1,266,646)
General Obligation Bonds Payable		(2,917,231)
Accrued Interest on Bonds		(24,874)
Capital Leases		(34,658)
Installment Contracts		(2,644)
Compensated Absences		(101,294)
Claims and Judgments Employer Pension Related Debt Costs		(2,174) (722,248)
		(122,240)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities as reported on the	•	001=
Statement of Net Assets (See page 33)	\$	6,947,758

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

(In Thousands)

		General	Transportation	Tobacco Settlement Endowment	Nonmajor Governmental	Total Governmental
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$	10,139,610	\$ 925,137	\$ -	\$ 206,072 \$	11,270,818
Intergovernmental	*	5,224,798	721,617	-	38,243	5,984,658
Licenses and Permits		219,985	310,361	_	360,914	891,260
Charges for Goods		-,	,		/ -	,
and Services		207,382	22,986	_	17,150	247,519
Investment and			,,		,	,• .•
Interest Income		727	3,771	3,353	40,986	48,838
Fines and Forfeitures		27,419	494	-	27,921	55,834
Gifts and Donations		2,026	-	-	12,316	14,342
Other Revenues:		•			,	,
Intergovernmental Transfer		598,580	-	-	-	598,580
Tobacco Settlement		153,923	-	-	-	153,923
Other		121,370	13,621	-	4,539	139,531
Total Revenues		16,695,820	1,997,987	3,353	708,141	19,405,302
Expenditures:						
Current Operating:						
Commerce		183,753	-	-	42,429	226,182
Education		5,621,309	-	-	27,972	5,649,280
Transportation		7,320	1,497,686	-	14,261	1,519,266
Environmental Resources		114,877	-	-	349,602	464,479
Human Relations and						
Resources		7,715,005	-	-	398,452	8,113,457
General Executive		399,051	-	-	91,795	490,846
Judicial		104,577	-	-	354	104,930
Legislative		60,175	-	-	-	60,175
Tax Relief and Other General		040 455			4.075	045 400
Expenditures Intergovernmental		843,155 1,107,958	-	-	1,975	845,130 1,107,958
Debt Service:		1,107,936	-	-	-	1,107,936
					270,719	270,719
Principal Interest and Other Charges		-	-	-	226,469	226,469
		38,741	430,585	-	222,260	691,586
Capital Outlay  Total Expenditures		16,195,920	1,928,271	<u>-</u>	1,646,287	19,770,479
Excess of Revenues Over		10,193,920	1,920,271		1,040,207	19,770,479
(Under) Expenditures		499,900	69,716	3,353	(938,146)	(365,177)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Long-term Debt Issued		-	-	-	506,524	506,524
Premium/Discount on Bonds		-	-	-	31,640	31,640
Transfers In		470,947	118	-	763,092	1,234,157
Transfers Out		(1,746,799)	(39,171)	(287,147)		(2,319,188)
Installment Purchase Acquisitions		70	-	-	2,793	2,863
Capital Leases Acquisitions		17,143	-	-	-	17,143
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,258,639)	(39,053)	(287,147)	1,057,977	(526,862)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(758,739)	30,663	(283,794)	119,831	(892,038)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		(1,484,336)	356,331	283,794	433,110	(411,102)
Increase (Decrease) in Reserve for Inventories		536	(631)	-	(68)	(164)
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	(2,242,539)	` /	\$ n	\$ 552,872 \$	<u> </u>
. aa balances, End of Tour	Ψ	(=,= +2,000)	<del>-</del> 000,000	<del>-</del> 0	Ψ 302,012 Ψ	(1,000,004)

(Continued)

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

(Continued)

		Total Governmental
Reconciliation to the Statement of Activities:		
Net Change in Fund Balances from previous page	\$	(892,038)
Inventories, which are recorded under the purchases method for government fund reporting, are reported under the consumption approach on the Statement of Activities. As a result of this change, the Increase (Decrea in Reserve for Inventories on the fund statement has been reclassified a functional expenses on the government-wide statement.	se)	(164)
Repayment of bond principal is reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the payment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets.		270,719
Governmental funds report the acquisition or construction of capital assets expenditures, while governmental activities report depreciation expense allocate the cost of these assets over their estimated useful life. Donate assets are set up at fair value with a corresponding amount of revenue recognized. In the current period, these amounts are:  Capital Outlay/Functional Expenditures  Depreciation Expense  Grants and Contributions (Donated Assets)	to	682,223 (74,565) 1,672
Transfers of capital assets between governmental and business-type activities results in the movement of those assets on the Statement of Net Assets and corresponding recognition of the related transfer in/out on the Statement of Activities.		741
In the Statement of Activities, only the gain on the sale of capital assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the capital assets sold.		(71,072)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financia resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	ıl	7,662
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Asset Bonds Issued Bond Premium Bond Issuance Costs		(506,524) (31,640) 2,861
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Net increase in accrued interest Increase in Capital Leases Decrease in Installment Contracts Increase in Compensated Absences Increase in Claims and Judgments Increase in Employer Pension Related Debt Costs		(2,176) (7,904) (1,395) (13,235) (202) (15,245)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	<b>;</b>	(20,568)
Changes in Net Assets of Governmental Activities as reported on the Statement of Activities (See page 35)	\$	(670,848)

# State of Wisconsin Balance Sheet Proprietary Funds June 30, 2003

(In Thousands)

		Bu		
		Patients Compensation	Environmental Improvement	Veterans Mortgage Loan Repayment
Assets				
Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	6,094 \$	197,832 \$	252,006
Investments Receivables (net of estimated uncollectible accounts):		10,802	30,661	-
Loans Receivable Other Receivables		- 8,534	76,609 330	16,688 6,751
Due from Other Funds		-	304	32
Due from Component Units Due from Other Governments		16 -	6,343	-
Inventories Prepaid Items		1 7	- 4	- 69
Capital Leases Receivable - Component Units		-	Ţ.,	-
Deferred Charges		-	-	101
Total Current Assets		25,454	312,083	275,646
Noncurrent Assets:		C44 00C	440.004	
Investments Receivables (net of estimated uncollectible accounts):		641,986	116,321	-
Loans Receivable Prepaid Items		- -	1,119,900	375,587
Advances to Other Funds		-	-	-
Capital Leases Receivable - Component Units Restricted and Limited Use Assets:		-	-	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents Deferred Charges		-	64,135 2,731	4,473
Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation) Other Assets		6	-,	135 287
Total Noncurrent Assets		641.992	1,303,086	380,483
Total Assets	\$	667,446 \$	1,615,169 \$	656,129
	-	σοι, πτο ψ	1,010,100 ψ	000,120
Liabilities and Fund Equity  Current Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable and Other Accrued Liabilities	\$	312 \$	81 \$	1,218
Due to Other Funds Due to Component Units		23	1,638	1,182
Interfund Payables Due to Other Governments		-	-	-
Tax and Other Deposits		- -	- -	2
Advances from Other Funds Deferred Revenue		2,832	- -	98
Interest Payable Short Term Notes Payable		-	2,749	5,888
Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities:			-	-
Future Benefits and Loss Liabilities Capital Leases		74,375 -	<del>-</del> -	-
Installment Contracts Payable Compensated Absences		- 9	63	- 111
General Obligation Bonds Payable		-	-	113,120
Revenue Bonds and Note Payable			37,545	404.040
Total Current Liabilities  Noncurrent Liabilities:		77,551	42,075	121,619
Accounts Payable and Other Accrued Liabilities		-	-	-
Due to Other Governments Deferred Revenue		- -	3,141	96
Noncurrent Portion of Long-term Liabilities: Future Benefits and Loss Liabilities		581,940		
Capital Leases		-	-	-
Installment Contracts Payable Compensated Absences		23	28	163
General Obligation Bonds Payable Revenue Bonds and Notes Payable		-	- 585,873	467,255
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		581,963	589,042	467,514
Total Liabilities		659,514	631,117	589,133
i star Elabilitiss		555,5	001,111	000,100
Fund Equity: Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt		_	_	135
Restricted for Unemployment Compensation		-	-	-
Restricted for Environmental Improvement Restricted for Expendable Trusts		-	953,656	-
Restricted for Nonexpendable Trusts Restricted for Future Benefits		- 7,932	-	-
Restricted for Other Purposes			20.205	66.004
Unrestricted  Total Fund Equity		7,932	30,395 984,052	66,861 66,996
• •	•			
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$	667,446 \$	1,615,169 \$	656,129

Activities - Internal			Namosian	Unemployment	University of	
Service Funds	 Totals		Nonmajor Enterprise	Insurance Reserve	Wisconsin System	
3	\$ 2,692,035	\$	592,589	1,084,171 \$	559,344 \$	
	58,136		16,673	-	-	
	129,307 293,387		8,506 47,224	150,623	27,503 79,926	
2	74,185 1,946		32,503	500	40,846 1,931	
	70,135 37,310		6,135 7,813	8,740	48,917 29,496	
1	116,458		91,488	-	24,891	
	 2,967 5,257			<u> </u>	2,967 5,156	
8	3,481,123		802,931	1,244,034	820,975	
	1,268,428		220,467	-	289,653	
	1,705,881		60,827	-	149,567	
1	-		-	-	-	
	19,960		-	-	19,960	
	64,135 8,043		839	-	-	
31	 3,130,519 8,198		168,323 7,911	-	2,962,055	
32	6,205,164		458,367	-	3,421,236	
40	\$ 9,686,287	\$	1,261,298	1,244,034 \$	4,242,211 \$	
1	\$ 230,017 79,538	\$	51,430 36,545	18,125 \$ 1,970	158,851 \$ 38,181	
3	1,572 28,824		11 28,824	-	1,560	
	24,381 15,549		73 14,088	6,907	17,401 1,459	
,	500 189,052		91,503	-	500 94,620	
3	11,544 15,932		342 1,781	-	2,566 14,151	
2	147,322		72,947	-	-	
	4,515 -		358	-	4,157 -	
	47,449 129,784		3,383 1,754	-	43,883 14,910	
13	 37,545 963,524		303,039	27,002	- 392,239	
1	107,375		107,375	_	-	
	3,141 96		-	-	-	
9	1,020,077		438,137	-		
	36,401		2,063	-	34,339	
16	38,193 783,667		4,524 40,196	-	33,455 276,217	
28	585,873 2,574,824		592,295	-	344,011	
41	 3,538,349		895,333	27,002	736,250	
7-	2,828,388		122,402	-	2,705,850	
	1,217,032 953,656		-	1,217,032	-	
	181,388 99,079			-	181,388 99,079	
	271,059 290,631		263,127 67,650		222,981	
(7	 306,704	1	(87,214)		296,662	
(-	 6,147,938	•	365,965	1,217,032	3,505,961	
40	\$ 9,686,287		1,261,298	1,244,034 \$	4,242,211 \$	
	6,147,938 (2,523)	\$	Fund Equity Reported Above Related to Enterprise Funds		A.E	

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Equity - Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

(In Thousands)

	Business-type Activities				
	Patients Compensation	Environmental Improvement	Veterans Mortgage Loan Repayment		
Operating Revenues:					
Charges for Goods and Services	\$ 29,520 \$	- \$	-		
Participant and Employer Contributions Tuition and Fees	-	=	-		
Federal Grants and Contracts	-		_		
Local and Private Grants and Contracts	-	-	_		
Sales and Services of Educational Activities	-	-	-		
Sales and Services of Auxiliary Enterprises	-	-	-		
Sales and Services to UW Hospital Authority Investment and Interest Income	- 74,504	- 34,784	- 35,541		
Other Income:	74,304	34,704	33,341		
Federal Aid for Unemployment Insurance Program	-	-	-		
Reimbursing Financing Revenue	-	-	-		
Other	 -	34	-		
Total Operating Revenues	104,024	34,818	35,541		
Operating Evpended					
Operating Expenses: Personal Services	487	4,533	3,710		
Supplies and Services	449	1,960	984		
Lottery Prize Awards	-	-	-		
Scholarships and Fellowships	-	-	-		
Depreciation Benefit Expense	6 101,937	-	43		
Interest Expense	101,937	34,646	39,283		
Other Expenses	-		2,858		
Total Operating Expenses	 102,879	41,140	46,879		
Operating Income (Loss)	 1,145	(6,322)	(11,338)		
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):					
Operating Grants	-	78,002	-		
Investment and Interest Income	- (4)	25,334	2,503		
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets Interest Expense	(4)	(1)	-		
Gifts and Donations	-	-	_		
Other Revenues	197	-	-		
Other Expenses:					
Property Tax Credits Grants Disbursed	-	(1,425)	(434)		
Other	- -	(1,425)	(434)		
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	193	101,910	2,069		
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and					
Transfers	1,337	95,589	(9,269)		
Capital Contributions					
Capital Contributions Additions to Endowments	-	- -	-		
Transfers In	-	32,800	-		
Transfers Out	(9)	(6,069)	(286)		
Net Change in Fund Equity	1,328	122,320	(9,555)		
Total Fund Equity-Beginning of Year	 6,604	861,732	76,551		
Total Fund Equity-End of Year	\$ 7,932 \$	984,052 \$	66,996		
–	 .,σσ= Ψ	σσ.,σσΞ ψ	55,000		

		Governmental				
	University of Wisconsin System	Unemployment Insurance Reserve	Nonmajor Enterprise	Totals	Activities - Internal Service Funds	
	· ·		•			
¢	- \$	- \$	809,387 \$	838,907	\$ 249,330	
\$	- <b>\$</b>	- \$ 484,503	816,527	1,301,030	\$ 249,330	
	577,442	-	-	577,442		
	625,844	-	-	625,844		
	105,899	-	-	105,899		
	195,845 232,437	-		195,845 232,437		
	32,291	- -	- -	32,291		
	-	75,989	33,845	254,663	1	
	-	202,466	-	202,466		
	<del>.</del>	49,294		49,294	•	
	170,733	5,146	123	176,037	1,103	
	1,940,491	817,398	1,659,882	4,592,155	250,434	
	2,150,948	-	231,900	2,391,579	46,485	
	724,051	-	140,512	867,957	140,730	
	62,180	Ţ.,	248,520	248,520 62,180		
		120,122 -	10,661	130,831	23,437	
	-	- 1,186,584		2,204,924	30,527	
	-	-	-	618	74,548	· -
	4,901	-	7,341	15,100		
	3,062,202	1,186,584	1,555,955	5,995,639	241,178	
	(1,121,711)	(369,186)	103,927	(1,403,484)	9,256	
	_	_	397	78,399		
	9,473	-	11,578	48,887	21	
	(15,973)	-	(11)	(15,989)	3,213	
	(15,874)	-	(1,105)	(16,979)	(10,091	
	185,696	-	7	185,696		
	-	-	1,744	1,940	403	
	-	-	(105,767)	(105,767)		
	ī.	-	(6,133)	(7,991)		
	(749)	<del>-</del>	(8)	(757)	(2,984	
	162,573	-	(99,305)	167,440	(9,437	
	(959,138)	(369,186)	4,622	(1,236,044)	(181	
	33,443	-	2,071	35,514		
	2,075	-	-	2,075	-	
	1,102,549	-	68,624	1,203,973	10,237	
	(39,104)	-	(40,338)	(85,806)	(28,095	
	139,824	(369,186)	34,980	(80,289)	(18,040	
	3,366,137	1,586,218	330,986	6,228,227	13,501	
\$	3,505,961 \$	1,217,032 \$	365,965 \$	6,147,938	\$ (4,539	

Total Net Change in Fund Equity Reported Above
Consolidation Adjustment of Internal Services Activities Related to Enterprise Funds
Change in Net Assets of Business-Type Activities

(80,289)

2,528

(77,761)

## Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

(In Thousands)

		Business-type Activi	ties
	Patients Compensation	Environmental Improvement	Veterans Mortgage Loan Repayment
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash Receipts from Customers	\$ 32,619 \$	- \$	_
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(461)	(1,201)	(935)
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	(462)	(5,435)	(3,793)
Tuition and Fees	-	-	-
Grants and Contracts	=	-	-
Cash Payments for Lottery Prizes Cash Payments for Loans Originated	-		(61,146)
Collection of Loans	_	_	293,296
Interest Income	-	-	37,390
Cash Payments for Benefits	(27,695)	-	-
Sales and Services of Educational Activities	-	-	-
Sales and Services of Auxiliary Enterprises Sales and Services of Hospitals	- -	-	-
Scholarships and Fellowships	_	_	-
Other Operating Revenues	-	34	-
Other Operating Expenses		-	(2,922)
Other Sources of Cash Other Uses of Cash	176	-	-
-	- 4 477	- (0.000)	- 004 000
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	4,177	(6,602)	261,890
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Operating Grants Receipts		77,644	
Grants for Loans to Governments	- -	77,044	-
Grants Disbursed	-	(1,425)	(544)
Proceeds from Issuance of Long-term Debt	-	92,266	29,889
Retirement of Long-term Debt	-	(36,405)	(147,272)
Escrow Deposit	-	(92,044)	(40.240)
Interest Payments Property Tax Credits	-	(34,443)	(40,219)
Noncapital Gifts and Grants	_	-	_
Interfund Loans Received	-	-	-
Interfund Loans Repaid	-	-	-
Interfund Borrowings to Other Funds	=	-	-
Repayment of Interfund Borrowings Interfund Advances Collected	-	-	_
Transfers In	_	32,800	-
Transfers Out	(9)	(6,069)	(286)
Student Direct Lending Receipts	-	-	-
Student Direct Lending Disbursements Other Cash Inflows from Noncapital Financing Activities	-	-	-
Other Cash Timows from Noncapital Financing Activities  Other Cash Outflows from Noncapital Financing Activities	-		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(0)	22.224	(450 422)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	(9)	32,324	(158,432)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:  Proceeds from Issuance of Long-term Debt	_	_	_
Capital Contributions	- -	- -	-
Repayment of Long-term Debt	-	-	-
Repayment of Short-term Notes	-	-	-
Interest Payments	-	-	-
Capital Lease Obligations Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	-	-	-
Payments for Purchase of Capital Assets	-	-	(44)
Other Cash Inflows from Capital Financing Activities	-	-	- (**)
Other Cash Outflows from Capital Financing Activities	-	-	-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	-	-	(44)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
Proceeds from Sale and Maturities of Investment Securities	177,348	54,422	-
Purchase of Investment Securities	(223,820)	(58,775)	-
Cash Payments for Loans Originated	-	(185,553)	-
Collection of Loans Investment and Interest Receipts	31,230	72,367 50,191	2,503
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	(15,242)	(67,348)	2,503
Het Cash Frovided (Osed) by investing Activities	(10,242)	(07,340)	2,503
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(11,075)	(41,625)	105,917
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	17,168	303,592	146,088
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 6,094 \$	261,966 \$	252,006
	. σ,σσι ψ	20.,000 ψ	

	Governmental Activities -			
University of Wisconsin System	Unemployment Insurance Reserve	Nonmajor Enterprise	Totals	Internal Service Funds
\$ - \$	475,660 \$	1,614,647 \$	2,122,926	\$ 260,587
(781,541)	-	(135,322)	(919,460)	(149,676
(2,136,056)	-	(236,812)	(2,382,558)	(46,173
557,915	-	-	557,915	-
771,503	-		771,503	-
(00.055)	-	(263,785)	(263,785)	-
(39,055)	-	(19,372)	(119,572)	-
37,801		21,374 4,440	352,472 41,830	_
_	(1,182,672)	(906,992)	(2,117,358)	(24,084
196,383	(1,102,072)	(300,332)	196,383	(24,004
239,936	-	<u>-</u>	239,936	-
31,602	-	-	31,602	-
(62,180)	-	-	(62,180)	-
163,091	251,767	1,786	416,678	3,325
-	(558)	(32,004)	(35,484)	-
-	-	6,882	7,058	397
-	-	(43)	(43)	(2,978
(1,020,600)	(455,803)	54,799	(1,162,139)	41,399
		244	77.000	
-	-	344 30	77,988 30	-
_	-	(6,393)	(8,362)	_
_	_	(0,393)	122,155	
_	_	_	(183,677)	_
_	-	_	(92,044)	_
_	-	(618)	(75,280)	_
_	_	(106,042)	(106,042)	_
188,591	-	` '	`188,591 <sup>′</sup>	-
-	-	2,587	2,587	-
-	-	(433)	(433)	(7,559)
-	-	5,795	5,795	-
-	-	20,474	20,474	-
	-			24
1,063,805	-	68,825	1,165,430	9,414
-	-	(35,766)	(42,130)	(28,095
119,598	-	-	119,598	-
(119,533)	-	130	(119,533) 130	-
(2,755)	-	(7)	(2,763)	-
1,249,705		(51,075)	1,072,513	(26,216)
 1,210,700		(01,070)	1,072,010	(20,210)
137,502	-	22,668	160,170	16,978
29,085	-	2,071	31,156	-
(76,525)	-	(1,031)	(77,556)	(7,810
-	-	-		(21,893
(53,945)	-	(1,129)	(55,074)	(10,501
-	-	(389)	(389)	(3,560
(000,005)	-	14	14	12,145
(208,265)	-	(32,852)	(241,161)	(18,026
-	-	14	14	-
(172,148)	<u>-</u>	(603) (11,238)	(603)	(32,667
(172,110)		(11,200)	(100,100)	(02,001
536,970	-	35,884	804,623	-
(549,085)	-	(18,651)	(850,331)	-
-	-	(206)	(185,759)	-
		290	72,657	
9,512	75,989	29,107	198,531	21
 (2,603)	75,989	46,423	39,721	21
54,354 504,001	(379,814)	38,908 553,680	(233,335)	(17,463
 504,991 559,344 \$	1,463,986 1,084,171 \$	553,680 592,589 \$	2,989,505 2,756,170	\$ 35,142

## State of Wisconsin Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

(Continued)

		Business-type Activi	tios
		business-type Activi	Veterans
	Patients Compensation	Environmental Improvement	Mortgage Loan Repayment
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operations:			
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 1,145 \$	(6,322) \$	(11,338)
Adjustment to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation Amortization Provision for Uncollectible Accounts	6 -	- 580 -	43 - (64)
Operating Income (Investment Income) Classified as Investing Activity Operating Expense (Interest Expense)	(76,639)	(34,784)	-
Classified as Noncapital Financing Activity Miscellaneous Nonoperating Income (Expense) Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	197	34,300	39,283
Decrease (Increase) in Receivables Decrease (Increase) in Due from Other Funds Decrease (Increase) in Due from Component Units Decrease (Increase) in Due from Other Governments	2,162 14 (1)	(51) - -	240,554 (24) - -
Decrease (Increase) in Inventories Decrease (Increase) in Prepaid Items Decrease (Increase) in Other Assets Decrease (Increase) in Deferred Charges	- - -	- - (128)	(21) 276
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Other Accrued Liabilities Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Funds Increase (Decrease) in Due to Component Units	(78) 7 2	(1) (7)	(6,623) 32 (102)
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Governments Increase (Decrease) in Tax and Other Deposits Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Revenue Increase (Decrease) in Interest Payable	- 1,188 -	44 - - (234)	- - (124)
Increase (Decrease) in Future Benefits and Loss Liabilities	 76,175	<u> </u>	
Total Adjustments	 3,032	(280)	273,228
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 4,177 \$	(6,602) \$	261,890
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities:			
Capital Leases (Initial Year): Fair Market Value Current Year Cash Receipts (Payments) Contributions/Transfer In (Out) of Noncash Assets	\$ - \$ -	- \$ -	-
and Liabilities from/to other Funds Net change in unrealized gains and losses Other	39,585 -	- - -	- - -

		Business-type Activities						
Activities - Internal Service Funds	Totals	Nonmajor Enterprise	University of Unemployment Wisconsin Insurance System Reserve					
9,256	(1,403,484) \$	103,927 \$	(369,186) \$	(1,121,711) \$	\$			
23,437	130,831 580	10,661	-	120,122				
	2,093	76	2,081	-				
	(216,790)	(29,378)	(75,989)	-				
	74,202	618	-	-				
(3,297	(11,141)	1,518	-	(12,857)				
255	224,649	(9,702)	(18,283)	9,919				
12,015	(23,821)	(23,677)	(82)	-				
(154	(1)	- (0.000)	-	-				
(192 2,114	(1,946) (1,354)	(2,230) (296)	284	(1,058)				
2,679	(1,072)	(8,894)	- -	(2,156)				
_,-,-,	2,106	1,700	130	-				
	(2,767)	-	-	(2,640)				
(7,490	(28,378)	(19,174)	3,315	(5,817)				
475	8,214	997	- (500)	7,179				
(6,274	(12,778)	(12,145)	(526)	-				
3 (76	11 2,533	11 36	2,452					
(10	1,357	1,357	-	-				
2,204	15,120	25,637	-	(11,581)				
6,443	(234) 89,931	- 13,757	- -	-				
32,143	241,345	(49,128)	(86,617)	101,111				
41,399	(1,162,139) \$	54,799 \$	(455,803) \$	(1,020,600) \$	\$			

## Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets June 30, 2003

(In Thousands)

	an Er	ension d Other nployee efit Trust	Investment Trust	Private- Purpose Trust		Agency
Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	544,307	\$ 2,855,980	\$ 11,626	\$	85,410
Securities Lending Collateral		3,209,471	-	-		-
Prepaid Items		9,018	-	6		-
Receivables (net of estimated uncollectible accounts):						
Prior Service Contributions Receivable		1,650,602	-	-		-
Benefits Overpayment Receivable		2,397	-	-		-
Due from Other Funds		32,819		-		932
Interfund Receivables		78,794	703,075	-		-
Due from Other Governments Interest and Dividends Receivable		108,144 171,408	-	-		-
Investment Sales Receivable		88,407	-	-		_
Other Receivables		(2,448)	1,142	259		1,842
Total Receivables		2,130,122	704,217	259		2,775
Investments:						
Fixed Income		14,489,301	_	_		-
Stocks		35,666,207	-	-		-
Limited Partnerships		2,693,113	-	-		-
Mortgages		726,725	-	-		-
Real Estate		436,628	-	-		-
Investments of Private Purpose Funds		-	-	866,489		-
Investments of Agency Funds Multi-asset Investments		- 1,451,682	-	-		797
Total Investments		55,463,656		866,489		797
Capital Assets		63		-		-
Other Assets		-	_	15,589		278,789
Total Assets		61,356,636	3,560,197	893,969	\$	367,771
Liabilities		<u> </u>	· · ·		<u> </u>	,
Accounts Payable and Other Accrued Liabilities		36,504	_	59	\$	73,959
Securities Lending Collateral Liability		3,209,471	_	-	*	-
Annuities Payable		181,894	-	-		-
Advance Contributions		308	-	-		-
Due to Other Funds		28,150	18	26		4,955
Interfund Payables		78,794	-	-		-
Due to Other Governments		22,158	-	-		- 200 050
Tax and Other Deposits Investment Payable		76 242,402	-	-		288,856
Deferred Revenue		2,234	-	-		-
Compensated Absences Payable		1,309,685	-	-		-
Total Liabilities		5,111,675	18	86	\$	367,771
Net Assets						
Held in Trust for Pension Benefits, Pool Participants and Other Purposes	\$	56,244,962	\$ 3,560,178	\$ 893,884		

## Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

(In Thousands)

		Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust	Investment Trust	Private- Purpose Trust
Additions				
Contributions:				
Employer Contributions Employee Contributions	\$	482,520 713,954	\$ - \$ -	- -
Total Contributions		1,196,473	-	-
eposits		-	11,599,250	395,972
vestment Income: Net Appreciation (Depreciation) in Fair Value of Investments		1,002,551	-	_
Interest		683,251	_	_
Dividends		276,396	_	_
Securities Lending Income		41,984	-	_
Other		98,468	_	_
Investment Income of Investment, Private Purpose, and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds		40,739	58,915	48,930
Investment Expense		(156,202)	(1,841)	(4,422)
Securities Lending Rebates and Fees Investment Income Distributed to Other Funds		(33,039)		(4,422)
et Investment Income		1,914,430	57,074	44,508
			01,014	44,000
rest on Prior Service Receivable		127,972	-	-
scellaneous Income Escheat Additions		<u>-</u>	-	28,184
Other		1,399	-	-
Total Miscellaneous Income		1,399	-	28,184
Total Additions		3,240,275	11,656,324	468,664
ductions				
enefits and Refunds:				
Retirement, Disability, and Beneficiary Separations		2,671,699 37,898	-	-
Total Benefits and Refunds		2,709,598	-	-
stributions		78,454	11,925,183	35,109
surance Premiums		199,213	-	-
usual Write-off of Receivable		(33)	-	-
dministrative Expense		23,618	211	2,581
ansfers Out		-	-	16,009
Total Deductions	_	3,010,850	11,925,394	53,699
et Increase (Decrease)		229,425	(269,070)	414,964
let Assets - Beginning of Year		56,015,537	3,829,248	478,919
et Assets - End of Year	\$	56,244,962	\$ 3,560,178 \$	893,884

## **Notes To The Financial Statements**

	Index	
		Page
Summai	ry of Significant Accounting Policies	
Note 1.	Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	52
	A. Basis of Presentation	52
	B. Financial Reporting Entity	52
	C. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements	55
	D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation	55
	E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets/Equity	
	Cash and Cash Equivalents	
	2. Investments	
	Mortgage and Other Loans	
	Forestation State Tax	
	5. Interfund Assets/Liabilities	
	6. Inventories and Prepaid Items	
	7. Capital Assets	
	8. Restricted and Limited Use Assets	59
	9. Local Assistance Aids	59
	10. Long-term Debt Obligations	60
	11. Compensated Absences	61
	12. Deferred Revenue	61
	13. Self-Insurance.	
	14. Fund Balance Reserves and Restricted Net Assets/Fund Equity	
Note 2.	Detailed Reconciliation of the Government-wide and Fund Statements	62
	Iship and Compliance - Violations of Finance-Related Legal/Contractual Provisions	66
Note 3.	Budgetary Control	66
Note 4.	Deficit Fund Balance/Fund Equity/Net Assets	66
Detailed	Disclosures Regarding Assets and Revenues	
Note 5.	Deposits and Investments.	67
	A. Deposits	67
	B. Investments	68
	C. Lottery Investments and Related Future Prize Obligations	75
Note 6.	Receivables and Net Revenues.	76
Note 0.		
	A. Receivables	
	B. Net Revenues	76
Note 7.	Capital Assets	77
Note 8.	Endowments	79
Note 9.	Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers	80
	A. Due from/to Other Funds	
	B. Due from/to Component Units	
	C. Interfund Receivables/Payables.	
	·	
	D. Advances to/from Other Funds	
	E. Interfund Transfers	83

Detailed	Disclosures Regarding Liabilities and Expenses/Expenditures	Page
Note 10.	Changes in Long-term Liabilities.	84
Note 11.	Bonds, Notes and Other Debt Obligations.	85
	A. General Obligation Bonds	
	B. Revenue Bonds	88
	C. Refundings and Early Extinguishments	95
	D. Short-term Financing	96
	E. Certificates of Participation	97
	F. Arbitrage Rebate	98
	G. Moral Obligation Debt	98
	H. Credit Agreements.	98
Note 12.	Lease Commitments and Installment Purchases	99
	A. Capital Leases	99
	B. Operating Leases	
	C. Installment Purchases	100
Note 13.	Retirement Plan	101
Note 14.	Milwaukee Retirement System	102
Note 15.	Other Employment Benefits	106
Note 16.	Public Entity Risk Pools Administered by the Department of Employee Trust Funds	107
	A. Description of Funds	107
	B. Accounting Policies for Risk Pools	107
	C. Unpaid Claims Liabilities	108
	D. Trend Information	108
Note 17.	Self-Insurance.	109
Note 18.	Insurance Funds	110
	A. Local Government Property Insurance Fund	110
	B. State Life Insurance Fund.	111
	C. Patients Compensation Fund	112
	D. Health Insurance Risk Sharing Plan	113
	E. Wisconsin Health Care Liability Insurance Plan.	114
Other No	ote Disclosures	
Note 19.	Segment Information and Condensed Financial Data.	115
Note 20.	Component Units - Condensed Financial Information	116
Note 21.	Restatements of Beginning Fund Balances/Fund Equity/Net Assets and Other Changes	
	A. Fund Statements - Governmental Funds	
	B. Fund Statements - Proprietary Funds	
	C. Fund Statements - Fiduciary Funds	
	D. Government-wide Statements	118
Note 22.	Litigation, Contingencies and Commitments	119
	A. Litigation and Contingencies	119
	B. Commitments	
Note 23.	Subsequent Events	121

#### **Notes To The Financial Statements**

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying general purpose financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

#### **B. Financial Reporting Entity**

For GAAP purposes, the State of Wisconsin includes all funds, elected offices, departments and agencies of the State, as well as boards, commissions, authorities and universities. The State has also considered all potential "component units" for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the State are such that exclusion would cause the State's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The decision to include a potential component unit in the State's reporting entity is based on the criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity,* which include the ability to appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the State to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the State.

Based upon the application of the criteria contained in GASB Statement No. 14, the Wisconsin Public Broadcasting Foundation, Inc. is reported as a blended component unit; and the Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority, the Wisconsin Health Care Liability Insurance Plan, the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority, and the Badger Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation are presented as discrete component units, as discussed below.

Complete financial statements of the individual component units that issue separate statements can be obtained from their respective administrative offices:

Wisconsin Public Broadcasting Foundation Inc. Wisconsin Educational Communications Board 3319 West Beltline Highway Madison, WI 53702

Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority 201 West Washington Avenue, Suite 700 Madison, WI 53702

Wisconsin Health Care Liability Insurance Plan Office of the Commissioner of Insurance 125 South Webster Street Madison, WI 53702

University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority 635 Science Drive, Room 310 Madison, WI 53711

Badger Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation 10 East Doty Street, Suite 800 Madison, WI 53703

#### **Blended Component Units**

Blended component units are entities that are legally separate from the State, but are so intertwined with the State that they are, in substance, the same as the State. The blended component unit serves or benefits the primary government. They are reported as part of the State and blended into the appropriate funds.

Wisconsin Public Broadcasting Foundation, Inc. - The Wisconsin Public Broadcasting Foundation, Inc. (Foundation), created in 1983 by the Wisconsin Legislature, is a private, nonstock, nonprofit Wisconsin Corporation, wholly owned by the Wisconsin Educational Communications Board (ECB), a unit of the State. The Foundation solicits funds in the name of, and with the approval of, the ECB. The Foundation's funds are managed by a five-member board of trustees consisting of the executive director of the ECB and four members of the ECB board. In addition to accountability for fiscal matters, the State has the ability to significantly influence operations of the Foundation through legislation. The Foundation is reported as a special revenue fund.

#### **Discrete Component Units**

These component units are entities which are legally separate from the State, but are financially accountable to the State, or whose relationship with the State is such that exclusion would cause the State's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The component units are reported in a separate column and in separate rows in the government-wide statements to emphasize that they are legally separate. One of the component units reports on a fiscal year ended December 31, while another reports on a fiscal year ended May 31.

Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority - The Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority (Authority) was established by the Wisconsin Legislature in 1972 to help meet the housing needs of Wisconsin's low and moderate income citizens. The State has significantly expanded the scope of services of the Authority by adding programs that include financing for farmers and for economic development projects. While the Authority receives no State tax dollars for its bond-supported programs and the State is not liable on bonds the Authority issues, the State has the ability to significantly influence operations of the Authority through legislation. The State appoints the Authority's Board and has the ability to impose its will on the Authority.

Wisconsin Health Care Liability Insurance Plan - The Wisconsin Health Care Liability Insurance Plan (Plan) was established by rule of the Commissioner of Insurance of the State of Wisconsin to provide health care liability insurance and liability coverage normally incidental to health care liability insurance to eligible health care providers in the State. Eight out of 13 members of the Board of Directors are appointed by the Governor, and the State has the ability to impose its will upon the Plan. The Plan reports on a fiscal year ended December 31.

University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority – The University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority (Hospital) is a not-for-profit academic medical center. The Hospital operates an acute-care hospital with approximately 480 available beds, numerous specialty clinics, and seven ambulatory facilities providing comprehensive health care to patients, education programs, research and community service to residents of southern Wisconsin. Prior to June 1996, the Hospital was a unit of the University of Wisconsin-Madison. In June 1996, in accordance with legislation enacted by the State Legislature, the Hospital was restructured as a Public Authority, a public body corporate and politic created by State statutes. The State

appoints a majority of the Hospital's Board of Directors and a financial benefit/burden relationship exists between the Hospital and the State.

The legislation that created the Hospital Authority also provided, among other things, for the Board of Regents of the University of Wisconsin System to execute various agreements with the Hospital. These agreements include an Affiliation Agreement, a Lease Agreement, a Conveyance Agreement and a Contractual Services Agreement and Operating and Service Agreement.

The Affiliation Agreement requires the Hospital to continue to support the educational, research and clinical activities of the University of Wisconsin-Madison, which are administered by the Hospital. Under the terms of a Lease Agreement, the Hospital leases facilities, which were occupied by the Hospital as of June 29, 1996 (see Note 12A to the financial statements). Under a Conveyance Agreement, certain assets and liabilities related to the Hospital were identified and transferred to the Hospital effective July 1, 1996. Subject to the Contractual Services Agreement and Operating and Service Agreement between the Board of Regents and the Hospital, the two parties have entered into contracts for the continuation of services in support of programs and operations.

Badger Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation (BTASC) - A nonstock public corporate entity created under Chapter 181 of the Wisconsin Statutes was created for the purpose of making a onetime purchase of Tobacco Settlement Revenues (TSRs) from the State. In May 2002, the BTASC issued bonds necessary to provide sufficient funds for carrying out its purpose. BTASC bears all risk for collection of TSRs to repay bonds. Bonds issued by the BTASC are the sole obligation of the BTASC. The State is not liable for any debt issued by the BTASC nor is the debt dependent upon any dedicated stream of revenue generated by the State. Directors of the corporation are appointed by the Secretary of Administration for staggered three-year terms. Once appointed, directors can only be removed for cause. At least one of the directors must be determined to be "independent" for federal bankruptcy law purposes. The State appoints the BTASC board and has the ability to impose its will on the BTASC.

Pursuant to a Purchase and Sale Agreement with the State, BTASC acquired all of the State's future right, title, and interest in the TSRs under the Master Settlement Agreement and the Consent Decree and Final Judgment (MSA). The MSA was entered into on November 23, 1998, among the attorneys general of 46 states, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of

Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, American Samoa and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (the "Settling States") and the four largest United States tobacco manufacturers. This settlement, among other things, released the participating manufacturers from past and present smoking-related claims by the Settling States and provides for a continuing release of future smoking-related claims in exchange for certain payments to be made to the Settling States as well as certain tobacco advertising and marketing restrictions.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, consideration paid by BTASC to the State for TSRs consisted of \$1.3 billion and a residual certificate assigned to the State. Upon discharge of BTASC's obligations under its May 1, 2002 bond indenture, all subsequent TSRs are owned by the State of Wisconsin pursuant to the residual certificate.

#### **Component Units Not Reported in the Financial Statements**

State Fair Park Exposition Center, Inc. - In October 2000, The State Fair Park Exposition Center, Inc. (SFPEC) was organized, by the State of Wisconsin, State Fair Park, as a nonstock, not-for-profit corporation under the Internal Revenue Code 501(c)(3). Authorization for the SFPEC's organization is found under Chapter 42, Wis. Stats. The SFPEC has broad general powers that include approving the sale, lease, or purchase of any real estate and obtaining financing through loans or other methods. The board of the SFPEC includes the chairperson of the State Fair Park Board, and three members appointed by the SFPEC's Board

In August 2001, the State Fair Park entered into an agreement with the SFPEC to lease 7.52 acres on the State Fair grounds for construction of an exposition center. Financing for the exposition center was obtained by the SFPEC through a loan agreement with the City of West Allis, Wisconsin, which secured funding through issuance of \$44.9 million in industrial revenue bonds. The bonds were issued under an indenture of trust between the City of West Allis and a commercial lending institution. To secure the bonds, the SFPEC obtained a letter of credit from the commercial lending institution that is intended to repay the loan to the City of West Allis in the event that the debt service payments under the loan agreement are not paid. The exposition center was substantially completed and placed in service as of August 1, 2002.

The SFPEC follows the financial reporting recommendations of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB), Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 117, *Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Organizations*. As of December 31, 2002, total assets of the SFPEC were \$48.4 million consisting primarily of \$37.8 million of capital assets and \$10.0 million of cash and cash equivalents, while liabilities consisted primarily \$40.8 million of industrial revenue bonds payable. Unrestricted

net assets at calendar year-end were \$2.5 million. Operating revenues and expenses for the year ended were \$1.1 million and \$1.1 million, respectively. Other income (expenses) of \$3.0 million consisted of \$4.1 million of bond refinancing income and \$1.1 million of interest expense.

The SFPEC is considered a component unit of the State Fair Park, an enterprise fund, because, although legally separate, the organizations are so intertwined that they are, in substance, the same. Under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, the SFPEC is presented with the separately issued financial information of the State Fair Park. However, the SFPEC's financial information is not reported within the State's Fiscal Year 2003 CAFR because the financial information was not available on a timely basis. Exclusion of the SFPEC does not have a material effect on the State's financial condition.

The separately issued financial report of the SFPEC can be requested from:

State Fair Park Exposition Center, Inc. 8200 West Greenfield Avenue West Allis, WI 53214-0307

#### **Related Organizations**

These related organizations are excluded from the reporting entity because the State's accountability does not extend beyond appointing a voting majority of the organization's board members. Financial statements are available from the respective organizations.

Wisconsin Health and Educational Facilities Authority - a public body politic and corporate that provides financing for capital expenditures and refinancing of indebtedness for Wisconsin health care and educational institutions.

Bradley Center Sports and Entertainment Corporation - a public body politic and corporate that operates the Bradley Center.

World Dairy Center Authority - an authority created to establish a center for the development of dairying in the United States and the world; to analyze worldwide trends in the dairy industry and recommend actions to be taken by the State; promote dairy cattle, technology, products and services; and develop new markets for dairy and dairy-related products.

Wisconsin Advanced Telecommunications Foundation - organized as a nonstock corporation, administers an endowment fund to support advanced telecommunications technology application projects and efforts to educate telecommunications users about advanced services.

## C. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements consist of the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. These statements report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Governmental activities, which are generally financed though taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange revenues are reported separately from business-type activities, which are generally financed by fees charged to external parties for goods and services. The focus of the government-wide statements is the primary government. A separate column is presented for all discretely presented component units.

The *fund* financial statements provide detailed information on all governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds. Separate columns are presented for all major governmental and enterprise funds. Nonmajor governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and presented as a single column on the respective governmental or proprietary statements. Internal service funds are exempt from the major fund reporting requirements and are aggregated and ultimately reported as a single column on the proprietary statement. Fiduciary funds are also exempt from major fund reporting and are aggregated by fund type and ultimately reported as single columns on the fiduciary statements.

## D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements, as well as the proprietary and fiduciary fund statements, are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the related liability is incurred.

In reporting the financial activity of its proprietary funds, except for the State Life Insurance Fund, the State applies all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedure. The State Life Insurance Fund is reported as an insurance enterprise fund and, accordingly, applies the provisions of relevant pronouncements of FASB, including those issued after November 30, 1989.

The Wisconsin Health Care Liability Insurance Plan (WHCLIP) is reported as an insurance fund and, in applying GAAP, has elected to apply the provisions of relevant pronouncements of FASB including those issued after November 30, 1989.

In the University of Wisconsin System's enterprise fund, revenues and expenses of an academic term that spans two fiscal years are recognized in two years based on a proration of summer school days.

Governmental fund financial statements are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net available financial resources.

Governmental funds are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues generally when they become measurable and available to pay current reporting period liabilities. For this purpose, the State considers tax revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year end. Other revenues are considered to be available if received within one year after the fiscal year end. Material revenue sources susceptible to accrual include individual and corporate income taxes, sales taxes, public utility taxes, motor fuel taxes and federal revenues.

Expenditures and related liabilities are recognized when obligations are incurred as a result of the receipt of goods and services. However, expenditures related to debt service, compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The State reports the following major funds:

#### Major Governmental Funds

- General Fund the primary operating fund of the State, accounts for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- Transportation Fund accounts for the proceeds from motor fuel taxes, vehicle registrations, licensing fees, and federal and local governments which are used to supply and support safe, efficient and effective transportation in Wisconsin.
- Tobacco Settlement Endowment Fund accounts for all of the proceeds from the sale of the State's right to receive payments under the Attorneys General Master Tobacco Settlement of November 23, 1998, and all investment earnings on the proceeds.

#### Major Enterprise Funds

- Patients Compensation Fund accounts for the program to provide excess medical malpractice insurance for Wisconsin health care providers. The revenues to finance this insurance are primarily derived from assessments against health care providers.
- Environmental Improvement Fund accounts for financial resources generated and used for clean water projects.
   Federal capitalization grants, interest earnings, revenue bond proceeds, and general obligation bond proceeds are its primary revenue sources.
- Veterans Mortgage Loan Repayment Fund accounts for the issuance and administration of veterans' first mortgage loans. Revenues are primarily derived from bond proceeds, mortgage payments, and investment income.
- University of Wisconsin System Fund accounts for the 13 universities, 13 two-year colleges, the University of Wisconsin Extension and System Administration.
- Unemployment Insurance Reserve Fund accounts for unemployment contributions made by employers, federal program receipts, benefit payment recoveries and unemployment benefits paid to laid off workers in the State.

In addition, the State reports the following fund types:

#### Governmental Funds

- Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. Examples include the Conservation Fund and the Petroleum Inspection Fund.
- Debt Service Funds account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.
- Capital Projects Funds account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds)
- Permanent Funds account for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the State's programs.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

- Enterprise Funds account for the activities for which fees are charged to external users for goods or services. Examples include the Lottery Fund and the Veterans Trust Fund.
- Internal Service Funds account for the operations of State
  agencies which provide goods or services to other State units
  or other governments on a cost-reimbursement basis. These
  services include technology, fleet management, financial,
  facilities management, and risk management. Additional goods
  and services are provided by the inmate work experience
  program, Badger State Industries.

#### Fiduciary Funds

- Pension (And Other Employee Benefit) Trust Funds account for the Wisconsin Retirement System as well as other employee benefit programs including accumulated sick leave, employee reimbursement accounts, life insurance and deferred compensation.
- Investment Trust Funds account for the local government investment pool managed by the State Treasurer and the Milwaukee Retirement System.
- Private-purpose Trust Funds account for escheated property held by the State for private individuals, State-sponsored college savings programs, and the special death benefit program for the former Milwaukee Teacher Retirement fund.
- Agency Funds account for assets held by the State for inmates and residents of state facilities, deposits of bank and insurance companies doing business in the state, assets of liquidated insurance companies to insure payments to claimants, and the collection and disbursement of courtordered support payments.

Amounts reported as program revenues on the government-wide financial statements include (a) charges for services – amounts received from customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from the goods, services or privileges provided by the State; or investment and interest earnings from various loan and insurance funds/component units, (b) program-specific operating grants and contributions, and (c) program-specific capital grants and contributions. General revenues consist of taxes and all other revenues that do not meet the definition of program revenues. Special items, if any, are significant transactions or events within the control of management that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. This includes all internal service fund activity, as well as, other internal allocations. Exceptions to this general rule are certain charges between various functions of the government, whose elimination would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

The revenues and expenses shown on the proprietary fund statements are identified as either operating or nonoperating. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing goods and services in connection with a proprietary fund's primary mission. The State's enterprise funds are involved in many diverse fields including patient care, insurance programs, loan programs, the University of Wisconsin System, employee benefit plans, and the lottery. The internal service funds provide services and goods to other State agencies and departments.

A significant portion of operating revenues for the proprietary funds are recorded under charges for goods and services. In the case of the State's insurance and loan enterprise funds, investment and interest income is an important component of operating revenue. Operating revenues of the University of Wisconsin include tuition and fees, certain grants and contracts resulting from exchange transactions, and sales and services of educational activities and auxiliary enterprises. In regards to the employee benefit plans, the primary operating revenue source is participant and employer contributions. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include the costs of sales and services, benefit expenses, administration expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not related to a fund's primary purpose are reported as nonoperating.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the State's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets/Equity

#### 1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash balances of most funds are deposited with the State Treasurer where the available balances beyond immediate needs are pooled in the State Investment Fund for short-term investment purposes. Balances pooled are restricted to legally stipulated investments valued consistent with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools. Cash balances not controlled by the State Treasurer may be invested where permitted by statute.

Cash and cash equivalents, reported on the balance sheet and statement of cash flows, include bank accounts, petty cash, cash in transit, short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less such as certificates of deposit, money market certificates and repurchase agreements and individual funds' shares in the State Investment Fund.

#### 2. Investments

#### **Primary Government**

The State may invest in direct obligations of the United States and Canada, securities guaranteed by the United States, certificates of deposit issued by banks in the United States and solvent financial institutions in the State, commercial paper and nonsecured corporate notes and bonds, bankers acceptances, participation agreements, privately placed bonds and mortgages, common and preferred stock and other securities approved by applicable sections of the Wisconsin Statutes, bond resolutions, and various trust indentures (see Note 5 to the financial statements).

Generally, investments of the primary government are reported at fair value consistent with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools. Typically, fair value information is determined using quoted market prices. However, when quoted market prices are not available for certain securities, fair values are estimated through techniques such as discounted future cash flows, matrix pricing and multi-tiers.

There are a certain number of securities carried at cost. Certain non-public or closely held stock are carried at cost since no independent quotation is available to price these securities. Further, certain investment agreements are reported on a cost basis because the State cannot readily determine whether these agreements meet the definition of interest-earning investment contracts as defined by GASB Statement No. 31. However, the impact on the financial statements is immaterial.

Under Wisconsin Statutes, the investment earnings of certain Permanent Funds are assigned to other funds. The following table shows the funds earning the investment income and the ultimate recipients of that income:

Fund Generating Investment Income	Fund Receiving Investment Income
Agricultural College	University of Wisconsin System
University Benevolent	University of Wisconsin System General

Component Units

Investments of the Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority (the Authority) are reported at fair value based on quoted market prices. Collateralized and uncollateralized investment agreements are not transferable and are considered nonparticipating contracts. As such, both types of investment agreements are reported at contract value.

Investments of the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority (the Hospital) in equity securities with readily determinable fair values and all investments in debt securities are reported at fair value based on quoted market prices.

Certain investments of the Wisconsin Health Care Liability Insurance Plan are reported on a cost basis; however, the impact on the financial statements is not material.

Except for forward delivery agreements, investments of the Badger Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation are reported at fair value. Forward delivery agreements are securities with maturities of one year or less and are reported at cost.

#### 3. Mortgage and Other Loans

Mortgage loans of the Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority, a component unit, are carried at their unpaid principal balance, less allowance for possible loan losses. Loan origination fees and associated costs are deferred and recognized as income or expenses over the projected life of the loan.

Mortgage loans of the Veterans Mortgage Loan Repayment Bonds and the Veterans Trust Fund programs, business-type activities, are stated at the outstanding loan balance with origination fees and associated costs deferred and recognized over a fifteen year period using the straight-line method.

#### 4. Forestation State Tax

The State levies an annual tax of two-tenths of one mill for each dollar of the assessed valuation of the property in the State, as described in Wis. Stat. Sec. 70.58. This tax is levied for the purpose of acquiring, preserving and developing the forests of the state; for forest crop law and county forest law administration and aid payments; and for the acquisition, purchase and development of forests. The proceeds of the tax are paid to the Conservation Fund.

This tax, the only property tax levied by the State, is levied to each county on or before the fourth Monday in August of each year on assessed valuation as of January 1 of that year. The tax is due and payable January 31 or on the due dates established through an installment option permitted under Wis. Stat. Sec. 74.12.

Consistent with the requirements of GASB Interpretation No. 5, Property Tax Revenue Recognition in Governmental Funds, collections received July 1 through August 31 that were due but unpaid at June 30 are accrued.

#### 5. Interfund Assets/Liabilities

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. The balance sheet classifies these receivables and payables as "Due from Other Funds" or "Due to Other Funds." Short-term interfund loans are classified as "Interfund Receivables" or "Interfund Payables."

Long-term interfund loans are classified as "Advances to Other Funds" and "Advances from Other Funds." Advances to Other Funds, as reported in the governmental fund financial statements, are offset with a fund balance reserve to indicate that they are neither available for appropriation nor expendable available financial resources.

Transactions that occur between the primary government and component units are classified as "Due to/from Primary Government" and, correspondingly, "Due to/from Component Units".

Amounts reported in the funds as interfund assets/liabilities are eliminated in the governmental and business-type columns of the Statement of Net Assets, except for the net residual amount due between governmental and business-type activities which is shown as internal balances.

#### 6. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of governmental and proprietary funds are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out, last in/first out, or weighted-average method. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed.

Inventories of the University of Wisconsin System held by central stores are valued at average cost, fuels are valued at market, and other inventories held by individual institutional cost centers are valued using a variety of cost flow assumptions that, for each type of inventory, are consistently applied from year to year.

Prepaid items reflect payments for costs applicable to future accounting periods.

The fund balances of governmental funds are reserved for inventories and prepaid items, except in cases where prepaid items are offset by deferred revenues, to indicate that these accounts do not represent expendable available financial resources.

#### 7. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, land and infrastructure assets (roads, bridges, and buildings considered an ancillary part of roads) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Assets, other than infrastructure and land purchased for the construction of infrastructure assets, are capitalized when they have a unit cost of \$5,000 or more except for a collection of library resources that must have a cumulative value equal to or greater than \$5.0 million.

Purchased or constructed capital assets are valued at cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not practicably determinable. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair value at the time received.

The State has elected to report infrastructure assets (roads. bridges and buildings considered an ancillary part of roads) using the modified approach. Under this method infrastructure assets are not required to be depreciated if the State manages its eligible infrastructure assets using an asset management system designed to maintain and preserve its infrastructure assets at a condition level established and disclosed by the State. All infrastructure assets constructed prior to July 1, 2000 have been recorded at estimated historical cost. The estimated historical cost was determined by calculating current cost of a similar asset and deflating that cost through the use of a price-index to the estimated average construction date. Costs, which exclude right of way, are expressed in 2000 dollars and deflated back to the average construction date using the Federal Highway Administration's composite index for federal-aid highway construction. The costs of maintenance and preservation that do not add to the asset's capacity or efficiency are not capitalized. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized.

Exhaustible capital assets of the primary government and the component units are depreciated on the straight-line method over the asset's useful life. Depreciation expense is recorded in the government-wide financial statements, as well as the proprietary funds and component units. There is no depreciation recorded for land, construction in process, infrastructure and other capital assets defined as inexhaustible (except for construction in progress reported by the University of Wisconsin System, which is included in the applicable major capital assets categories). Generally, estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and improvements 4 - 45 years Equipment, machinery and furnishings 3 - 27 years

Collections of works of art, historical treasures, and similar assets, which are on public display, used in furtherance of historical education, or involved in advancement of artistic or historical research, are not capitalized unless these collections were

already capitalized at June 30, 1999. Collections range from memorabilia on display in the Wisconsin Veterans Museum, the State Historical Society Museum and other museums to buildings such as the Villa Louis Mansion and the Fur Trade Museum located at the Villa Louis historical site. In addition, works of art or historical treasures on display in the various State office buildings, as well as statues on display outside the State Capitol, also are not capitalized.

#### 8. Restricted and Limited Use Assets

Proprietary Fund and component unit assets required to be held and/or used as specified in bond indentures, bond resolutions, trustee agreements, board resolutions, and donor specifications have been reported as Restricted and Limited Use Assets. These assets are classified into two categories: Cash and Cash Equivalents, and Investments.

#### 9. Local Assistance Aids

#### **Municipal and County Shared Revenue Program**

Through the Municipal and County Shared Revenue Program, the State distributes general revenues collected from general State tax sources to municipal and county governments to be used for providing local government services. State statutes require that payment to local governments be made during July and November.

At June 30, 2003, the State was liable to various local governments for unpaid shared revenue aid. To measure the amount of the program allocable to the State's fiscal year, the amount is prorated over portions of recipient local governments' calendar fiscal years that are within the State's fiscal year. The result is that a liability of \$519.8 million representing one-half of the total appropriated amount is reported at June 30, 2003 as Due To Other Governments.

#### State Property Tax Credit Program

At June 30, 2003, the State was liable to various taxing jurisdictions for property tax credits paid through the State Property Tax Credit Program. Under the program, payments to local taxing jurisdictions provide property tax relief directly to taxpayers in the form of State credits on individual property tax bills. State statutes require that payment to local taxing jurisdictions be made during July. Although the property tax credit is calculated on the property tax levy for school purposes, the State's July payment is paid to an administering municipality who treats the payment the same as other tax collections and distributes the collections to the various tax levying jurisdictions (e.g., cities; towns; villages; school districts; technical colleges).

The school portion of the property tax credit liability represents the amount of the July payment earned over the school districts' previous fiscal year ended June 30. Since the entire school districts' portion of the July payment occurs within the State's fiscal year, 100 percent of the July payment relating to the school taxing jurisdictions' levy is reported as a liability at June 30, 2003.

The general government portion of the property tax credit liability represents the amount of the July payment prorated over the portion of the local governments' calendar year which is within the State's fiscal year. The result is that 50 percent of the July payment based on the general government taxing jurisdictions' levy is reported as a liability at June 30, 2003.

The aggregated State Property Tax Credit Program liability of \$353.6 million is reported in the General Fund as Due to Other Governments.

#### **Lottery Property Tax Credit Program**

The Lottery Property Tax Credit provides direct property tax relief to taxpayers in the form of State Credits on property tax bills. Under the program, owners of property used as a primary residence receive a tax credit equal to the school property tax on a portion of the dwelling's value.

The State pays municipal treasurers for lottery credits who distribute the moneys to the various taxing jurisdictions. For credits reducing the calendar year 2003 property tax bills, the State made this payment in March 2003.

The Lottery Tax Credit Program is accounted for in the Lottery Fund, an enterprise fund, that records revenues and expenses on the accrual basis. A portion of the State's March payment distributed to the general government taxing jurisdictions applies to their fiscal year that ends on December 31. Therefore, part of the March distribution represents an expense of the State in Fiscal Year 2003, while the remaining portion represents a prepaid item. The resulting Prepaid Item reported within the Lottery Fund totals \$26.1 million at June 30, 2003.

#### **State Aid for Exempt Computers**

The Aid for Exempt Computers compensates local governments for tax base lost due to the property tax exemption for computers, software and related equipment. Aid payments are calculated using a procedure that results in an aid amount equal to the amount of taxes that would be paid if the property were taxable. Payments to local governments are made on the first Monday in May.

A portion of the May payment distributed to the general government taxing jurisdictions, Tax Incremental Districts, and special districts applies to their fiscal period ending December 31. Therefore, part of the May distribution represents an expense to

the State in Fiscal Year 2003, while the remaining portion represents a prepaid item. The resulting Prepaid Item within the General Fund totals \$20.8 million at June 30, 2003.

#### 10. Long-term Debt Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt is reported as a liability. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized using the effective interest rate method on a prospective basis beginning in Fiscal Year 2002. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums and discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources and other financing uses, respectively.

Debt issuance costs, as well as bond premiums and discounts, relating to revenue obligations of the Environmental Improvement Fund, an enterprise fund, were deferred and are being amortized using the effective interest rate method.

Debt issuance costs relating to general obligation bonds of the Veterans Mortgage Loan Repayment Fund and the University of Wisconsin System Fund, both enterprise funds, are amortized ratably over the life of the obligations to which they relate. On the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, related to the Transportation Revenue Bonds and the Petroleum Inspection Fee Obligation Revenue Bonds (which finance programs in a capital projects fund and a special revenue fund, respectively) are also amortized ratably over the life of the obligations to which they relate. Results from the use of this method do not vary materially from those that would be obtained by use of the effective interest rate method.

Debt issuance costs, and bond premiums and discounts, of the Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority and the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority, both component units, are amortized ratably over the life of the obligations to which they relate.

Debt issuance costs, bond premiums and discounts of the Badger Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation, a component unit, are capitalized and amortized over the lives of the related debt using the interest method.

#### 11. Compensated Absences

Consistent with the compensated absences reporting standards of GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, an accrual for certain salary-related payments associated with annual leave and an accrual for sick leave is included in the compensated absences liability at year end.

#### **Annual Leave**

Full-time employees' annual leave days are credited on January 1 of each calendar year at a minimum of 10 days per year. There is no requirement to use annual leave. However, unused leave is lost unless approval to carry over the unused portion is obtained from the employing agency. Compensatory time accumulates for eligible employees for hours worked in excess of forty hours per week. Each full-time employee is eligible for three and one-half personal holidays each calendar year, provided the employee is in pay status for at least one day in the year. If a holiday occurs on a Saturday, employees receive leave time proportional to their working status to use at their discretion.

The State's compensated absence liability at June 30 consists of accumulated unpaid annual leave, compensatory time, personal holiday hours, and Saturday/legal hours earned and vested during January through June. The liability is reported in the governmentwide, proprietary fund types and fiduciary funds. In the component units the obligation is reported as a fund liability.

#### Sick Leave

Full-time employees earn sick leave at a rate of five hours per pay period. Unused sick leave is accumulated from year to year without limit until termination or retirement. Accumulated sick leave is not paid. However, at employee retirement the accumulated sick leave may be converted to pay for the retiree's health insurance premiums. The State accumulates resources to pay for the expected health insurance premiums of retired employees. That portion of the total health insurance obligation for which the State has already accumulated resources is presented in the Accumulated Sick Leave Fund, a pension and other employee benefit trust fund.

#### 12. Deferred Revenue

In the government-wide statements and proprietary fund financial statements deferred revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Deferred revenues arise when resources are received by the State before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant moneys are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the State has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed and revenue is recognized. In the

governmental fund statements revenues are also deferred for amounts that are unearned or unavailable.

Deferred revenues of the University of Wisconsin System consist of payments received but not earned at June 30, 2003, primarily for summer session tuition, tuition and room deposits for the next fall term, advance ticket sales for upcoming intercollegiate athletic events, and amounts received from grant and contract sponsors that have not yet been earned under the terms of the agreement.

#### 13. Self-Insurance

Consistent with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues, the State's risk management activities are reported in an internal service fund, and the claims liabilities associated with that fund are reported therein.

The State's policy is generally not to purchase commercial insurance for the risk of losses to which it is exposed. Instead, State management believes it is more economical to manage its own risks internally. The Risk Management Fund, an internal service fund, is used to pay for losses incurred by any State agency and for administrative costs incurred to manage a statewide risk management program. These losses include damage to property owned by the agencies, personal injury or property damage liabilities incurred by a State officer, agent or employee, and worker's compensation costs for State employees. A limited amount of insurance is purchased to limit the exposure to catastrophic losses. Annually, a charge is allocated to each agency for its proportionate share of the estimated cost attributable to the program per Wis. Stat. Sec. 16.865(8).

#### 14. Fund Balance Reserves and Restricted Net Assets/Fund Equity

#### **Fund Balance Reserves**

Reservations of fund balances of governmental funds represent amounts that are not available for appropriation. Examples of fund balance reservations include reserves for encumbrances, inventories and prepaid items.

#### **Restricted Net Assets/Fund Equity**

Restricted Net Assets (presented in the government-wide statement of net assets) and Restricted Fund Equity (presented in the balance sheet of proprietary funds) are reported when constraints placed on net assets or fund equity use are either (1) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulation of other governments, or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions. Unrestricted net assets or fund equity may be used at the State's discretion but often have limitations on use based on State statutes.

#### NOTE 2. DETAILED RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND STATEMENTS

## A. Explanation of Differences Between the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds and the Statement of Net Assets

During the year ended June 30, 2003, the following adjustments and reclassifications were necessary to reconcile the information from the fund-based Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the amounts presented in the governmental section of the Statement of Net Assets (in thousands). The differences result primarily from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Assets compared to the current financial focus of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds.

	Total Governmental Funds	Long-term Assets, Liabilities (1)	Internal Service Funds (2)	Reclassifications and Eliminations (3)	Total Amount for Statement of Net Assets
Assets:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ , ,	\$ -	\$ 35,142	\$ -	\$ 1,402,063
Investments	152,290	-	-	-	152,290
Receivables:					
Taxes	1,214,155	-	-	(1,214,155)	-
Loans to Local Governments	251,418	-	-	(251,418)	-
Other Receivables	205,987	1,849	899	2,154,230	2,362,964
Due from Other Funds	252,364	-	29,664	(282,028)	-
Due from Component Units	5	-	-	(5)	-
Interfund Receivables	486	-	-	(486)	-
Due from Other Governments	656,146	-	-	(656,146)	-
Internal Balances	-	-	2,523	4,096	6,619
Inventories	36,343	4,044	6,102	-	46,488
Prepaid Items	323,014	-	26,477	-	349,491
Advances to Other Funds	1,850	-	-	(1,850)	-
Other Assets	694	-	-	-	694
Deferred Charges	-	25,372	810	-	26,182
Depreciable Capital Assets	-	1,135,565	284,750	-	1,420,315
Infrastructure	-	9,352,302	-	-	9,352,302
Other Non-depreciable Capital Assets	-	2,515,166	25,777	-	2,540,944
Total Assets	\$ 4,461,672	\$ 13,034,298	\$ 412,144	\$ (247,762)	\$ 17,660,352
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable and Other					
Accrued Liabilities	\$ 894,490	\$ _	\$ 29,385	\$ 707,001	\$ 1,630,876
Due to Other Funds	269,749	_	42,388	(312,138)	· · ·
Due to Component Units	1,400	_	-	(1,400)	-
Interfund Payables	636,891	_	-	(636,891)	-
Due to Other Governments	1,642,480	685	-	· - /	1,643,165
Tax Refunds Payable	1,013,459	_	-	_	1,013,459
Tax and Other Deposits	30,873	_	-	_	30,873
Deferred Revenue	630,812	(291,235)	10,135	_	349,712
Interest Payable	37,805	24,874	-	_	62,680
Advances from Other Funds	4,334	-	-	(4,334)	· -
Short Term Notes Payable	543,643	_	31,126	- '	574,769
Long-term Liabilities:					
Short-term Portion	_	307,309	35,739	59,040	402,087
Long-term Portion	_	4,739,587	265,388	-	5,004,974
General Obligation Bonds Payable	100	, , , , <u>-</u>	, <u>-</u>	(100)	· -
Revenue Bonds and Notes Payable	 58,940	-	-	(58,940)	-
Total Liabilities	5,764,976	4,781,220	414,160	(247,762)	10,712,594
Fund Balances/Net Assets	 (1,303,304)	8,253,078	(2,016)	-	6,947,758
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances/Net Assets	\$ 4,461,672	\$ 13,034,298	\$ 412,144	\$ (247,762)	\$ 17,660,352

- (1) Long-term asset and liability differences arise because governmental funds focus only on short-term financing (that is, resources that will be available to pay for current period expenditures). In contrast, the Statement of Net Assets has a long-term economic focus and reports on all capital and financial resources.
- (2) The adjustment for internal service funds reflects the reclassification of these funds for the government-wide statement. The assets and liabilities of these funds are reported as proprietary activities on the fund statements, but are included as governmental activities on the Statement of Net Assets
- (3) Various reclassifications are necessary due to the differing level of detail needed on each of the statements. Eliminations are done on the Statement of Net Assets to minimize the grossing-up effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental and business-type activities columns of the primary government. The net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities are shown as internal balances.

## B. Explanation of Differences Between the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds and the Statement of Activities

During the year ended June 30, 2003, the following adjustments and reclassifications were necessary to reconcile the information from the fund-based Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds to the amounts presented in the governmental section of the Statement of Activities (in thousands). The differences result primarily from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Activities compared to the current financial focus of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds.

	Total Governmental Funds	Long-term Revenues and Expenses (1)	Capital-Related Items (2)
Revenues:			
Taxes \$	11,270,818	\$ -	\$ -
Income Taxes		15.104	-
Sales & Excise Taxes	_	1,964	-
Public Utility Taxes	-	-	-
Other Taxes	-	(380)	-
Motor Fuel (Transportation) Taxes	-	(634)	-
Other Dedicated Taxes	-	(88)	-
Intergovernmental	5,984,658	· -	-
Operating Grants	-	-	775
Capital Grants	-	-	896
Unrestricted Grants	-	-	-
Licenses and Permits	891,260	-	-
Charges for Goods and Services	247,519	1,615	-
Investment and Interest Income	48,838	-	-
Fines and Forfeitures/Contributions to Permanent Fund	55,834	-	-
Gifts and Donations	14,342	-	-
Other Revenues:		(7,462)	(945)
Intergovernmental Transfer	598,580	-	-
Tobacco Settlement	153,923	-	-
Other	139,531	-	-
Total Revenues	19,405,302	10,119	727
Expenditures:			
Current Operating:			
Commerce	226,182	(52)	2,512
Education	5,649,280	173	6,143
Transportation	1,519,266	(1,667)	74,927
Environmental Resources	464,479	(1,359)	12,321
Human Relations and Resources	8,113,457	(9,531)	49,737
General Executive	490,846	(2,592)	4,078
Judicial	104,930	(841)	3,893
Legislative	60,175	(935)	444
Tax Relief and Other General Expenditures	845,130	-	-
Intergovernmental	1,107,958	-	-
Debt Service:			
Principal	270,719	<u>-</u>	-
Interest and Other Charges	226,469	55,205	
Capital Outlay	691,586	=	(691,586)
Total Expenditures	19,770,479	38,402	(537,531)
Excess of Revenues Over			
(Under) Expenditures	(365,177)	(28,282)	538,258
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Net Transfers	(1,085,031)	18,561	741
Long-term Debt Issued	506.524	_	-
Premium/Discount on Bonds	31,640	-	-
Installment Purchase Acquisitions	2,863	(2,863)	-
Capital Leases Acquisitions	17,143	(17,143)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(526,862)	(1,445)	741
Net Change in Fund Balance	(892,038)	\$ (29,727)	\$ 538,999
Change in Reserve for Inventories	(164)		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
Net Change for the Year \$	(892,202)	•	
=	(,)	•	

<sup>(1)</sup> Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available," while government-wide statements report revenues when earned. Long-term expense differences arise because governmental funds report operating expenses (including interest) using the modified accrual basis of accounting, while government-wide statements report using the accrual basis of accounting.

<sup>(2)</sup> Capital-related adjustments consist of the difference between proceeds for the sales of capital assets and the gain or loss from the sales of capital assets, and from the difference between capital outlay expenditures recorded in the governmental funds and depreciation expense recorded in the government-wide statements

<sup>(3)</sup> The adjustment for internal service funds reflects the elimination of these funds from the government-wide statement, which is accomplished by charging/refunding additional amounts to participating governmental activities to completely offset the internal service funds' cost for the year.

	Internal Service Funds (3)	Long-term Debt Transactions (4)	Eliminations (5)	Revenue/Expense Reclassifications (6)	Total Amount for Statement of Activities
	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	(11 270 818) \$	_
	- *	-	-		5,502,423
	-	-	-	4,100,385	4,102,350
	-	-	-		273,892
	-	-	-		277,633
	-	-	-		
	-	-	-	206,072	205,984
	-	-	22.050	(5,984,658)	- E 42E 72E
15,632   -   (28,265)   926,325   1,162,82	_		33,930		
15,632   -   (28,265)   926,325   1,162,82   22   -     (26,507)   22,33   (26,507)   22,33   (26,507)   22,33   (26,507)   22,33   (31,605)   20,77   (31,605)   20,77   (31,605)   20,77   (31,605)   20,77   (31,605)	_	_	_		2
15,632	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>		-
22         -         -         (26,507)         22,3%           -         -         -         (14,342)         389,6%           -         -         908,043         899,6%           -         -         908,043         899,6%           -         -         (588,580)         (153,923)           -         -         (159,551)         (153,923)           -         -         (159,551)         (159,551)           (470)         -         (3,829)         33         224,37           (3,176)         -         22,350         369         5,675,15           (2,580)         135         -         629         1,590,7           (379)         50         (168)         24         474,9           (6,383)         202         11,573         (840)         8,158,2           21,724         (239)         (24,241)         (134)         489,4           (223)         76         -         -         10,373)         843,7           -         -         -         -         59,7         -           (239)         314         -         -         -         -         -         -	15.632	-	(28.265)	926.325	1,162,827
		-	(==,===,		22,353
	-	-	-		20,769
	-	-	-		-
	-	-	-		899,636
	-	-	-		-
15,655	-	-	-		-
(470)     -     (3,829)     33     224,37       (3,176)     -     22,350     369     5,675,15       (2,580)     135     -     629     1,590,77       (379)     50     (168)     24     474,96       (6,383)     202     11,573     (840)     8,158,27       21,724     (239)     (24,241)     (134)     489,44       (223)     76     -     -     107,88       (239)     314     -     -     59,78       -     -     -     1,373)     843,78       -     -     -     1,107,98       -     -     -     -     1,107,98       -     -     -     -     -     1,107,98       -     -     -     -     -     -     -       10,091     (631)     -     -     -     -     -       10,091     (631)     -     1,446     292,57       -     -     -     -     -     -     -       (2,709)     270,814     -     15,855     428,78       (17,858)     -     -     -     -     -       -     (506,524)     -     -     -     <	-	-	-		-
(3,176)     -     22,350     369     5,675,12       (2,580)     135     -     629     1,590,71       (379)     50     (168)     24     474,99       (6,383)     202     11,573     (840)     8,158,22       21,724     (239)     (24,241)     (134)     489,44       (223)     76     -     -     -     10,78       (239)     314     -     -     -     59,76       -     -     -     (1,373)     843,78       -     -     -     (1,373)     843,78       -     -     -     -     1,107,98       -     -     -     -     -     -       10,091     (631)     -     -     -     -       10,091     (631)     -     1,446     292,57       18,364     (270,814)     5,685     155     19,024,73       (2,709)     270,814     -     15,855     428,75       (17,858)     -     -     -     -       -     (31,640)     -     -     -       -     -     -     -     -       -     -     -     -     -       -     - <td>15,655</td> <td>-</td> <td>5,685</td> <td>16,009</td> <td>19,453,497</td>	15,655	-	5,685	16,009	19,453,497
(3,176)     -     22,350     369     5,675,12       (2,580)     135     -     629     1,590,71       (379)     50     (168)     24     474,99       (6,383)     202     11,573     (840)     8,158,22       21,724     (239)     (24,241)     (134)     489,44       (223)     76     -     -     -     10,78       (239)     314     -     -     -     59,76       -     -     -     (1,373)     843,78       -     -     -     (1,373)     843,78       -     -     -     -     1,107,98       -     -     -     -     -     -       10,091     (631)     -     -     -     -       10,091     (631)     -     1,446     292,57       18,364     (270,814)     5,685     155     19,024,73       (2,709)     270,814     -     15,855     428,75       (17,858)     -     -     -     -       -     (31,640)     -     -     -       -     -     -     -     -       -     -     -     -     -       -     - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
(2,580)         135         —         629         1,590,71         (379)         50         (168)         24         474,94         (6,383)         202         11,573         (840)         8,158,21         21,724         (239)         (24,241)         (134)         489,44         (223)         76         —         —         10,732         10,783         2843,75         —         —         10,793         843,75         —         —         59,75         —         —         1,107,98         —         —         1,107,98         —         —         1,107,98         —         —         —         1,107,98         —         —         —         1,107,98         —         —         —         1,107,98         — </td <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>224,377</td>		-			224,377
(379)     50     (168)     24     474,96       (6,383)     202     11,573     (840)     8,1582       21,724     (239)     (24,241)     (134)     489,44       (223)     76     -     -     107,85       (239)     314     -     -     -     59,75       -     -     -     -     1,373)     843,75       -     -     -     -     1,107,95       -     -     -     -     1,107,95       -     -     -     -     -       10,091     (631)     -     -     -       10,091     (631)     -     -     -       18,364     (270,814)     5,685     155     19,024,73       (2,709)     270,814     -     15,855     428,75       (17,858)     -     -     -     -       -     (31,640)     -     -     -       -     -     -     -     -       -     -     -     -     -       -     -     -     -     -       (17,858)     -     -     -     -       -     -     -     -     -       - <td></td> <td>=</td> <td>22,350</td> <td>369</td> <td>5,675,138</td>		=	22,350	369	5,675,138
(6,383)       202       11,573       (840)       8,158,22         21,724       (239)       (24,241)       (134)       489,44         (223)       76       -       -       107,85         (239)       314       -       -       59,75         -       -       -       (1,373)       843,75         -       -       -       -       1,107,95         -       -       -       -       -       1,107,95         -       -       -       -       -       -       -       1,107,95         -					1,590,710
21,724       (239)       (24,241)       (134)       489,44         (223)       76       -       -       -       107,85         (239)       314       -       -       59,75         -       -       -       (1,373)       843,75         -       -       -       -       1,107,95         -       (270,719)       -       -       -         -       (631)       -       1,446       292,57         -       -       -       1,446       292,57         -       -       -       -       1,092,67         -       -       -       -       -       -         (2,709)       270,814       -       15,855       428,75         (17,858)       -       -       -       -       -         -       (31,640)       -       -       -       -         -       -       -       -       -       -       -         (17,858)       (538,163)       -       (16,019)       (1,099,60       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -<	(379)		(168)		
(223)       76       -       107,85         (239)       314       -       -       59,75         -       -       -       (1,373)       843,75         -       -       -       1,107,95         -       -       -       -       1,107,95         -       -       -       -       -       -         10,091       (631)       -	(6,383)				
(239)       314       -       -       59,75         -       -       -       (1,373)       843,75         -       -       -       1,107,95         -       -       -       -       1,107,95         -       -       -       -       -       -         10,091       (631)       -			(24,241)	(134)	
			-	- -	
	(239)	514		(1 373)	
10,091				(1,575)	
10,091 (631) - 1,446 292,57  18,364 (270,814) 5,685 155 19,024,73  (2,709) 270,814 - 15,855 428,75  (17,858) (16,019) (1,099,60  - (506,524) (31,640) (31,640)  - (17,858) (16,019) (1,099,60)  (17,858) (538,163) - (16,019) (1,099,60)  \$ (20,568) \$ (267,349) \$ 0 (164) (670,845)					1,107,000
10,091 (631) - 1,446 292,57  18,364 (270,814) 5,685 155 19,024,73  (2,709) 270,814 - 15,855 428,75  (17,858) (16,019) (1,099,60  - (506,524) (31,640) (31,640)  - (17,858) (16,019) (1,099,60)  (17,858) (538,163) - (16,019) (1,099,60)  \$ (20,568) \$ (267,349) \$ 0 (164) (670,845)	-	(270,719)	-	-	-
(2,709)     270,814     -     15,855     428,75       (17,858)     -     -     (16,019)     (1,099,60)       -     (506,524)     -     -       -     (31,640)     -     -       -     -     -     -       -     -     -     -       (17,858)     (538,163)     -     (16,019)     (1,099,60)       \$     (20,568)     (267,349)     0     (164)     (670,842)	10,091		-	1,446	292,579
(2,709)     270,814     -     15,855     428,75       (17,858)     -     -     (16,019)     (1,099,60)       -     (506,524)     -     -       -     (31,640)     -     -       -     -     -     -       -     -     -     -       (17,858)     (538,163)     -     (16,019)     (1,099,60)       \$     (20,568)     (267,349)     0     (164)     (670,842)	-	-	-	-	-
(17,858) (16,019) (1,099,600 (31,640) (31,640) (31,640)	18,364	(270,814)	5,685	155	19,024,739
- (506,524)	(2,709)	270,814	-	15,855	428,758
- (506,524)					
(31,640)	(17,858)	(500 504)	-	(16,019)	(1,099,606)
(17,858)     (538,163)     -     (16,019)     (1,099,60)       \$ (20,568)     \$ (267,349)     0     (164)     (670,84)	-		-	-	-
\$ (20,568) \$ (267,349) \$ 0 (164) (670,84	-	(31,640)	-	-	-
\$ (20,568) \$ (267,349) \$ 0 (164) (670,84	-	<del>-</del>	- -	- -	-
	(17,858)	(538,163)	-	(16,019)	(1,099,606)
	\$ (20,568) \$	(267,349) \$	0	(164)	(670,848)
	. (==,==0) ₩	(,) Ψ			(=: =,0:0)
\$ (0) \$ (670,84)			\$		(670,848)

<sup>(4)</sup> Long-term debt transaction differences consist of bond proceeds and principal repayments reported as other financing sources and expenditures in governmental funds, but as increases and decreases in liabilities in the government-wide statements.

<sup>(5)</sup> Intra-entity activity within the same function is eliminated to remove the grossing up of both direct expenses and program revenues within that category.

 <sup>(6)</sup> Revenue and expense reclassifications are necessary due to the differing level of detail needed on each of the statements. In addition, the Statement of Activities focuses on program revenue, which has been redefined from the traditional revenue source categories.

#### **NOTE 3. BUDGETARY CONTROL**

The legal level of budgetary control for Wisconsin is at the function, agency, program, appropriation-level. Supplemental appropriations require the approval of the Joint Finance Committee of the Legislature. Routine adjustments, such as pay plan supplements and rent increases, are distributed by the Division of Executive Budget and Finance from non-agency specific appropriations authorized by the Legislature. Various supplemental appropriations were approved during the year and have been incorporated into the budget figures.

Due to the continuing economic downturn, tax revenue collections throughout fiscal year 2003 were significantly less than the original estimates. As a consequence of this revenue shortfall, various budget repair bills were needed to bring expenditures in line with expected revenues. The net result of these bills, along with earlier cost-saving legislation, was that additional expenditure controls were enacted, segregated funds were required to transfer additional funds to the General Fund, and payment of a portion of the expenditures for the State's shared revenue program was temporarily shifted from General Fund to Tobacco Settlement Endowment Fund resources.

The budgetary comparison schedule and related disclosures for the General and all major special revenue funds are reported as Required Supplementary Information. This schedule presents the original budget, the final budget and actual data of the current period. The related disclosures describe the budgetary practices of the State, as well as, provide a detailed reconciliation between the General and major special revenue funds' equity balance on the budgetary basis compared to the GAAP basis as shown on the governmental fund statements.

## NOTE 4. DEFICIT FUND BALANCE/FUND EQUITY/NET ASSETS

In addition to the General Fund, funds reporting a deficit fund balance, fund equity, or net assets position at June 30, 2003 are (in thousands):

Special Revenue:	
Petroleum Inspection	\$ 256,847
Information Technology Investment	2,984
Capital Projects:	
Capital Improvement	194,829
Transportation Revenue Bonds	70,463
Enterprise:	
Duty Disability	197,566
Internal Service:	
Fleet Service	814
Risk Management	116,526
Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust:	
Accumulated Sick Leave	688,311

#### **NOTE 5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

The State maintains a short-term investment "pool", the State Investment Fund, for the State, its agencies and departments, and certain other public institutions which elect to participate. The investment "pool" is managed by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board (the Board) which is further authorized to carry out investment activities for certain enterprise, trust and agency funds. A small number of State agencies and the University of Wisconsin System also carry out investment activities separate from the Board. Disclosures of the State's investment activities are presented in the following categories: State Investment Fund, Other Funds Managed by the Board, Other State Agencies and Funds, the University of Wisconsin System, and Component Units.

#### A. Deposits

#### **Primary Government**

Deposits include cash and cash equivalents on deposit in banks or other financial institutions, and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit. The majority of the State's deposits are under the control of the State Treasurer. The State Treasurer maintains multiple accounts with an agreement with the bank that allows an overdraft in one account if the overdraft is offset by balances in other accounts.

The State's insured deposits are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and an appropriation for losses on public deposits. The State, as required by Wis. Stat. Sec. 34.08, is to make payments to public depositors for proofs of loss up to \$400 thousand per depositor above the amount of federal insurance. Payments are made, until the funds available in the appropriation are exhausted, in the order in which satisfactory proofs of loss are received by the State's Department of Financial Institutions.

At June 30, 2003, the carrying amount of the primary government deposits reported as cash was \$(43.5) million and the bank balance was \$244.7 million. In addition, \$150.0 million of International Time Deposits, reported on the financial statements as investments, are considered uncollateralized and uninsured. Of the bank amount, excluding a bank overdraft of \$37.7 million in two bank accounts that are covered by compensating balances in other accounts,

- \$9.5 million was covered by federal depository insurance, the State Public Deposit Guarantee Fund or collateralized with securities held by the State or its agent in the State's name, and
- \$272.9 million was uncollateralized and uninsured.

The State's unemployment compensation program had \$1,056.3 million on deposit with the U.S. Treasury. This amount is presented as Cash and Cash Equivalents and is not included in the carrying amount of deposits nor is it categorized according to risk because it is neither a deposit with a financial institution nor an investment.

Petty cash and contingent accounts authorized under Wis. Stat. Sec 20.920, which are held by agencies and reported as Cash and Cash Equivalents in the amount of \$171 thousand, are not included in the carrying amount nor bank balance of deposits in this note because these are neither deposits nor investments.

#### **Component Units**

At June 30, 2003, the carrying amount of the component units' deposits was \$25.8 million and the bank balance was \$25.9 million. Of the bank amount, \$2.1 million was covered by federal depository insurance, the State Public Deposit Guarantee Fund or collateralized with securities held by the State or its agent in the State's name and \$23.8 million was uncollateralized and uninsured.

#### **B.** Investments

# **Primary Government**

#### State Investment Fund

This fund functions as the State's cash management fund by "pooling" the idle cash balances of all State funds and other public institutions. In the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, the State Investment Fund is not reported as a separate fund; rather, each State fund's share in the "pool" is reported on the balance sheet as "Cash and Cash Equivalents." Shares of the fund belonging to other participating public institutions are presented in the Local Government Pooled Investment Fund, an investment trust fund.

Wis. Stat. Secs. 25.17(3)(b), (ba) and (bd) enumerate the various types of securities in which the State Investment Fund can invest, which include direct obligations of the United States and Canada, securities guaranteed by the United States, securities of federally chartered corporations such as the African Development Bank, unsecured notes of financial and industrial issuers, Yankee/Euro issues, certificates of deposit issued by banks in the United States and solvent financial institutions in this State, and bankers acceptances. Other prudent investments may be approved by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board's Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees has given standing authority to the Board to invest in resale agreements, financial futures contracts, options and interest rate swaps.

#### Valuation of Securities

Investments are valued at fair value for financial statement purposes and amortized cost for purposes of calculating income to participants. The custodial bank has compiled fair value information for all securities by utilizing third party pricing services. Government and agency securities and commercial paper are priced using matrix pricing. This method estimates a security's fair value by using quoted market prices for securities with similar interest rates, maturities, and credit ratings. Repurchase agreements and certificates of deposit are valued at cost because they are nonparticipating contracts that do not capture interest rate changes in their value. Swaps are valued at the net present value of estimated expected future cash flows using discount rates commensurate with the risk involved. In addition, a bond issued by other State agencies having a par value of \$1.3 million is valued at par, which management believes approximates fair value. The fair value of investments is determined at the end of each month.

#### Pool Earnings and Pool Shares

For purposes of calculating earnings to each participant, all investments are valued at amortized cost. Specifically, income is distributed to pool participants monthly based on their average daily share balance. Distributed income includes realized investment gains and losses calculated on an amortized cost basis, interest income based on stated rates (both paid and accrued), amortization of discounts and premiums on a straight-line basis, and investment and administrative expenses. This method differs from the fair value method used to value investments because the amortized cost method is not designed to distribute to participants all unrealized gains and losses in the fair values of the pool's investments.

#### **Derivative Financial Instruments**

As of June 30, 2003, the only derivative financial instrument held by the State Investment Fund was a restructured interest rate swap. Each swap transaction involves the exchange of interest rate payment obligations without the exchange of underlying principal amounts. The notional amounts used to express the volume of these transactions do not represent the amounts subject to risk, but represent the amount on which both parties calculate interest rate obligations. The settlement of the interest rate exchange occurs at predetermined dates, with the net difference between the interest paid and interest received reflected as an increase in income. Entering into interest rate swap agreements subjects the investor to the possibility of financial loss in the event of adverse changes in market rates or nonperformance by the counterparty to the swap agreement. Selecting creditworthy counterparties mitigates credit risks arising from derivative transactions.

Restructured Investments - During fiscal year 1995, the State of Wisconsin Investment Board became aware of the existence of market exposure in certain swap agreements and structured bonds which could impair the earnings of the fund.

The State of Wisconsin Investment Board entered into agreements with two counterparties which resulted in the counterparties' assumption of all future market risk associated with ten swap agreements and two structured bonds. At the time of the agreement the counterparties assigned a market value to these investments of negative \$95.3 million. Within this restructuring, one swap agreement requires periodic payments over a period of ten years, while the other agreement requires periodic payment of the loss over a period of five years. Interest costs associated with the periodic payment of the loss over time is estimated to be \$24.8 million. Future period earnings will be charged as payments are made.

As of June 30, 2003, the fair value of the restructured investments was negative \$9.4 million while the amortized deferred loss was negative \$8.6 million.

The State of Wisconsin Investment Board has suspended the use of nonrisk reducing derivatives in the fund and investment guidelines prohibiting the use of such instruments were adopted by the Board on November 2, 1995.

#### **Deposits**

The State Investment Fund holds certificates of deposit at various Wisconsin banks as part of the Wisconsin Certificate of Deposit Program implemented in July 1987. As of June 30, 2003, the fair value of these certificates of deposit was \$400.0 million.

Approximately \$354.2 million are Category 1 risk level deposits which are insured by the FDIC, the Wisconsin State Deposit Guarantee Fund and Financial Securities Assurance Corporation insurance. The remaining \$45.8 million are considered Category 3 uncollateralized deposits.

#### Investments

The following table presents investments held by the State Investment Fund categorized in accordance with GASB Statement No. 3 requirements to indicate the level of risk assumed by the fund at year-end:

- Category 1 are those investments which are insured or registered, or securities which are held by the State Investment Fund in this fund's name or its agent in the name of this Fund.
- Category 2 are those investments which are uninsured and unregistered, with the securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the State Investment Fund's name.
- Category 3 are those investments which are uninsured and unregistered, with the securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the State Investment Fund's name.

At June 30, 2003, the State Investment Fund's investments are as follows (in millions):

		Fair		
	1	2	3	Value
U.S. government and agency holdings	\$ 3,328.2			\$ 3,328.2
Repurchase agreements	1,777.0			1,777.0
Commercial paper	455.1			455.1
Mortgage backed securities	1.3			1.3
	\$ 5,561.6			5,561.6
Swaps				(22.9)
				\$ 5,538.6

Copies of the separately issued financial report that includes financial statements and other supplementary information for the State Investment Fund may be obtained by writing to:

State of Wisconsin Investment Board PO Box 7842 Madison, WI 53707-7842

#### Other Funds Managed by the Board

Other investments under exclusive control of the Board which are not held in the cash management pool include those held by certain permanent, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. A discussion of these investment activities follows:

#### Governmental

*Historical Society* - At June 30, 2003, investments of \$9.8 million consisted of stock and bond index funds.

#### Business-Type

Local Government Property Insurance, State Life Insurance, and Patients Compensation Funds - At June 30, 2003, investments were \$12.4 million for the Local Government Property Insurance Fund, \$77.2 million for the State Life Insurance Fund, and \$652.8 million for the Patients Compensation Fund, consisting of stocks and fixed income.

#### Fiduciary

Pension Trust Fund – This trust is a pooled fund consisting of retirement contributions made by and on behalf of participants in the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) (see Note 13 to the financial statements). At June 30, 2003, the Pension Trust Fund held \$54,296.9 million of investments consisting of fixed income, stocks, limited partnerships, real estate, mortgages and other investments valued at fair value in accordance with Wis. Stat. Sec. 25.17(14). In addition, \$336.0 million of investments are included in the fund's cash and cash equivalents. Further, \$150.0 million is invested in a time deposit reported as part of the securities lending collateral and not included in the investments.

In addition, \$3,209.5 million of securities lending transactions were held at June 30, 2003. These transactions are categorized consistent with GASB Statement No. 28, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Securities Lending Transactions.

*Tuition Trust Fund* – At June 30, 2003, investments of \$13.3 million consisted of bonds and principal only strips.

The following table presents investments of these funds at June 30, 2003, categorized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 3.

At June 30, 2003, the investments of the Other Funds Managed by the Board consisted of (in millions):

		Fair		
	1	2	:	3 Value
Fixed Income	\$ 10,089.4	\$	\$ -	\$ 10,089.4
Stocks	14,005.7		-	14,005.7
Repurchase Agreements	192.1		-	- 192.1
Certificates of Deposit	50.0		-	50.0
	\$ 24,337.2	\$	\$ -	24,337.2
Limited Partnerships				2,693.1
Pooled Equity Funds				20,558.2
Pooled Bond Funds				5,260.9
Mortgages				726.7
Real Estate				436.6
Custodial Pooled Cash and Equivalents				336.0
Pooled Multi-Asset Fund				285.0
Investments Held by Broker Dealers Under Securities Loans:				
Fixed Income				1,914.9
Equities				1,187.5
Securities Lending Cash Collateral Pooled Investments				721.7
				\$ 58,457.8

Securities Lending Transactions - State statutes and State of Wisconsin Investment Board (SWIB) policies permit the use of investments to enter into securities lending transactions. These transactions involve the lending of securities to broker-dealers and other entities for collateral, in the form of cash or securities, with the simultaneous agreement to return the collateral for the same securities in the future. The securities custodian is an agent in lending the domestic and international securities for collateral of 102 percent and 105 percent, respectively, of the loaned securities' market value. The cash collateral is reinvested by the lending agent in accordance with contractual investment guidelines which are designed to insure the safety of principal and obtain a moderate rate of return. The investment guidelines include very high credit quality standards and also allow for a portion of the collateral investments to be invested with short-term The earnings generated from the collateral investments, less the amount of rebates paid to the dealers. results in the gross earnings from lending activities, which is then split on a percentage basis with the lending agent.

Securities on loan at June 30, 2003 are presented as unclassified in the preceding schedule of custodial risk. At year end, no credit risk exposure to borrowers existed because the amounts owed the borrowers exceeded the amounts the borrowers owed. The contract with the lending agent requires them to indemnify if the borrowers fail to return the loaned securities and the collateral is inadequate to replace the securities lent.

The majority of securities loans can be terminated on demand, although the average term of the loans is approximately one week. The term to maturity of the securities loans is matched with the term to maturity of the investments of the cash collateral by investing in a variety of short term investments with a weighted average maturity of 22 days.

The ability to pledge or sell collateral securities cannot be made without a borrower default. In addition, no restrictions on the amount of the loans exist.

#### **Derivative Financial Instruments**

As of June 30, 2003, the State of Wisconsin Investment Board (SWIB) utilized various derivative financial instruments, including forward contracts, futures contracts, collateralized mortgage obligations and principal only strips in the pension trust fund. All financial derivative instruments are reported at fair value, regardless of whether the instruments are held for trading or nontrading purposes. The instruments are marked to market monthly, with valuation changes recognized in income.

Foreign Currency Forwards and Options - The State of Wisconsin Investment Board's derivative trading activities primarily involve forward contracts and foreign currency options. Generally, foreign currency forwards and options are held to hedge foreign

exchange risk. Market risk is generally controlled by holding substantially offsetting purchase and sell positions. At June 30, 2003 the fair value of foreign currency forward contracts assets totaled \$1.2 billion, while the liabilities totaled \$1.2 billion.

Other Options - Other options also are held for trading purposes. These option contracts give the purchaser of the contract the right to buy (call) or sell (put) the equity security or index underlying the contract at an agreed upon price (strike price) during or at the conclusion of a specified period of time. The seller (writer) of the contract is subject to market risk, while the purchaser is subject to credit risk and market risk to the extent of the premium paid.

Futures Contracts - One outside investment manager used futures contracts to manage exposure to the stock market. Upon entering into a futures contract, the outside manager is required to deposit with the broker, in SWIB's name, an amount of U.S. government obligations in accordance with the initial margin requirements of the broker. Futures contracts are marked to market daily with gains and losses being recognized. variation margin is settled daily until the contracts expire or are closed. Futures contracts involve, to varying degrees, risk of loss in excess of the variation. Losses may arise from the changes in the value of the underlying instrument, illiquidity in the secondary market for the contracts, or if the counterparties do not perform under the terms of the contract. Futures contracts are valued each day at the settlement price established by the board of trade or exchange on which they are traded. As of June 30, 2003, no futures contracts were held.

Collateralized Mortgage Obligations (CMO's) - Bonds that are collateralized by whole loan mortgages, mortgage pass-through securities or stripped mortgage-backed securities. derived from payments and prepayments of principal and interest generated from collateral mortgages. Cash flows are distributed to different investment classes or traunches in accordance with each CMO's established payment order. Some CMO traunches have more stable cash flows relative to changes in interest rates while others are significantly more sensitive to interest rate In a declining interest rate environment, some CMO's may be subject to a reduction in interest payments as a result of prepayments of mortgages which make up the collateral pool. A reduction in interest payments causes a decline in cash flows and thus a decline in the fair value of the security. Rising interest rates may cause an increase in interest payments, thus an increase in fair value of the security. CMO's are held to maximize yields and in part to hedge against a rise in interest rates. At June 30, 2003, CMO's valued at \$90.0 million were held.

Principal Only Strips – Securities that derive cash flow from the payment of principal on underlying debt securities. SWIB holds several principal only strips for yield enhancing purposes. The underlying securities are United States Treasury obligations, therefore the credit risk is low. On the other hand, principal only strips are more volatile in terms of pricing, and thus the market risk is higher than traditional United States Treasury obligations. As of June 30, 2003, principal only strips valued at \$.3 million were held.

#### **Unfunded Capital Commitments**

Partnership agreements generally set a limit on the total dollar amount that limited partners must commit to funding when entering the partnership. Over the life of the partnership, the general partner will request capital contributions totaling the agreed upon limit. As of June 30, 2003, unfunded capital commitments totaled \$1.5 billion.

#### Other State Agencies and Funds

The following funds also make investments following pertinent State statutes and policy provisions as set out by the appropriate governing boards or bond resolutions:

#### Governmental

General Fund – At June 30, 2003, investments of \$.9 million of which \$.7 million are considered deposits and included in Note 5A.

Transportation Revenue Bond Funds - At June 30, 2003, the Transportation Revenue Bond Capital Projects Fund and the Transportation Revenue Bond Debt Service Fund had investments totaling \$167.3 million, of which \$162.0 million are reported as cash equivalents. Investments of \$5.3 million satisfy risk category No. 1, while the remaining investments are uncatergorized.

Common School Fund – At June 30, 2003, investments totaling \$132.8 million meet risk Category 1.

Petroleum Inspection Fund – At June 30, 2003, investments totaling \$.1 million were uncategorized.

Wisconsin Public Broadcasting Foundation Fund - The fund's investments at June 30, 2003, were \$5.0 million, which consists of \$3.3 million of various investments and \$1.7 million of money market funds which are reported as cash equivalents. All investments meet Category 1 risk criteria.

#### Business-Type

Environmental Improvement Fund - The fund's aggregate investments at June 30, 2003, were \$182.7 million, of which \$35.7 million are reported as cash equivalents consisting of a repurchase agreement which is a Category 2 level of risk. Investments of \$147.0 million consist of government and agency holdings and satisfy Category 1 risk criteria.

Lottery Fund - Investments are all in the form of U.S. Treasury zero coupon bonds. At June 30, 2003, investments of \$147.5 million which meet Category 1 risk criteria were held.

The *University of Wisconsin System* – The fund's aggregate investments at June 30, 2003, were \$303.3 million of which \$13.7 million are reported as cash equivalents. Of the remaining \$289.6 million, \$262.0 million meet Category 1 risk criteria while the remaining investments are unclassified.

#### Fiduciary

Inmate and Resident Fund – At June 30, 2003, investments totaling \$.7 million of which \$.5 million are reported as cash equivalents and \$.2 million meet risk Category 3.

College Savings Program Trust -- At June 30, 2003, investments totaling \$853.2 million, which consist of short-term securities which meet risk Category 1.

At June 30, 2003, the State has approximately \$278.8 million of securities which it holds for banks and insurance companies. These assets are held for the period of time specified by statute and then returned to their owner. The assets are presented in the Bank and Insurance Company Deposits Fund as "Other Assets". All investments meet risk Category 1.

Unclaimed property, usually in the form of stocks, bank accounts, insurance proceeds, utility deposits and uncashed checks, are transferred periodically to the *Unclaimed Property Program Fund*. The \$15.6 million securities, presented as "Other Assets" on the financial statements meet risk Category 1.

The State's Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plan Fund investments, totaling \$1,166.7 million at June 30, 2003, are in the form of equity, bond and money market mutual funds, insured savings accounts and investment contracts with insurance companies.

The following table presents investments of the Other State Agencies and Funds at June 30, 2003, categorized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 3.

At June 30, 2003, the Other State Agencies and Funds' investments consisted of (in millions):

	Category				Reported		Fair		
		1	2		3	Amount		Value	
Government and agency holdings	\$	658.0	\$		\$ .3	\$	658.3	\$	658.3
Municipal bonds		166.6					166.6		166.6
Commercial paper and nonsecured corporate notes and bonds		156.3					156.3		156.3
Repurchase agreements				35.7			35.7		35.7
Negotiable certificates of deposit		7.2					7.2		7.2
	\$	988.1	\$	35.7	\$ .3		1,024.2		1,024.2
Mutual Funds							854.9		854.9
Pooled Fixed Income							9.0		9.0
Money market funds							166.6		166.6
Pooled Equity Fund							30.3		30.3
Deferred compensation investments							1,166.7		1,166.7
Limited partnerships							1.1		1.1
Other							1.0		1.0
						\$	3,253.8	\$	3,253.8

## **Component Units**

Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority (Authority) - The Authority is required by statute to invest at least 50 percent of its General Fund funds in obligations of the State, of the United States, or of agencies or instrumentalities of the United States, or obligations the principal and interest of which are guaranteed by the United States, or agencies or instrumentalities of the United States. Each bond resolution specifies what constitutes a permitted investment and such investments may include obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities; commercial paper; bankers acceptances; and repurchase agreements and investment agreements.

The Authority's aggregate investments at June 30, 2003, were \$831.7 million of which \$146.2 million are reported as cash equivalents consisting of repurchase agreements, commercial paper, money market funds, and short-term investment agreements. The Authority's investments except for uncollateralized investment agreements of \$68.1 million are a Category 1 level of risk. The Authority's investments in uncollateralized investment agreements are a Category 3 level of risk.

The Authority enters into collateralized investment contracts with various financial institutions. The investment contracts are generally collateralized by obligations of the United States government.

The Authority is also authorized to invest its funds in the State Investment Fund. The Authority has established a Master

Repurchase Agreement with its banking institutions to govern the purchase of repurchase agreements. This agreement requires the institution to take possession of collateral having a market value of at least 103 percent of the cost of the repurchase agreement. The underlying collateral must be maintained at this level at all times.

The Authority's Finance committee approved the use of a security-lending program with the trust department of a bank acting as an agent. As of June 30, 2003 the Authority had \$73.2 million of securities on loan to broker-dealers for a fee. The transactions are categorized consistently with GASB Statement No. 28, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Securities Lending Transactions.

Security lending transactions involve the lending of securities to broker-dealers and other entities for collateral, in the form of cash or securities, with the simultaneous agreement to return the collateral for the same securities in the future. The securities custodian is an agent in lending the domestic and international securities for collateral of 102 percent and 105 percent, respectively, of the loaned securities' market value. The lending agent in accordance with contractual investment guidelines, which are designed to insure the safety of principal and obtain a moderate rate of return, reinvests the collateral. The investment guidelines include very high credit quality standards and also allow for a portion of the collateral investments to be invested with short-term securities. The Authority has the following types of securities on loan: U.S. agency securities, U.S. government securities and corporate notes. The Authority has received the following types of collateral for the securities lent: cash,

government securities or irrevocable letters of credit. The fair value of the investment securities loaned was \$73.2 million as of June 30, 2003, and the fair value of the collateral received was \$74.7 million. The Authority may request the bank to terminate any loan of securities for any reason at any time.

As of June 30, 2003, no credit risk exposure to borrowers existed because the amounts owed the borrowers exceeded the amounts the borrowers owed. The contract with the lending agent states that in the event that a borrower fails to return the lent security, the bank will indemnify the Authority for the following amounts: a) The difference between the closing market value of security on the date it should have been returned to the account and the cash collateral substituted for the lent securities, or b) In the case of collateral received in kind, the difference between the closing market value of the security on the date it should have been returned to the account and the closing market value of the collateral in kind on the same date.

The Authority assumes all risk of loss arising out of collateral investment loss and any resulting collateral deficiencies. The bank expressly assumes the risk of loss arising from negligent or fraudulent operations of its securities lending program. The bank operates the securities lending program as a business trust investment pool with open and matched components. In the matched portion of the investment pool, the maturities of the securities lent and collateral are the same. The open portions of the pool maintains a weighted average maturity of the portfolio at approximately 15 days, with a range from 1 day to 25 days. The open portions of the pool generally have a 15-day mismatch between the portfolio coverage maturity and the open loans. As of June 30, 2003, approximately 61.0% of the securities lent were in the matched portion and approximately 39.0% in the open portion of the investment pool. No restrictions on the amount of the loans exist or can be made. The earnings generated from the securities lending program is reported as other income. During the year ended June 30, 2003 the Authority received \$104 thousand of income related to security lending transactions.

Wisconsin Health Care Liability Insurance Plan - The investments of the Wisconsin Health Care Liability Insurance Plan at December 31, 2002 were \$97.3 million, of which \$26.9 million are reported as cash equivalents. Investments of \$4.0 million in bonds meet the Category 1 risk level, while all remaining investments meet the Category 2 risk level.

University of Wisconsin Hospital and Clinics Authority – The University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority (the Hospital) aggregate investments of \$227.9 million consist of \$194.5 million of restricted and limited use investments and \$33.4 million of unrestricted investments.

Badger Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation -- Investments of \$234.5 million of which \$97.4 million are reported as cash equivalents. Investments of \$137.1 million meet the Category 1 risk level, while \$97.4 million are uncategorized.

The following table presents investments of component units at December 31, 2002, May 31, 2003, or June 30, 2003, categorized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 3.

At December 31, 2002, May 31, 2003, or June 30, 2003, the component units' investments consisted of (in millions):

	Category			Reported	Fair		
		1		2	3	 Amount	Value
Bonds	\$	116.8	\$	36.0	\$ 	\$ 152.8	\$ 158.9
Negotiable certificates of deposit		18.1				18.1	18.1
Uncollateralized investment agreements					68.1	68.1	68.1
Mortgage-backed securities		6.6		33.5		40.1	40.1
Repurchase agreements				55.3		55.3	55.4
Collateralized investment contracts		433.1				433.1	433.1
Commercial Paper		46.7				46.7	46.7
Forward Delivery Contracts		137.1				137.1	140.1
	\$	758.4	\$	124.8	\$ 68.1	951.3	960.5
Money market funds						266.7	266.7
International Equities						173.4	173.4
						\$ 1,391.4	\$ 1,400.6

The following schedule summarizes investments presented in the above note discussions (in millions):

Other Funds Managed by the Board Other State Agencies and Funds	\$ 58,457.8 3,253.8
Component Units	1,391.4
Total Investments	\$ 63,103.0

# C. Lottery Investments and Related Future Prize Obligations

Investments of the State Lottery Fund totaling \$147.5 million are held to finance grand prizes payable over a 20-year or 25-year period. The investments in prize annuities are debt obligations of the U.S. government and backed by its full faith and credit as to both principal and interest. Liabilities related to the future prize obligations are presented at their present value and included as Accounts Payable and Other Accrued Liabilities. The following is a schedule of future prize obligations (in thousands):

Fiscal Year	Δ	mount
2004	\$	16,750
2005		16,868
2006		16,992
2007		17,118
2008		17,250
Thereafter		101,818
Total future value		186,796
Less: Present value adjustment		(63,064)
Present value of payments	\$	123,731
	-	

# NOTE 6. RECEIVABLES AND NET REVENUES

## A. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2003 were as follows (in thousands):

							Insu	ırance	Loans to		Due From	Due From	
				Student	Veterans	Mortgage	Po	olicy	Local	Other	Other	Component	Total
	_	Taxes		Loans	Loans	Loans	Lo	ans	Governments	Receivables	Governments	Units	Receivables
Governmental Activities: General Transportation Nonmajor Governmental	\$	1,095,198 93,636 25,321	\$	- \$ - -	- \$ - -	- ; -	\$	- ; - -	14,892 3 - 236,526	\$ 180,439 ÷ 5,176 20,372	\$ 552,235 \$ 90,645 13,267	\$ 5 \$ - -	1,842,769 189,456 295,486
Total Governmental: Government-wide Adjustments:		1,214,155		-	-	-		-	251,418	205,987	656,146	5	2,327,711
Internal Service Funds Accrual Adjustments Fiduciary Receivables	_	- -		- - -	- - -	-		- - -	- - -	368 1,849 32,506	265 - -	266 - -	899 1,849 32,506
Total – Governmental Activities	\$	1,214,155	\$	- \$	- \$	- :	\$	- ;	251,418	\$ 240,710	\$ 656,411	\$ 271 \$	2,362,964
Related revenue deferral because the receivable does not meet the													
availability criteria	\$	252,164	\$	- \$	- \$	- :	\$	- ;	- :	\$ 43,114	\$ - \$	\$ - \$	295,279
Business-type Activities: Current: Patients Compensation	\$		\$	- \$	- \$	- !	¢	- ;	s - :	\$ 8,534	\$ - \$	\$ 16 \$	8,550
Environmental Improvement	Ψ	_	Ψ	- φ	- <b>4</b>	_	Ψ	- '	76,609	330	6,343	φ 10 φ -	83,282
Veterans Mortgage		_		_	_	_		_	70,003	330	0,040	_	00,202
Loan Repayment University of		-		-	-	16,688		-	-	6,751	-	-	23,438
Wisconsin System Unemployment		-		27,503	-	-		-	-	79,926	48,917	1,931	158,276
Insurance Reserve Nonmajor Enterprise		-		- 411	- 6.498	- 1.391		-	206	150,623 47.224	8,740 6,135	-	159,363 61,865
Total Current:	_	-		27,914	6,498	18,078		-	76,816	293,387	70,135	1,946	494,775
Noncurrent: Environmental Improvement		_		-	_	_		_	1,119,900	_	_	_	1,119,900
Veterans Mortgage Loan Repayment		-		-	-	375,587		-	-	-	-	-	375,587
University of Wisconsin System		_		149,567	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	149,567
Nonmajor Enterprise		-		960	39,436	15,131	3	3,722	1,579	_	-	-	60,827
Total Noncurrent		-		150,527	39,436	390,718	3	3,722	1,121,479	-	-	-	1,705,881
Government-wide Adjustments: Fiduciary Receivables		-		-	-	-		-	-	180	-	-	180
Total – Business-type Activities	\$	-	\$	178,441 \$	45,934 \$	408,796	\$ 3	3,722	1,198,295	\$ 293,567	\$ 70,135	\$ 1,946 \$	2,200,837

# **B.** Net Revenues

Certain revenues of the University of Wisconsin System are reported net of scholarship allowances. For Fiscal Year 2003, these scholarship allowances totaled as follows (in thousands):

Student Tuition and Fees\$72,509Sales and Services of Auxiliary Enterprises13,870Total\$86,379

# **NOTE 7. CAPITAL ASSETS**

# **Primary Government**

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003 was as follows (in thousands):

Primary Government		Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land and Land Improvements	\$	1,072,168 \$	140,918 \$	(601) \$	1,212,485
Buildings and Improvements		151,792	2,727	· -	154,519
Library Holdings		73,797	1,054	(25)	74,827
Equipment		641	-	-	641
Construction in Progress		916,064	527,483	(345,077)	1,098,470
Infrastructure		9,205,713	212,179	(65,591)	9,352,302
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		11,420,176	884,362	(411,293)	11,893,245
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Land Improvements		82,235	8,643	(11,133)	79,745
Buildings and Improvements		1,448,807	117,352	(10,489)	1,555,669
Equipment		523,470	50,962	(33,746)	540,687
Totals		2,054,512	176,956	(55,367)	2,176,100
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Land Improvements		19,641	4,650	-	24,291
Buildings and Improvements		396,997	39,702	(3,661)	433,038
Equipment		272,893	53,422	(27,859)	298,457
Totals		689,531	97,774	(31,520)	755,785
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net		1,364,981	79,182	(23,848)	1,420,315
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	12,785,157 \$	963,543 \$	(435,141) \$	13,313,560
Business-type activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land and Land Improvements	\$	109,813 \$	1,210 \$	(103) \$	110,920
Library Holdings		967,601	22,974	(3,928)	986,646
Construction in progress		10,828	29,565	(11,397)	28,995
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated		1,088,241	53,749	(15,429)	1,126,561
Capital assets, being depreciated:	_				
Land Improvements		8,486	207	(1)	8,692
Buildings		3,028,698	148,623	(782)	3,176,539
Equipment		630,806	88,060	(69,067)	649,799
Totals		3,667,989	236,890	(69,849)	3,835,030
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Land Improvements		5,462	426	(1)	5,888
Buildings		1,294,081	79,515	(679)	1,372,916
Equipment		439,606	50,891	(38,229)	452,268
Totals		1,739,149	130,831	(38,909)	1,831,072
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net		1,928,840	106,058	(30,941)	2,003,958
	\$	3,017,082 \$	159,807 \$	(46,369) \$	3,130,519

In addition to the capital assets reported by governmental and business-type activities, the fiduciary funds reported gross capital assets of \$4,008 thousand at June 30, 2003, with accumulated depreciation totaling \$3,945 thousand.

## Depreciation Expense

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows (in thousands):

Governmental Act	ivities		Business-type Activities					
Commerce	\$	2,280	Patients Compensation	\$	6			
Education		2,500	Veterans Mortgage Loan Repayment		43			
Transportation		9,425	University System		120,122			
Environmental Resources		9,112	Lottery		64			
Human Relations and Resources		42,673	Other Business-Type		10,597			
General Executive Functions		4,057						
Judicial		3,846	Total depreciation expense -					
Legislative		444	business-type activities	\$	130,831			
Depreciation on capital assets held by								
the internal service funds		23,437						
Total depreciation expense -								
governmental activities	\$	97,774						

# Construction in Progress

Construction in progress of the primary government reported in the government-wide statement of net assets at June 30, 2003 included the following projects (in thousands):

	Allotments		ended to e 30, 2003	Encumbrances Outstanding		Unencumbered Allotment Balance	
Governmental Activities:							
Reported through capital projects funds:							
Justice Center and Law Library	\$	42,600	\$ 123	\$	32	\$	42,445
Camp Douglas US Property and Fiscal		13,717	875		351		12,491
Four probation/parole facilities		12,346	9,502		747		2,097
West Bend Army Aviation Support		11,069	2,402		475		8,193
Madison Crime Lab Remodeling		10,227	3,940		4,776		1,511
Other projects with allotments totaling less than \$10 million			47,087				
			63,929				
Other:							
Transportation related			1,029,216				
Other			 5,325				
Total construction in progress – governmental activities			\$ 1,098,470	_			
Business-type Activities:							
University of Wisconsin System:							
Health Science Learning Center - Madison	\$	63,887	\$ 32,321	\$	16,174	\$	15,392
Klotsche Center Physical Education Addition - Milwaukee		39,973	2,568		29,906		7,499
Fine Arts Center Remodeling/Addition – Stevens Point		26,120	1,791		24		24,305
Gates Center Physical Education Addition/Remodeling - Superior		16,201	10,291		4,997		913
Lab Science Remodeling – Green Bay		15,140	7,894		5,466		1,780
Residence Hall – River Falls		10,641	633		429		9,579
Upham Science Addition/Remodeling - Whitewater		10,030	6,299		2,194		1,537
Home for Veterans:							
Home-Skilled Nursing Facility – Southern Wisconsin Center		17,076	959		353		15,765
State Fair Park:							
Grandstand Replacement		20,500	19,395		1,105		
Other projects with allotments totaling less than \$10 million:							
University of Wisconsin System			67,388				
Other			8,642				
Total construction in progress – business-type activities			\$ 158,180	_			

As discussed in Note 1E7, construction in progress of the University of Wisconsin System is reported in the applicable major capital assets categories. Construction in progress of the University of Wisconsin System and of the other business-type activities totaled \$129.1 million and \$29.0 million as of June 30, 2003, respectively.

## **Component Units**

Capital Assets balance of the Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority and the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority as of June 30, 2003 were as follows (in thousands):

	Amount
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:	
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 5,820
Construction in Progress	20,009
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	25,829
Capital Assets, being depreciated:	
Buildings	268,067
Equipment	154,592
Totals	422,659
Less accumulated depreciation for:	
Buildings	108,946
Equipment	89,690
Totals	198,636
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	224,023
Component Units Capital Assets, net	\$ 249,852

## **NOTE 8. ENDOWMENTS**

## **Primary Government**

#### **University of Wisconsin System**

The University of Wisconsin System invests its trust funds, principally gifts and bequests designated as endowments or quasi-endowments, in two of its own investment pools: the Long Term Fund and the Intermediate Term Fund. Benefiting University of Wisconsin System entities receive quarterly distributions from the Long Term Fund, principally endowed assets, based on an annual spending rate of 4.5 percent applied to a 12-quarter moving average market value of the fund. Distributions from the Intermediate Term Fund, principally quasi-endowments and unspent income distributions, consist of interest earnings distributed monthly. Spending rate and interest distributions from both of these funds are transferred to the State Investment Fund, pending near-term expenditures. At June 30, 2003, net appreciation of \$9.5 million was available to be spent.

University of Wisconsin System investment policies and guidelines for the Long Term Fund and Intermediate Term Fund are governed and authorized by the Board of Regents. The approved asset allocation policy for the Long Term Fund sets a general target of 65 percent marketable equities, 25 percent fixed income and 10 percent alternatives. Accordingly, the fund includes investments in domestic and non-U.S. stocks and bonds, and limited partnerships consisting of venture capital and other private equity investments. The approved asset allocation for the Intermediate Term Fund is 100 percent intermediate maturity, investment-grade fixed income.

The fair value of Endowments as of June 30, 2003 was \$295.9 million including unrealized gains of \$11.0 million when fair values as of June 30, 2003 are compared to asset acquisition costs. This compares to a fair value as of June 30, 2002 of \$298.1 million. The net decrease in fund balance during 2002-03 was \$2.2 million.

The book value of Endowments under control of the University of Wisconsin System was \$284.9 million as of June 30, 2003 compared to a book value of \$295.7 million as of June 30, 2002. The calculation of realized gains and losses is independent of a calculation of the net change in the fair value of investments since realized gains and losses are based on the difference between the selling price and the acquisition cost of the asset. Therefore, when assets are reported at fair value much of the realized gain or loss may have already been included in prior years as part of the overall change in the fair value of investments.

At June 30, 2003, the book value and fair value of principal funds under control of the University of Wisconsin System was (in millions):

Original Contributions and Distributed Net Gains	\$ 128.6
Realized Gains – Undistributed	156.3
Book Value	284.9
Unrealized Net Gains/Losses - Undistributed	11.0
Fair Value	\$ 295.9

On June 30, 2003, the portfolio at market contained 67.4 percent in stocks, 25.4 percent in fixed income obligations, .4 percent in alternative assets, and 6.8 percent in short-term investments. The total return on the principal Long-term Fund including capital appreciation was 1.2 percent. The total return on the principal Intermediate Fund including capital appreciation was 7.1 percent. External investment counsel was furnished for funds representing 98.0 percent of market-value principal.

# NOTE 9. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund balances as of or for the year ended June 30, 2003 consist of the following (in thousands):

# A. Due from/to Other Funds:

Due from Other Funds and the Due to Other Funds represent short-term interfund accounts receivable and payable. The balances in these accounts at June 30, 2003 were as follows (in thousands):

## Due to Other Funds:

			Nonmajor	Patients
	 General	Transportation	Governmental	Compensation
Due from Other Funds:				
General	\$ -	\$ 22,564	\$ 41,303	\$ 13
Transportation	1,795	-	19,351	-
Nonmajor Governmental	38,730	13,047	6,530	3
Environmental Improvement	14	-	290	-
Veterans Mortgage Loan Repayment	1	-	-	-
University of Wisconsin System	36,416	452	3,834	-
Unemployment Insurance Reserve	500	-	-	-
Nonmajor Enterprise	30,724	44	24	-
Internal Service	18,440	4,180	685	-
Fiduciary	25,400	3,220	2,205	7
Total	\$ 152,020	\$ 43,508	\$ 74,222	\$ 23

The balances in the Due from Other Funds and Due to Other Funds accounts typically result form the time lag between the dates that

<sup>(1)</sup> interfund goods and services were provided and when the payments occurred, and

<sup>(2)</sup> interfund transfers were accrued and when the liquidations occurred.

Environmenta Improvement	Veterans Mortgage Loan Repayment	University of Wisconsin System	ı	Unemploymen Insurance Reserve	t	Nonmajor Enterprise	Internal Service	Fiduciary	Total
\$ 226	\$ 67	\$ 37,009	\$	1,970	\$	33,955	\$ 2,100	\$ 32,065	\$ 171,272
-	-	23		-		-	188	-	21,357
1,353	-	2		-		-	71	-	59,735
-	-	-		-		-	-	-	304
-	-	-		-		32	-	-	32
49	-	-		-		1	93	-	40,846
-	-	-		-		-	-	-	500
-	1,067	-		-		455	8	180	32,503
2	2	1,148		-		225	1,557	441	26,680
8	45	-		-		1,877	525	464	33,751
\$ 1,638	\$ 1,182	\$ 38,181	\$	1,970	\$	36,545	\$ 4,542	\$ 33,150	\$ 386,980

# **B.** Due from/to Component Units

Receivables and payables between funds and component units at June 30, 2003 were as follows (in thousands);

			Due from Component Unit							from Prima			
	Ger	neral		atients pensation	Wis	ersity of consin ystem		ernal vice	And Dev	nsin Housing Economic relopment uthority	W	versity of isconsin pitals and s Authority	 Total
Due to Primary Government:													
Wisconsin Housing and Economic													
Development Authority	\$		\$		\$		\$	19	\$		\$		\$ 19
Wisconsin Health Care Liability													
Insurance Plan				16									16
University of Wisconsin Hospitals													
and Clinics Authority		5				1,931		247					2,183
Due to Component Unit:													
General										60		1,340	1,400
University of Wisconsin System												1,560	1,560
Nonmajor Enterprise												11	11
Internal Service										3			3
Total	\$	5	\$	16	\$	1,931	\$	266	\$	63	\$	2,912	\$ 5,192

The receivable and payable balances between the primary government and the component units typically result from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting systems, and (3) payments between entities are made.

# C. Interfund Receivables/Payables

Interfund Receivables/Payables represent short-term loans from one fund to another to cover cash overdrafts. Interfund receivables/payables at June 30, 2003 by individual fund were as follows (in thousands):

	Interfund Red	ceivables:			
	Tra	nsportation	F	iduciary	Total
Interfund Payables:					
General	\$		\$	636,405	\$ 636,405
Nonmajor Governmental		486			486
Nonmajor Enterprise				28,824	28,824
Internal Service				37,846	37,846
Fiduciary				78,794	78,794
Total	\$	486	\$	781,869	\$ 782,355

# D. Advances to/from Other Funds

Advances to/from Other Funds represent long-term loans to one fund from another fund. Advances at June 30, 2003 by individual fund were as follows (in thousands):

	Advances to	o Other Funds (asset):				
	Nonma	jor Governmental	Intern	al Service	 Total	
Advances from Other Funds (liability):						
Nonmajor Governmental	\$	1,350	\$	2,984	\$ 4,334	
University of Wisconsin System	-	500			500	
Total	\$	1,850	\$	2,984	\$ 4,834	

# **E. Interfund Transfers**

Interfund Transfers in and out that occurred during Fiscal Year 2003 were as follows (in thousands):

	1	Transfers i	n:							
		General		Transportation	Nonmajor Governmental	Environmental Improvement	University of Wisconsin System	Nonmajor Enterprise	Internal Service	Total
Transfers out:										
General	\$	-	\$	9 9	\$ 692,094	\$ -	\$ 988,692	\$ 57,391	\$ 8,613 \$	1,746,799
Transportation		16,342		-	22,829	-	-	-	-	39,171
Tobacco Settlement										
Endowment		287,147		-	-	-	-	-	-	287,147
Nonmajor Governmental		61,426		102	25,302	32,800	113,852	11,149	1,440	246,071
Patients Compensation		9		-	-	-	-	-	-	9
Environmental										
Improvement		69		-	6,000	-	-	-	-	6,069
Veterans Mortgage Loan										
Repayment		286		-	-	-	-	-	-	286
University of Wisconsin										
System		38,598		6	500	-	-	-	-	39,104
Nonmajor Enterprise		40,221		-	10	-	-	84	23	40,338
Internal Service		26,841		-	356	-	5	-	892	28,095
Fiduciary		9		-	16,000	-	-	-	-	16,009
Capital Assets Transferred										
From Proprietary Funds										
To Governmental Funds		-		-	-	-	-	-	(731)	(731)
Total	\$	470,947	\$	118 \$	\$ 763,092	\$ 32,800	\$ 1,102,549	\$ 68,624	\$ 10,237 \$	2,448,367

Transfers are typically used to move: (1) revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, (3) unrestricted revenues collected in one fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with statute or budgetary authorizations, and (4) accumulated surpluses from other funds to the General Fund when authorized by statute.

In the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, transfers considered non-routine or inconsistent with the fund making the transfer included the following (in thousands):

Funds Reporting the Transfer	Ar	nount
Amounts transferred to the General Fund from		
other funds to address revenue shortfalls:		
Transportation	\$	12,382
Utility Public Benefits		8,366
Environmental		11,346
Recycling		9,120
Universal Service		3,639
Technology Services		11,330
Facilities Operations and Maintenance		6,942
Other funds		8,868
Amounts transferred to the General Fund from		
other funds in lieu of contributions for		
accumulated unused sick leave credits:		
Transportation		3,475
Conservation		1,247
University of Wisconsin System		28,867
Other funds		4,980
Tobacco Settlement Endowment Fund transfer to		
fund a portion of the shared revenue program		
in the General Fund		287,147

# **NOTE 10. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

During the year ended June 30, 2003, the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities (in thousands):

# **Primary Government**

	Balance			Balance	Amounts Due Within
Governmental Activities	July 1, 2002	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2003	One Year
Bonds and Notes Payable:					
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 2,963,410	\$ 352,586	\$ 225,121	\$ 3,090,875	\$ 222,754
Revenue Bonds	1,165,061	211,724	51,199	1,325,586	60,584
Total Bonds and Notes Payable	4,128,471	564,310	276,320	4,416,461	283,339
Other Liabilities:					
Future Benefits and Loss Liability	111,821	30,509	24,065	118,265	23,475
Capital Leases	33,011	20,117	12,814	40,315	12,482
Installment Contracts	1,249	4,141	1,737	3,653	1,170
Compensated Absences	91,008	53,911	40,974	103,945	42,622
Employer Pension Related Debt Costs	707,003	54,005	38,761	722,248	39,000
Claims, Judgments and Commitments	1,972	202	-	2,174	-
Total Governmental Activities					
Long-term Liabilities	\$ 5,074,536	\$ 727,195	\$ 394,670	\$ 5,407,061	\$ 402,087

Repayment of the general obligation bonds is made from the Bond Security and Redemption Fund. The amount presented in this fund represents the liability to be paid from resources accumulated to provide debt service payments in Fiscal Year 2003. Repayment of the revenue bonds principal and interest is made from the appropriate debt service fund with payments secured by registration and inspection fees collected by the appropriate program. The compensated absences liability will be liquidated by the State's governmental and internal service funds. Long-term liabilities for employer pension costs, and claims, judgments and commitments are generally liquidated with resources of the governmental activities.

	Balance			Balance	Amounts Due Within
Business-type Activities	July 1, 2002	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2003	One Year
Bonds and Notes Payable:					
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 993,335	\$ 103,587	\$ 183,470	\$ 913,452	\$ 129,784
Revenue Bonds	659,451	85,575	121,608	623,418	37,545
Total Bonds and Notes Payable	 1,652,786	189,162	305,078	1,536,870	167,329
Other Liabilities:					
Future Benefits and Loss Liability	1,077,468	215,262	125,330	1,167,400	147,322
Capital Leases	37,779	3,287	150	40,916	4,515
Compensated Absences	77,416	53,648	45,422	85,642	47,449
Total Business-type Activities					
Long-term Liabilities	\$ 2,845,449	\$ 461,359	\$ 475,980	\$ 2,830,828	\$ 366,615

# **Component Units**

		Balance					Balance		mounts ie Within
	,	July 1, 2002	Additions	ı	Reductions	J	une 30, 2003	0	ne Year
Bonds and Notes Payable:									
Revenue Bonds	\$	3,995,969	\$ 954,528	\$	1,137,968	\$	3,812,529	\$	78,626
Future Benefits and Loss Liability		67,212			15,532		51,680		6,000
Capital Leases		25,772			2,845		22,927		2,967
Compensated Absences		3,177	1,044				4,221		
Total Component Units									
Long-term Liabilities	\$	4,092,129	\$ 955,572	\$	1,156,345	\$	3,891,357	\$	87,593

# NOTE 11. BONDS, NOTES AND OTHER DEBT OBLIGATIONS

The following schedule summarizes outstanding long-term bonds and notes payable at June 30, 2003 (in thousands):

Primary Government	
Governmental Activities:	
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 3,090,875
Revenue Bonds:	
Transportation	1,137,467
Petroleum Inspection	188,119
Total Governmental Activities	4,416,461
Business-Type Activities:	
General Obligation Bonds:	
Veterans Mortgage Loan Repayment	580,375
University of Wisconsin System	291,128
Other Business-Type	41,949
Revenue Bonds:	
Environmental Improvement	623,418
Total Business-Type Activities	1,536,870
Total Primary Government	5,953,331
Component Units	
Wisconsin Housing and Economic	
Development Authority Revenue	2,069,675
University of Wisconsin Hospitals	
And Clinics Authority Revenue Bonds	175,628
Badger Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation	1,567,226
Total Component Units	3,812,529
Total at June 30, 2003	\$ 9,765,860
. 5.6. 6. 565 66, 2000	+ 0,100,000

## A. General Obligation Bonds

# **Primary Government**

The State of Wisconsin Building Commission, an agency of the State, is empowered by law to consider, act upon, authorize, issue and sell all debt obligations of the State. To date, the Commission has authorized and issued general obligation bonds primarily to provide funds for the acquisition or improvement of land, water, property, highways, buildings, equipment or facilities for public purposes. Occasionally, general obligation bonds are also issued for the purpose of providing funds for veterans housing loans and to refund general obligation bonds. All general obligation bonds authorized and issued by the State are secured by a pledge of the full faith, credit and taxing power of the State of Wisconsin and are customarily repaid over a period of twenty to thirty years.

Article VIII of the Wisconsin Constitution and Wis. Stat. Sec. 18.05 set limits on the amount of debt that the State can contract in total and in any calendar year. In total, debt outstanding cannot exceed five percent of the value of all taxable property in the State. Annual debt issued cannot exceed the lesser of three-quarters of one percent or five percent of the value of all taxable property in the State less net indebtedness at January 1.

At June 30, 2003, \$2,610.7 million of general obligation bonds were authorized but unissued.

General obligation bonds issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2003 were as follows (in thousands):

Fiscal Year Issued	Series	Dates	Interest Rates	Maturity Through	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
1990	1990 Series D	5/90	6.9 to 7.0	5/10	\$ 65,859	\$ 23,844
1991	1991 Series B and I	5/91; 6/91	5.25 to 9.6	1/21	202,136	79,294
1992	1992 Series B and Refunding Issue	6/92; 3/92	6.0 to 6.6	1/22	478,935	192,865
1993	1992 2	11/92			,,,,,,	,,,,,,
	1993 1, 2 and A and H; 1993 AC	1/93; 3/93; 5/93; 1/93	4.5 to 6.0	5/15	552,890	289,540
1994	1993 Refunding Issues	8/93; 12/93; 12/93;				
	3, 4, 5, 6; 1994 Refunding	10/93; 3/94;				
	Issue 2; and 1994 Series A					
	and B; 1994 AC 1	1/94; 6/94; 1/94	4.4 to 7.18	5/24	838,215	355,834
1995	1994 Series 3 and C;	9/94; 9/94				
	1995 Series A & B, and 1	1/95; 2/95; 2/95	5.4 to 7.0	5/25	336,715	41,415
1996	1995 Series 2 and C;	10/95; 9/95;				
	1996 Series 1, B; 1995 AC	2/96; 1/96; 5/96; 8/95				
	and Note 995B	and 7/95	4.7 to 7.64	11/26	453,537	238,959
1997	1996 C and D;	9/96; 10/96;				
	1997 1 and A; 1996 AC; 1997 AC	3/97; 3/97; 8/96; 3/97	5.0 to 7.81	5/28	200,230	62,974
1998	1997 B, C and D;	7/97; 9/97; 10/97; 2/98	4.5 to 7.81	11/28	421,765	304,787
	1998 A, B and C; 1997 AC 2					
	and 1998 AC	9/97; 3/98; 5/98; 5/98				
1999	1998 Series 1, 2, D, E and F;	8/98; 9/98; 9/98; 10/98	4.0 to 7.25	11/30	590,675	488,885
	1999 Series 1, A and B	10/98; 2/99; 5/99; 5/99				
2000	1999 C and D; 2000 A; 1999 AC	10/99; 11/99; 3/00; 12/99	5.0 to 8.0	11/30	320,000	197,980
2001	2000 Series B, C, D, E; and	7/00;7/00;11/00;11/00	4.5 to 8.05	11/31	556,710	443,100
	2001 Series A, B, C and D,	2/01; 4/01; 6/01; 6/01;				
	2000 AC; 2001 AC	11/00; 4/01				
2002	2001 Series 1, E, F and F1; and	10/01; 10/01; 10/01;	3.5 to 6.96	5/33	824,545	817,720
	2002 Series 1, A, B, C, and D;	10/01; 3/02; 3/02;				
	2001 BC	3/02; 6/02; 6/02; 12/01				
2003	2002 Series E, F, G and H;	9/02; 9/02; 10/02; 12/02	2.45 to 6.00	5/33	415,190	415,190
	2003 Series 1, 2, and A	4/03; 4/03; 5/03				
Total					6,257,402	3,952,387
Premium	s/Discounts					60,164
Deferred	Amount on Refunding					(8,224)
Total Ger	neral Obligation Bonds and Notes				\$ 6,257,402	\$ 4,004,327

As of June 30, 2003, general obligation bond debt service requirements for principal and interest for governmental activities and business - type activities are as follows (in thousands):

Fiscal Year Governmental Activities		ental Activities	Business-1	ype Activities
Ended June 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2004	\$ 217,688	\$ 161,541	\$ 42,524	\$ 51,612
2005	211,725	149,300	44,513	49,064
2006	210,554	136,864	45,187	46,916
2007	208,195	125,475	41,221	44,538
2008	206,696	114,022	33,092	42,606
2009-2013	932,462	412,749	188,239	184,578
2014-2018	685,782	198,561	196,759	130,260
2019-2023	366,508	44,616	155,457	79,212
2024-2028			113,810	36,609
2029-2033			51,975	6,989
Total	3,039,610	1,343,128	912,777	672,384
Premiums/Discounts	54,365		5,799	
Deferred Amount				
on Refunding	(3,100)		(5,124)	
Total	\$ 3,090,875	\$ 1,343,128	\$ 913,452	\$ 672,384

## Zero Coupon Bonds

The general obligation bonds of 1990, Series D (Higher Education Series), are zero coupon bonds recorded in the amount of \$23.8 million which is the accreted value at June 30, 2003. The bonds mature on May 1 through the year 2010.

The general obligation bonds of 1991, Series B, are zero coupon bonds recorded in the amount of \$44.4 million. The bonds mature on May 1 through the year 2011.

#### **B.** Revenue Bonds

## **Primary Government**

Chapter 18, Wisconsin Statutes, authorizes the State to issue revenue obligations secured by a pledge of revenues or property derived from the operation of a program funded by the issuance of these obligations. The resulting bond obligations are not general obligations of the State.

#### **Transportation Revenue Bonds**

Transportation Revenue Bonds are issued to finance part of the costs of certain transportation facilities and major highway projects. Chapter 18, Subchapter II of the Wisconsin Statutes as amended, Wis. Stat. Sec. 84.59 and a general bond resolution and series resolutions authorize the issuance of these bonds.

The Department of Transportation is authorized to issue a total of \$2,095.6 million of revenue bonds. Presently, there are eleven issues of Transportation Revenue Bonds totaling \$1,113.1 million. Debt service payments are secured by driver and vehicle registration fees and also a reserve fund, which will be used in the event that a deficiency exists in the redemption fund.

The Transportation Revenue Bonds issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2003 were as follows (in thousands):

	Issue	Interest	Maturity		
Issue	Date	Rates	Through	Issued	Outstanding
2002A	10/02	3.0 to 5.0	7/23	\$ 200,000	\$ 200,000
20022	4/02	3.0 to 5.5	7/22	68,930	68,930
20021	4/02	4.5 to 5.75	7/19	241,865	241,865
2001A	11/01	3.0 to 5.0	7/22	140,000	140,000
2000A	9/00	5.3 to 5.5	7/21	93,100	93,100
1998A&B	8&10/98	4.0 to 5.5	7/19	229,545	212,225
1996A	5/96	5.0 to 6.0	7/08	54,630	31,115
1995A	9/95	4.8 to 6.25	7/07	49,495	24,095
1994A	7/94	5.3 to 7.5	7/05	41,845	13,735
1993A	9/93	4.4 to 5.0	7/12	116,450	88,055
				1,235,860	1,113,120
Unamortize	d Premium				24,347
Total				\$ 1,235,860	\$ 1,137,467

#### **Petroleum Inspection Fee Revenue Bonds**

Petroleum Inspection Fee (PIF) Revenue Bonds are issued to finance claims made under the Petroleum Environmental Cleanup Fund Award (PECFA) Program for reimbursement of cleanup costs to soil and groundwater contamination. The program reimburses owners for 75 percent to 99 percent of cleanup costs associated with soil and groundwater contamination.

Presently, there are two issues of PIF Bonds outstanding totaling \$188.1 million. Debt service payments are secured by petroleum inspection fees.

The PIF revenue bonds issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2003 were as follows (in thousands):

	Issue	Interest	Maturity				
Issue	Date	Rates	Through	ls	ssued	Out	standing
2001A	12/01	5.0	7/08	\$	30,000	\$	30,000
2000A	3/00	5.25 to 6.0	7/12		170,250		157,060
					200,250		187,060
Unamortiz	ed Premium						1,059
Total				\$	200,250	\$	188,119

#### Clean Water Revenue Bonds

The Environmental Improvement Fund (the Fund) provides loans and grants to local municipalities to finance wastewater treatment planning and construction. The Fund is authorized to issue up to \$1,616.0 million in Revenue Bonds. At June 30, 2003, there were eleven issues of Revenue Bonds outstanding totaling \$623.4 million. These bonds are secured by payments on program loans and earnings of investments.

Bonds issued and outstanding for the Fund as of June 30, 2003 were as follows (in thousands):

	Issue	Interest	Maturity				
Issue	Date	Rates	Through	ls	sued	Ou	tstanding
2002-2	8/02	3.0 to 5.5	6/26	\$	85,575	\$	84,580
2002-1	5/01	4.0 to 5.25	6/23		100,000		97,250
2001-1	4/01	4.5 to 5.0	6/21		70,000		65,300
1999-1	9/99	5.0 to 5.75	6/20		80,000		53,570
1998-2	8/99	4.0 to 5.5	6/17		104,360		90,400
1998-1	1/98	4.0 to 5.0	6/18		90,000		69,335
1997-1	2/97	4.5 to 6.0	6/17		80,000		14,205
1995-1	7/95	4.0 to 6.25	6/15		80,000		8,475
1993-2	9/93	2.75 to 6.25	6/08		81,950		75,440
1993-1	9/93	3.6 to 5.3	6/13		84,345		4,480
1991-1	4/91	5.4 to 6.9	6/11		225,000		57,445
				1,	081,230		620,480
Unamorti	zed Prem	nium					15,332
Less: Una	amortized	l discount					
and ch	arge						(12,394)
Total, net	of discou	unt, charge and					
premiu	ım			\$ '	1,081,230	\$	623,418

As of June 30, 2003, revenue bond debt service requirements for principal and interest for governmental activities and business-type activities are as follows (in thousands):

				Governmen	tal Acti	vities			Business-Type Activities			
		Transp	ortat	ion	Р	Petroleum Inspection Fee			Clean Water			
Fiscal Year		Revenu	іе Во	nds		Revenu	ue Bo	onds		Revenu	ie Bo	onds
Ended June 30	-	Principal		Interest Principal			Interest	F	Principal		Interest	
2004	\$	46,870	\$	45,856	\$	12,070	\$	10,139	\$	37,545	\$	32,986
2005		57,885		52,647		12,735		9,425		39,340		31,163
2006		60,760		49,869		13,495		8,638		41,255		29,182
2007		63,345		46,978		14,305		7,830		43,455		26,928
2008		66,045		43,917		30,115		6,617		45,765		24,572
2009-2013		292,525		173,637		104,340		13,698		219,555		83,542
2014-2018		280,670		97,214						132,845		35,656
2019-2023		229,735		31,028						60,720		7,874
2024-2028		15,285		363								
Total		1,113,120		541,509		187,060		56,347		620,480		271,903
Unamortized Premium		24,347				1,059				15,332		
Unamortized												
Discount/Charge										(12,394)		
Total, net	\$	1,137,467	\$	541,509	\$	188,119	\$	56,347	\$	623,418	\$	271,903

# **Component Units**

## **Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority**

Bonds and notes payable at June 30, 2003 of the Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority (Authority) consisted of the following (in thousands):

Revenue bonds and notes	\$ 1,696,226
Special obligation and subordinated	
Special obligation	 379,695
Total	2,075,921
Less: Deferred amount on refunding	 (6,246)
Total, net	\$ 2,069,675

#### Authority's Revenue Bonds and Notes

The Authority's revenue bonds and notes are collateralized by the revenues and assets of the Authority, subject to the provisions of resolutions and note agreements which pledge particular revenues or assets to specific bonds or notes. The bonds are subject to mandatory sinking fund requirements and may be redeemed at the Authority's option at various dates and at prices ranging from 100 percent to 103 percent of par value. Any particular series contains both term bonds and serial bonds which mature at various dates.

The Authority's revenue bonds and notes outstanding at June 30, 2003 consisted of the following (in thousands):

Series/ Issue	Date		aturity rough	Out	standing
Housing Revenu	ie Bonds:				
1992 A	1/92	6.4 to 6.85	2012	\$	9,670
1993 A&B	10/93	4.0 to 5.65	2023		52,670
1993 C	12/93	5.1 to 5.875	2019		104,130
1995 A&B	7/95	5.45 to 6.5	2026		40,720
1998 A,B&C	2/98	4.4 to 6.88	2032		36,140
1999 A&B	10/99	4.55 to 6.18	2031		39,055
2000 A&B	9/00	Variable	2032		10,585
2002 A, B&C	5/02	3.2 to 5.6	2033		110,135
2002 D, E&G	5/02	Variable	2034		15,850
2002 F	5/02	Variable	2033		10,430
2002 H	5/02	4.68	2033		25,520
2002 I	5/02	Variable	2033		7,005
					461,910

(Continued)

Series/ Issue	Date		Maturity Through	Outstanding
Home Ownership	o Revenue Bo	onds:		
1987 B&C	8/87	7.375	2015	555
1994 A&B	4/94	5.7 to 6.45	2017	19,860
1995 A&B	1/95	5.4 to 7.1	2025	10,385
1995 C,D&E	5/95	5.45 to 7.45	2026	29,100
1995 F,G&H	9/95	5.25 to 7.2	2017	11,785
1996 A&B	3/96	5.2 to 6.15	2027	29,720
1996 C&D	7/96	4.5 to 6.45	2027	25,555
1996 E&F	11/96	5.0 to 6.1	2026	20,330
1997 A,B&C	4/97	5.1 to 7.11	2028	28,975
1997 D&E	6/97	4.85 to 6.0	2028	42,500
1997 G,H&I	11/97	4.75 to 5.75	2028	33,860
1998 A,B&C	4/98	4.75 to 5.6	2028	67,355
1998 D&E	6/98	4.45 to 6.04	2028	67,545
1999 C &D	4/99	4.0 to 7.29	2029	52,825
1999 A&B	8/99	5.3 to 5.5	2021	52,420
1999 F&G	7/99	4.3 to 7.07	2030	44,825
2000 A,B&C	3/00	5.1 to 8.57	2030	25,955
2000 D&E	9/00	5.15 to 7.91	2031	31,070
2000 F	7/00	Variable	2015	11,645
2000 G	11/00	4.75 to 7.21	2031	15,710
2000 H	11/00	Variable	2024	19,500
2001 A,B,C		3.95 to 6.4		
& D	5/01	& Variable	2032	62,445
2002 A&C	2/02	3.5 to 5.5	2032	76,610
2002 B	2/02	5.88	2032	19,515
2002 C	2/02	3.69	2016	14,945
2002 D	2/02	2.91	2022	9,965
2002 E,G&H	3/03	2.2 to 5.25	2022	128,445
2002 I	10/02	Variable	2032	85,000
2002 F	7/02	Variable	2032	22,980
2002 J	10/02	Variable	2032	9,980
2003 A	4/03	1.3 to 4.95	2033	110,000
				1,181,360
Business Develo	pment Bonds	<b>s</b> :		
1989 3&28	Various	4.4 to 5.2	2014	2,045
1991 4,6	Various	3.75 to 5.5	2006	1,925
1994 1,4	Various	Variable	2014	2,305
1995 1-2,4-9	Various	Variable	2015	10,875
				17,150
Notes Payable	Various	Variable	2021	35,806
Authority's Tota	al Revenue B	Sonds and Notes	i	\$ 1,696,226

Authority's Special Obligation Bonds

The Authority's Special Obligation Bonds are special limited obligations of the Authority and are collateralized by the revenues and assets of each bond resolution.

Special obligation bonds at June 30, 2003 consist of the following (in thousands):

Series/			Maturity				
Issue	Date	Rates	Through	Out	standing		
Home Owners	hip Revenue	Bonds:					
1993 A	6/92	5.6 to 6.5	2025	\$	37,155		
1994 C&D	8/94	5.625 to 6.3	2014		12,955		
1998 F&G	10/98	4.1 to 6.7	2029		62,250		
					112,360		
Single Family	Drawdown R	evenue Bonds:					
2001-1	11/01	Variable	2004		206,000		
2003-1	4/03	Variable	2006		61,335		
					267,335		
Total Special	Total Special Obligation Bonds \$ 379,69						

Under a Business Development Program and a Beginning Farmer Program, revenue bonds are issued which do not constitute indebtedness of the Authority within the meaning of any provision or limitation of the Constitution or Statutes of the State of Wisconsin. They do not constitute or give rise to a pecuniary liability of the Authority or a charge against its general credit. They are payable solely out of the revenues derived pursuant to the loan agreement, or in the event of default of the loan agreement, out of any revenues derived from the sale, releasing or other disposition of the mortgaged property. Therefore, the bonds are not reflected in the financial statements. As of June 30, 2003, the Authority had issued 142 series of such bonds in an aggregate principal amount of \$82.6 million for economic projects in Wisconsin.

The Authority has entered into various interest rate swap agreements. The agreements provide the Authority with synthetic fixed interest rates on a portion of its debt. During the term of the swap agreements, the Authority expects to effectively pay a fixed rate on the debt. In return, the counterparty pays interest based on a contractually agreed upon variable rate. The Authority will be exposed to variable rates on the outstanding bonds if the counterparty to the swap defaults, the swap is terminated or the effective interest rate, determined by the Remarketing Agent used for Bond Holder payments, increases over the variable rate index used for calculating the interest received from the counterparty. All interest rate swap agreements at June 30, 2003 are classified as effective. The Authority does not intend to terminate these agreements prior to their maturity.

The following table outlines information related to agreements in place as of June 30, 2003 (in thousands):

Program and Bond Issue	Notional Value at 6/30/03	Effective Date	Swap Termination Date	Credit Rating	Percent Fixed Rate Paid	Variable Rate/Index Received	Swap Termination Market Value at 6/30/03
Housing Revenue	Pondo						
2002 Series H	\$ 25.520	5/21/2002	11/1/2033	AAA	4.68	70% of one month London	
2002 Selles II	φ 25,520	3/2 1/2002	11/1/2000	AAA	4.00	Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR)	\$ (3,123)
						interbank Offered Nate (LIBON)	(3,123)
							(3,123)
1987 Home Owner	•						
2002 Series B	19,515	2/6/2002	3/1/2020	AAA	5.88	One month LIBOR + 35 basis points	(2,071)
2002 Series C	14,945	2/6/2002	9/1/2012	AAA	3.69	67 percent of one month LIBOR	(1,340
2002 Series D	9,965	2/6/2002	9/1/2006	AAA	2.91	70 percent of one month LIBOR	(262)
2002 Series I	8,250	10/17/2002	3/1/2008	AA+	2.33	70 percent of one month LIBOR	(245)
2002 Series I	35,020	10/17/2002	9/1/2032	AA+	4.07	70 percent of one month LIBOR	(2,714)
2002 Series J	9,980	10/17/2002	9/1/2006	AA+	3.13	One month LIBOR + 40 basis points	(214)
							(6,846)
1988 Home Owner	shin Revenue	Ronds					
2002 Series E	22,370	7/11/2002	3/1/2011	AAA	3.24	70 percent of one month LIBOR	(1,168)
2002 Series E	23.890	7/11/2002	9/1/2032	AAA	4.67	70 percent of one month LIBOR	(2,042)
2002 Series F	22,890	7/11/2002	9/1/2014	AAA	5.20	Three months LIBOR + 40 basis	(1,746)
2003 Series A	25,000	4/3/2003	9/1/2014	AAA	2.98	65 percent one month LIBOR	(1,740)
2000 00110371	20,000	4/0/2000	3/1/2014	7001	2.50	+ 25 basis points	(832)
2003 Series A	31,375	4/3/2003	9/1/2030	AAA	4.26	65 percent one month LIBOR	(032)
2003 Selles A	31,373	4/3/2003	9/1/2030	AAA	4.20	+ 25 basis points	(1,287)
2003 Series A	17.000	4/3/2003	9/1/2033	AAA	4.17	65 percent one month LIBOR	(1,207)
2003 Series A	17,920	4/3/2003	9/1/2033	AAA	4.17	'	(007)
						+ 25 basis points	(867)
							(7,942)
							\$ (17,911)
							,

The commercial paper obligations are issued for terms of one to 270 days. These obligations bear interest at various rates, which ranged from .95%-1.30% and 1.50%-1.65% at June 30, 2003 and June 30, 2002 respectively. The obligations are backed by a line of credit agreement which is renewable annually and bears interest at variable rates, based on an index defined in the agreement. The line of credit agreements used for temporary mortgage financing, one of which is renewable annually, bear interest based on the 30 day LIBOR rate. The three agreements bear interest at the rates of 1.800%, 2.210% and 1.625% at June 30, 2003.

#### University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority

In April 1997, the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority (the Hospital) issued \$50.0 million of Variable Rate Demand Hospital Revenue Bonds, Series 1997. The bond proceeds are designated to finance qualified capital projects. Principal payments on the Series 1997 Bonds are due annually commencing in April 2010 through April 2026. Interest is payable monthly. The effective annual estimated interest rate was 1.3 percent in 2003.

In March 2000, the Hospital issued \$56.5 million of Hospital Revenue Bonds Series 2000. The bond proceeds are designated to finance qualified capital projects. Principal payments are due annually commencing in April 2007 through April 2029. Interest rates range from 5.35 percent to 6.20 percent and interest is payable semiannually on April 1 and October 1 each year beginning October 1, 2000.

The Series 1997 Bonds and Series 2000 Bonds are collateralized by a security interest in substantially all of the Hospital's revenue. The borrowing agreements contain various covenants and restrictions including compliance with the terms and conditions of the lease agreement (Note 1-B) and provisions limiting the amount of additional indebtedness which may be incurred. The borrowing agreements also require the establishment and maintenance of certain funds under the control of a trustee.

In September 2000, the Hospital entered into an interest rate swap in order to effectively change a portion of the Series 2000 Bonds fixed rate interest cash flows to variable rate interest cash flows. The notional amount of this swap agreement was \$46.5 million. The terms of the swap agreement are for the Hospital to pay to the counterparty a variable rate and to receive a fixed interest payment from the counterparty. The fair value of \$2.9 million at June 30, 2002 is not reflected in the financial statements. The swap agreement was terminated in September 2002. The cancellation resulted in a gain to the Hospital of \$4.0 million reflecting additional market value appreciation.

In October 2002, the Hospital issued \$68.5 million of Hospital Revenue Bonds, Series 2002 (Series 2002 Bonds) consisting of \$55.6 million Series 2002A Short-term Adjustable Securities and \$12.9 million Series 2002B Fixed Interest Rate Bonds. The bond proceeds are designated to finance qualified capital projects. Principal payments on the Series 2002A Bonds range from \$500 thousand to \$3.9 million due annually commencing in April 2013 through 2032. The interest rates and the interest payment dates for the Series 2002A Bonds vary depending on if the bonds are in auction mode, daily mode, weekly mode, or in flexible mode beginning November 29, 2002. Principal payments on the Series 2002B Bonds range from \$1.4 million to \$1.9 million due annually commencing in April 2006 through April 2013. Interest rates for the Series 2002B Bonds range from 5.25 percent to 5.50 percent and interest is payable semiannually on April 1 and October 1 of each year beginning April 1, 2003. The effective annual interest rate of the Series 2002 A Bonds was 1.19 percent in 2003. The effective annual interest rate of the Series 2002B Bonds was 5.45 percent in 2003.

In October 2002, the Hospital entered into an interest rate swap in order to convert a portion of the Series 2002A Short-term Adjustable Rate Securities to fixed rates. The notional amount of this swap agreement was \$21.4 million at June 30, 2003, which matures on April 1, 2022. The terms of the swap agreement are for the Hospital to pay the counterparty a fixed rate of 3.85 percent per annum, payable semiannually, and the Hospital to receive a floating rate of 70 percent of one-month LIBOR per annum, payable monthly. As of June 30, 2003, the interest rate received by the Hospital was 0.92 percent. The Hospital will be exposed to variable rates if the counterparty to the swap defaults or if the swap is terminated. The swap exposes the Hospital to basis risk should the relationship between LIBOR and auction rate converge, changing the synthetic rate on the bonds. The Hospital does not intend to terminate this agreement. As of June 30, 2003, the Hospital was not exposed to credit risk because the swap had a negative fair value. However, should interest rates change and the fair value of the swap becomes positive, the Hospital would be exposed to credit risk in the amount of the swap's fair value.

The Hospital is limited to total borrowings, exclusive of amounts payable to the primary government, to \$175.0 million, with limited exceptions.

The revenue bonds of the Hospital do not constitute debt of the State nor is the State liable on those bonds.

# **Badger Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation**

In May 2002, the Badger Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation issued \$1.6 billion of bonds for the purpose of making a one-time purchase of Tobacco Settlement Revenue (TSRs) from the State. Interest on the bonds is due June 1 and December 1, commencing December 1, 2002. See Note 1-B for additional discussion.

As of June 30, 2003, debt service requirements for principal and interest for component units at May 31 or June 30, 2003 are as follows (in thousands):

			Componen	t Units			
	Wisconsin Housin	_	University of Wisc	•	Badger Tobacco Asset		
Fiscal Year	Development A	uthority Bonds	and Clinics Aut	hority Bonds	Securitization	Corporation	
Ended	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2004	\$ 78,626	\$ 84,788	\$	\$ 9,614	\$	\$ 148,634	
2005	267,865	79,045		5,185		97,643	
2006	131,780	75,321	1,385	5,186	12,210	97,308	
2007	65,650	71,646	2,035	5,114	12,315	96,603	
2008	68,945	68,458	2,480	5,007	12,485	95,966	
2009-2013	363,265	294,113	18,530	22,674	166,665	456,698	
2014-2018	354,515	208,371	33,135	18,514	209,260	403,156	
2019-2023	278,290	132,914	42,235	14,352	258,810	333,536	
2024-2028	293,890	68,060	52,010	9,271	404,880	233,486	
2029-2033	171,515	23,542	23,190	921	514,470	77,171	
2034	1,580	1,421					
Total	2,075,920	1,107,680	175,000	95,838	1,591,095	2,040,201	
Unamortized							
Premium/Discount			628		(23,869)		
Deferred Amount							
on Refunding	(6,245)						
Total	\$2,069,675	\$ 1,107,680	\$ 175,628	\$ 95,838	\$1,567,226	\$ 2,040,201	

# C. Refundings and Early Extinguishments

#### Refunding Provisions of GASB Statement No. 23

The State implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 23. Accounting and Financial Reporting for Refunding of Debt Reported by Proprietary Activities beginning with Fiscal Year 1996. This Statement requires proprietary activities to adopt certain accounting and reporting changes for both current refunding and advance refunding resulting in defeasance of debt. GASB Statement No. 23 permits, but does not require, retroactive application of its provisions. The State has chosen not to apply the provisions retroactively to previously issued financial statements.

In February 1996, the State participated in a refunding (1996 Series 1) of general obligation debt that fell within the provisions of GASB Statement No. 23. The State is amortizing these deferred amounts over a period of approximately 19 years, using the straight-line method.

#### **Current Year Refundings/General Obligation Bonds**

In April 2003, the State issued \$7.0 million of general obligation refunding bonds (2003 Series 1), the proceeds of which were used to refund the outstanding 1992 Series B bonds. As a result of the refunding, the bonds are considered defeased and the associated liability removed from the financial statements. The refunding resulted in a decrease in total debt service payments by \$2.4 million and an economic gain of \$.3 million.

In April 2003, the State issued \$13.7 million of general obligation refunding bonds (2003 Series 2), the proceeds of which were used to replacement refund principal due on certain general obligation bonds previously issued to fund veterans housing loans. The refunding resulted in an increase in total debt service payments by \$(8.7) million with an economic gain of \$4.0 million.

#### Prior Year Refundings/General Obligation Bonds

Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 7 Advance Refundings Resulting in Defeasance of Debt, provides that refunded debt and assets placed in escrow for the payment of related debt service be excluded from the financial statements. At June 30, 2003, approximately \$504.2 million of general obligation bond principal have been defeased.

#### Prior Year Refundings/Revenue Bonds

For financial reporting purposes, the following primary government revenue bonds have been defeased, and therefore, removed as a liability from the balance sheet:

- Environmental Improvement Fund revenue bonds At June 30, 2003, revenue bonds outstanding of \$86.1 million have been defeased.
- Transportation revenue bonds At June 30, 2003, revenue bonds outstanding of \$233.3 million have been defeased.

In addition, the Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority (the Authority), a proprietary component unit, defeased Insured Mortgage Revenue Bonds payable aggregating \$48.4 million and sold the related Insured Mortgage Loan portfolio on March 1, 1990. As of June 30, 2003, the remaining outstanding defeased debt was \$32.1 million.

#### **Early Extinguishments**

#### **Component Units**

Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority

During 2003, the Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority (the Authority) redeemed early various outstanding bonds according to the redemption provisions in the bond resolutions. These redemptions resulted in extraordinary losses due to the write-off of remaining unamortized deferred debt financing costs and, in certain instances, the payment of an early redemption premium. A summary of these early redemptions follows (in thousands):

	Redemptions
Bond Issue	2003
Home Ownership Revenue	
Bond Resolutions:	
1987	\$ 152,630
1988	277,300
All Other	223,230
Housing Revenue Bonds	105,425
General funds	175

# D. Short-Term Financing

The State of Wisconsin Building Commission, an agency of the State, is empowered by law to consider, authorize, issue, and sell debt obligations of the State. To date, the Commission has authorized the issuance of notes in anticipation of revenue or bond financing. When this short-term debt does not meet long-term financing criteria, it is classified among fund liabilities.

## **General Obligation Commercial Paper Notes**

The State has authorized General Obligation Commercial Paper Notes for the acquisition, construction, development, extension, enlargement, or improvement of land, waters, property, highway, buildings, equipment or facilities. As of June 30, 2003, the State issued \$166.7 million of general obligation commercial paper notes. Periodically, additional commercial paper notes are issued to pay for maturing commercial paper notes.

The State intends to make annual May 1 payments on the outstanding commercial paper notes that reflect principal amortization of the notes. The State also intends to make regular payments to the issuing and paying agent that will be equal to the interest due on maturing notes. At June 30, 2003, the amount of commercial paper notes outstanding was \$77.1 million which had interest rates ranging from .90 percent to 1.07 percent and maturities ranging from July 1, 2003 to September 10, 2003.

Short term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2003 for the general obligation commercial paper notes was as follows (in millions):

Ba	lance					Ва	alance
July	1, 2002	Ac	Iditions	Redu	uctions	June	30, 2003
\$	79.1	\$		\$	2.0	\$	77.1

# **General Obligation Extendible Municipal Commercial Paper**

The State has authorized general obligation extendible municipal commercial paper for the acquisition, construction, development, extension, enlargement, or improvement of land, waters, property, highway, buildings, equipment or facilities. As of June 30, 2003, the State issued \$340.5 million of general obligation extendible municipal commercial paper. Periodically, additional extendible municipal commercial papers are issued to pay for maturing extendible municipal commercial papers. The State intends to make annual May 1 payments on the outstanding extendible commercial paper that reflect principal amortization of the paper. The State also intends to make regular payments to the issuing and paying agent that will be equal to the upcoming interest due on maturing notes. At June 30, 2003, the amount of extendible municipal commercial paper outstanding was \$239.9 million which

had interest rates ranging from 0.9 percent to 1.10 percent and maturities ranging from July 1, 2003, to August 14, 2003.

Short term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2003 for the general obligation extendible municipal commercial paper was as follows (in millions):

Ва	alance					Ва	alance
Jul	y 1, 2002	Ad	ditions	Red	uctions	June	e 30, 2003
\$	265.9	\$		\$	26.0	\$	239.9

# Petroleum Inspection Fee Revenue Extendible Municipal Commercial Paper

The State has authorized petroleum inspection fee revenue extendible municipal commercial paper to pay the costs of claims under the Petroleum Environmental Cleanup Fund Award (PECFA) Program. As of June 30, 2003, the State issued \$142.3 million of petroleum inspection fee revenue extendible municipal commercial paper. Periodically, additional extendible municipal commercial paper is issued to pay for maturing paper. The State may periodically deposit money into the Junior Subordinate Principal Account, which represents principal payments to be made on the extendible municipal commercial paper. The State also intends to make regular payments to the issuing and paying agent that will be equal to the upcoming interest due on maturing paper. At June 30, 2003, the amount of extendible commercial paper outstanding was \$142.3 million which had interest rates ranging from 0.9 percent to 1.12 percent and maturities ranging from July 1, 2003 to August 4, 2003.

Short term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2003 for the petroleum inspection fee revenue extendible municipal commercial paper was as follows (in millions):

Ba	lance					Bal	ance
July	/ 1, 2002	Add	ditions	Red	uctions	June	30, 2003
\$	80.0	\$	62.3	\$		\$	142.3

#### **Transportation Revenue Commercial Paper Notes**

The State authorized transportation revenue commercial paper notes to pay the costs of major highway projects and certain State transportation facilities. As of June 30, 2003, the State issued \$157.8 million of transportation revenue commercial paper notes. Periodically, additional commercial paper notes are issued to pay for maturing commercial paper notes. The State intends to make annual July 1 payments on the commercial paper notes that reflect principal amortization of the notes. The State also intends to make regular payments to the issuing and paying agent that will be equal to the upcoming interest due on maturing notes. At June 30, 2003, the amount of commercial paper notes outstanding was \$131.4 million which had interest rates ranging from 1.0 percent to 1.10 percent and maturities ranging from July 7, 2003 to January 22, 2004.

Short term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2003 for the transportation revenue commercial paper notes was as follows (in millions):

В	alance					Bal	lance
Ju	ly 1, 2002	Ad	ditions	Redu	uctions	June	30, 2003
\$	136.7	\$		\$	5.3	\$	131.4
*		*		•		*	

# E. Certificates of Participation

The State established a facility in 1992 that provides lease purchase financing for property and certain service items acquired by State agencies. This facility is the Third Amended and Restated Master Lease 1992-1. Pursuant to the terms and conditions of this agreement, the trustee for the facility issues parity Master Lease certificates of participation that evidence proportionate interest of the owners thereof in lease payments. A common pool of collateral ratably secures all Master Lease certificates. Title in the property and service items purchased under the facility remains with the State and the State grants to the Trustee, for the benefit of all Master Lease certificate holders, a first security interest in the leased items. At June 30, 2003, the following parity Master Lease certificates were outstanding:

- Master Lease Certificates of Participation of 1996, Series B, in the amount of \$.05 million. This series of Master Lease certificates had an interest rate of 4.9 percent and matures through September 1, 2003.
- Master Lease Certificates of Participation of 1999, Series A, in the amount of \$2.4 million. This series of Master Lease certificates have interest rates ranging from 3.7 percent to 3.9 percent and mature semi-annually through March 1, 2005.

- Master Lease Certificates of Participation of 1999, Series B
  (Taxable), in the amount of \$5.7 million. This series of
  Master Lease certificates have interest rates ranging from 5.5
  percent to 5.6 percent and mature semi-annually through
  September 1, 2005.
- Master Lease Certificates of Participation of 2000, Series A, in the amount of \$10.3 million. This series of Master Lease certificates have interest rates ranging from 4.5 percent to 4.75 percent and mature semi-annually through September 1, 2007.
- Master Lease Certificates of Participation of 2000, Series B
  (Taxable), in the amount of \$6.1 million. This series of
  Master Lease certificates have interest rates ranging from
  6.85 percent to 7.0 percent and mature semi-annually
  through September 1, 2005.
- Master Lease Certificates of Participation of 2002, Series A, in the amount of \$35.3 million. This series of Master Lease certificates have interest rates ranging from 2.50 percent to 3.75 percent and mature semi-annually through September 1, 2007.
- Master Lease Certificates of Participation of 2002, Series B (Revolving Credit Agreement Taxable) in the amount of \$60.0 million. This Master Lease certificate evidences the State's obligation to repay revolving loans under a Revolving Credit Agreement, dated July 1, 2002 between U.S. Bank National Association (Trustee) and the Bank of America Leasing and Capital, LLC. This Master Lease certificate shall bear interest at the rates provided for in the Revolving Credit Agreement and matures on September 1, 2017. The balance of this certificate of participation may include some accrued interest that will be payable at the next semi-annual interest payment date.
- Master Lease Certificates of Participation of 2002, Series C (Revolving Credit Agreement Tax Exempt) in the amount of \$19.8 million. This Master Lease certificate evidences the State's obligation to repay tax-exempt revolving loans under a Revolving Credit Agreement, dated July 1, 2002 between U.S. Bank National Association (Trustee) and the Bank of America Leasing & Capital LLC. This Master Lease certificate shall bear interest at the rates provided for in the Revolving Credit Agreement and matures on March 1, 2013. The balance of this certificate of participation may include some accrued interest that will be payable at the next semi-annual interest payment date.
- Master Lease Certificates of Participation of 2002, Series D, in the amount of \$27.1 million. This series of Master Lease Certificates have interest rates ranging form 2.0 percent to

5.0 percent and mature semi-annually through September 1, 2007

Master Lease Certificates of Participation of 2003, Series A (Revolving Credit Agreement – Taxable). This Master Lease certificate evidences the State's obligation to repay revolving loans under a Revolving Credit Agreement, dated July 1, 2002 between U.S. Bank National Association (Trustee) and the Bank of America Leasing & Capital LLC, as amended to extend the Commitment date to June 30, 2004. This Master Lease certificate shall bear interest at the rates provided for in the Revolving Credit Agreement and matures on March 1, 2019. The balance of this certificate of participation may include some accrued interest that will be payable at the next semi-annual interest payment date.

The Third Amended and Restated Master Lease 1992-1 provides that certain lease schedules to the facility can be terminated if the State deposits with the Trustee an amount that is equal to the outstanding amount of the lease schedule, or in amounts that are sufficient to purchase investments that mature on dates and in amounts to make the lease payments when due. At June 30, 2003, the State has deposited with the Trustee amounts, that when invested, will terminate lease schedules having an aggregate outstanding amount of \$4.1 million. As a result of terminating these lease schedules, the associated liability is removed from the financial statements.

## F. Arbitrage Rebate

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 requires that governmental entities issuing tax-exempt debt subsequent to August 1986, calculate and rebate arbitrage earnings to the federal government. Specifically, the excess of the aggregated amount earned on investments purchased with bond proceeds over the amount that would have been earned if the proceeds were invested at a rate equal to the bond yield, is to be rebated to the federal government. As of June 30, 2003, no arbitrage rebate liability existed.

## G. Moral Obligation Debt

Through legislation enacted in 1994, the State authorized the creation of local exposition districts. These districts (Wisconsin Center District, Southeast Wisconsin Professional Baseball Park District, and the Green Bay/Brown County Professional Football Stadium District) are authorized to issue bonds for costs related to an exposition center, and if the State determines that certain conditions are satisfied, the State may have a moral obligation to

appropriate moneys to make up deficiencies in the districts' reserve funds that secure up to \$200 million principal amount of bonds. To date, the Wisconsin Center District has issued \$125.8 million of bonds that are subject to the moral obligation. The two other local exposition districts each have authority to issue \$160.0 million of revenue obligations that, subject to the Secretary of Administration's determination that certain conditions have been met, could carry a moral obligation of the State. Each of these districts have issued revenue obligations that do not carry the moral obligation of the State.

Through legislation enacted in 1999, the State authorized the issuance of up to \$170.0 million principal amount of bonds to finance the development or redevelopment of sites and facilities to be used for public schools. If certain conditions are satisfied, and if a special debt service reserve fund is created for the bonds, the State will provide a moral obligation pledge, which would restore the special debt reserve fund established for the bonds to an amount not to exceed the maximum annual debt service on the bonds. One bond issue of \$33.3 million has been issued that has a special debt service reserve fund secured by the State's moral obligation.

## H. Credit Agreements

#### **Primary Government**

The State has, as part of the working bank contract, a letter of credit agreement with the US Bank National Association under which the Bank has agreed to provide to the State an open line of credit in the amount of \$50.0 million. The agreement provides for advances in anticipation of bond issuance proceeds. As of June 30, 2003, \$50.0 million was unused and available.

The State has previously entered into a credit agreement to provide a line of credit for liquidity support for up to \$85.0 million of general obligation commercial paper notes. The line of credit expires in March, 2004, but is subject to annual renewal as provided for in the credit agreement. The cost of this line of credit is .12 percent per year.

Also, the State has entered into a credit agreement with two banks to provide a line of credit for liquidity support for its transportation revenue commercial paper program. The amount of the line of credit is \$140.0 million. This line of credit expires in May, 2004, but is subject to renewal as provided for in the credit agreement. The cost of this line of credit is 0.170 percent per year.

# NOTE 12. LEASE COMMITMENTS AND INSTALLMENT PURCHASES

The State leases office buildings, space, and equipment under a variety of agreements that vary in lease term, many of which are subject to appropriation from the State Legislature to continue the lease commitment. If such funding, i.e., through legislative appropriation, is judged to be assured, and the likelihood of cancellation through exercise of the fiscal funding clause is remote, leases are considered noncancelable and reported as either a capital lease or an operating lease.

# A. Capital Leases

#### **Primary Government**

Capital lease commitments in the government-wide and proprietary funds statements are reported as liabilities at lease inception. The related assets along with the depreciation are also reported at that time. Lease payments are reported as a reduction of the liability.

For capital leases in governmental funds, "Other Financing Sources - Capital Lease Acquisitions" and expenditures are recorded at lease inception. Lease payments are recorded as expenditures.

The following is an analysis of the gross minimum lease payments along with the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2003 for capital leases (in thousands):

		overnmental	Business-type			
Fiscal Year		Activities		Activities		
0004	•	44.057	•	0.000		
2004	\$	14,257	\$	6,360		
2005		10,498		5,386		
2006		7,774		4,560		
2007		4,791	3,9			
2008		5,117		24,393		
2009 – 2013		2,511		2,323		
2014 – 2018		303		991		
Total minimum						
future payments		45,251		47,963		
Less: Executory costs		(29)				
Less: Interest		(4,907)		(7,047)		
Present value of						
net minimum						
lease payments	\$	40,315	\$	40,916		
	-					

Assets acquired through capital leases are valued at the lower of fair market value or the present value of minimum lease payments at the inception of the lease. The following is an analysis of capital assets recorded under capital leases as of June 30, 2003 (in thousands):

	Governmental Activities		siness-type Activities
Land and Land			
Improvements	\$	376	\$ 
Buildings and			
Improvements		1,060	48,654
Machinery and			
Equipment		63,418	10,743
Less: Accumulated			
Depreciation		(15,864)	(8,485)
Carrying Amount	\$	48,991	\$ 50,912

#### Master Lease Program

The State established a facility in 1992 that provides lease purchase financing for property and certain service items acquired by state agencies. This facility is the Third Amended and Restated Master Lease between the State acting by and through the Department of Administration and U.S. Bank National Association. Lease purchase obligations under the Master Lease are not general obligations of the State, but are payable from appropriations of State agencies participating in the Master Lease Program, subject to annual appropriation. The interest component of each lease/purchase payment is subject to a separate determination. Pursuant to terms of the Master Lease, the Trustee for the facility issues parity Master Lease Certificates of Participation that evidence proportionate interest of the owners thereof in lease payments. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2003 was as follows:

	Average Life
Balance Due	(Weighted Term)
\$127,148,130	3.46196 Years

#### **Component Unit**

Under the terms of a lease agreement, the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority (the Hospital) leases facilities which were occupied by the Hospital as of June, 1996 (see Note 1B to the financial statements). The initial term of the lease is 30 years to be renewed annually with automatic extensions of one additional year on each July 1 until action is taken to stop the extensions. Included in the consideration for the lease is an amount equal to the debt service during the term of the lease agreement on all outstanding bonds issued by the State for the purpose of financing the acquisition, construction or improvement of the leased facilities. Interest rates on the related bonds range from 4.0 percent to 6.26 percent, with final maturities due beginning in April 2000 through April 2022. Scheduled principal and interest payments through April 2022 are \$22.9 million.

## **B.** Operating Leases

Operating leases, those leases not recorded as capital leases as required by FASB Statement No. 13, are not recorded in the statement of net assets. These leases contain various renewal options, the effect of which are reflected in the minimum lease payments only if it is considered that the option will be exercised. Certain other operating leases contain escalation clauses and contingent rentals which are not included in the calculation of the future minimum lease payments. The State has adopted the operating lease scheduled rent increase provisions of FASB Statement No. 13. Operating lease expenditures/expenses are recognized as incurred or paid over the lease term.

Governmental and business-type activities rental expenses under operating leases for Fiscal Year 2003 were \$62.8 million. Of this amount, \$62.3 million relates to minimum rental payments stipulated in lease agreements, \$510 thousand relates to contingent rentals, and \$425 thousand relates to subrental payments.

The following is an analysis of the future minimum rental payments due under operating leases (in thousands):

\$ 43,691	\$	10,499	•	
34,606 26,208 20,961 18,454		8,382 6,413 4,521 2,949	\$	5,425 5,320 5,013 4,448 3,270
44,450 \$ 188,369	\$	12,585 45,349	\$	4,189 27,665
1	26,208 20,961 18,454 44,450	26,208 20,961 18,454 44,450	26,208       6,413         20,961       4,521         18,454       2,949         44,450       12,585	26,208       6,413         20,961       4,521         18,454       2,949         44,450       12,585

#### C. Installment Purchases

The State has entered into installment purchase agreements. The following is an analysis of the gross minimum installment payments, along with the present value of the minimum installment payments, as of June 30, 2003 for installment purchases (in thousands):

Fiscal Year	 Governmental Activities		
2004	\$ 1,282		
2005	1,223		
2006	810		
2007	 563		
Total minimum future payments	3,878		
Less: Interest	(224)		
Present value of net minimum			
installment payments	\$ 3,653		
	 •		

## **NOTE 13. RETIREMENT PLAN**

The Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) was established and is administered by the State of Wisconsin to provide pension benefits for State and local government public employees. The WRS consists of the fixed retirement investment trust, the variable retirement investment trust, and the police and firefighters trust. Although separated for accounting purposes, the assets of these trust funds can be used to pay benefits for any member of the WRS, and are reported as one pension plan.

The WRS is considered part of the State of Wisconsin's financial reporting entity. Copies of the separately issued financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the year ending December 31, 2001, may be obtained by writing to:

Department of Employee Trust Funds 801 West Badger Road P.O. Box 7931 Madison, WI 53707-7931.

The separately issued financial reports for the year ended December 31, 2002 will be available in Calendar Year 2004.

#### **Plan Description**

The WRS, governed by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes, is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. It provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. Any employee of a participating employer who is expected to work at least 600 hours per year for at least one year must be covered by the WRS. As of December 31, 2002, the number of participating employers was:

State Agencies	61
Cities	153
Counties	71
4 <sup>th</sup> Class Cities	34
Villages	219
Towns	192
School Districts	426
Wisconsin Technical College System Board Districts	16
Cooperative Educational Service Agencies	12
Other	175
Total Employers	1,359

For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990 and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998 are immediately vested. Employees who retire at or after age 65 (55 for protective occupation employees,

62 for elected officials and State executive participants) are entitled to receive an unreduced retirement benefit. The factors influencing the benefit are: (1) final average earnings, (2) years of creditable service, and (3) a formula factor.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest years' earnings. Creditable service is the creditable current and prior service expressed in years or decimal equivalents of partial years for which a participant receives earnings and makes contributions as required. The formula factor is a standard percentage based on employment category.

Employees may retire at age 55 (50 for protective occupation employees) and receive reduced benefits. Employees terminating covered employment before becoming eligible for a retirement benefit may withdraw their contributions and forfeit all rights to any subsequent benefits. The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

#### **Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters**

The financial statements of the WRS have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and a full accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time the liabilities are incurred. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which contributions are due. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

All assets of the WRS are invested by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. The retirement fund assets consist of shares in the variable retirement investment trust and the fixed retirement investment trust. The variable retirement investment trust consists primarily of equity securities. The fixed retirement investment trust is a balanced investment fund made up of fixed income securities and equity securities. Shares in the fixed retirement investment trust are purchased as funds are made available from retirement contributions and investment income, and sold when funds for benefit payments and other expenses are needed.

The assets of the fixed and variable retirement investment trusts are carried at fair value with all market value adjustments recognized in current operations. Investments are revalued monthly to current market value. The resulting valuation gains or losses are recognized as income, although revenue has not been realized through a market-place transaction.

The WRS does not have any investments (other than those issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government) in any one organization that represent 5.0 percent or more of plan net assets.

#### State Contributions Required and Contributions Made

Covered State employees in the General/Teacher category are required by statute to contribute 5.0% of their salary (3.1% for Executives and Elected Officials, 4.0% for Protective Occupations with Social Security, and 3.0% for Protective Occupations without Social Security) to the plan. Employers may make these contributions to the plan on behalf of employees.

Employers are required to contribute an actuarially determined amount necessary to fund the remaining projected cost of future benefits; however, State legislation in 1999 prescribed a \$200 million contribution holiday for employers for the first time in the plan's history. State contributions made for the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000 were as follows (in millions):

	2002	2001	2000
Employer current service	\$ 127.2	\$ 122.9	\$ 124.7
Percent of payroll	4.3%	4.2%	4.6%
Employer prior service	\$ 38.3	\$ 15.5	\$ 0.4
Percent of payroll	1.3%	0.5%	0.0%
Employee required	\$ 145.7	\$ 140.9	\$ 134.1
Percent of payroll	4.9%	4.9%	4.9%
Benefit adjustment contrib.	\$ 5.3	\$ 5.1	\$ 12.1
Percent of payroll	0.2%	0.2%	0.4%
Percent of Required	1000/	1000/	4000/
Contributions	100%	100%	100%

The WRS uses the "Entry Age Normal with Frozen Initial Liability" actuarial method in establishing employer contribution rates. Under this method, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) is generally affected only by the monthly amortization payments, compound interest, the added liability created by new employer units, and any liabilities caused by changes in benefit provisions. The UAAL is being amortized over a 40 year period beginning January 1, 1990. However, periodically, the Employee Trust Funds Board has reviewed and, when appropriate, adjusted the actuarial assumptions used to determine this liability. Changes in the assumptions may affect the UAAL, and the resulting actuarial gains or losses are credited or charged to employers' unfunded liability accounts.

All actuarial gains or losses arising from the difference between actual and assumed experience are reflected in the determination of the normal cost.

As of June 30, 2003 and 2002, the WRS's unfunded actuarial accrued liability was \$1.7 billion and \$2.0 billion, respectively.

These amounts are presented as Prior Service Contributions Receivable on the financial statements. New prior service liabilities resulting from employers entering the WRS or increasing their prior service coverage are recognized as contributions in the year service is granted and are added to the Prior Service Contributions Receivable. Employer contributions for prior service reduce the receivable. The receivable is increased as of calendar year end with interest at the assumed interest rate of 8 percent.

## **Employer Pension Costs**

The State's unfunded liability as of June 30, 2003, was \$722.2 million, or 43.8 percent of the total WRS unfunded liability of \$1.7 billion. This liability is determined in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 27. The State's unfunded liability for prior service is recorded in the governmental activities.

#### **NOTE 14. MILWAUKEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM**

The Milwaukee Retirement System (MRS), with participation by the City of Milwaukee Retirement System and the Milwaukee Public Schools Retirement System, is reported as an Investment Trust Fund. MRS participants provide assets to the State of Wisconsin, Department of Employee Trust Funds (DETF) for investing in its Fixed Retirement Investment Trust (FRIT) and the Variable Retirement Investment Trust (VRIT), funds of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS). Participation of the MRS in the FRIT and VRIT is described in the DETF Administrative Code, Chapter 10.12. The State of Wisconsin Investment Board (SWIB) manages the FRIT and VRIT with oversight by a Board of Trustees as authorized in Wis. Stat. 25.14 and 25.17. SWIB is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company.

The investments of the FRIT and VRIT consist of a highly diversified portfolio of securities. Wis. Stat. 25.17(3)(a) allow investments in loans, securities and any other investments as authorized by Wis. Stat. 620.22. Permitted classes of investments include bonds of governmental units or of private corporations, loans secured by mortgages, preferred or common stock, real property and other investments not specifically prohibited by statute.

Investments are revalued monthly to fair value, with unrealized gains and losses reflected in income.

Monthly, the DETF distributes a pro-rata share of the total FRIT and VRIT earnings less administrative expenses to the MRS accounts. The MRS accounts are adjusted to fair value and gains/losses are recorded directly in the accounts per DETF Administrative Code, Chapter 10.12(2).

Neither State statute, a legal provision nor a legally binding guarantee exists to support the value of shares.

At June 30, 2003, the FRIT and VRIT held \$57,702.7 million of investments of which includes \$3,209.5 million of securities lending collateral. The following tables present investments of the

FRIT and VRIT at June 30, 2003, categorized in accordance with the level of risk requirements of GASB Statement No. 3 (in millions):

## **Fixed Retirement Investment Trust:**

		С	ategory		Fair	
	 1		2	3	Value	
Fixed Income	\$ 9,307.4	\$		\$ 	\$ 9,307.4	
Stocks	11,633.8				11,633.8	
Repurchase Agreements	182.7				182.7	
Certificates of Deposit	 47.6				47.6	
Total	\$ 21,171.5	\$		\$ 	21,171.5	
Limited Partnerships					2,693.1	
Pooled Multi-Asset Fund					285.0	
Pooled Equities					18,062.7	
Pooled Bonds					5,260.9	
Mortgages					726.7	
Real Estate Owned					436.6	
Custodial Pooled Cash and Equivalents					299.0	
Investments Held by Broker Dealers under Securities Loans:						
Fixed Income					1,914.9	
Equities					1,038.2	
Securities Lending Cash Collateral Pooled Investments					713.6	
					\$ 52,602.1	

#### **Variable Retirement Investment Trust:**

	Category							Fair	
		1		2		3		Value	
Fixed Income	\$	101.8	\$		\$		\$	101.8	
Stocks		2,286.6						2,286.6	
Repurchase Agreements		9.3						9.3	
Certificates of Deposit		2.4						2.4	
Total	\$	2,400.1	\$		\$		_	2,400.1	
Pooled Equities								2,495.6	
Pooled Cash and Equivalents								37.1	
Investments Held by Broker Dealers under Securities Loans:									
Equities								149.3	
Securities Lending Cash Collateral Pooled Investments								36.4	
							\$	5,118.5	

The following schedule provides summary information by investment classification for the FRIT at June 30, 2003 (in thousands):

	Interest/Coupon	Maturity		
Classification	Rates	Dates	Cost	Fair Value
Fixed Income	Variable and 0.1 to 24.0	7/03 to 11/49	\$ 13,146,466	\$ 14,489,276
Common and Preferred Stock	N/A	N/A	31,621,935	30,734,716
Limited Partnerships	N/A	N/A	2,908,360	2,693,113
Mortgages	6.77 to 12.25	8/04 to 6/22	629,232	726,725
Real Estate Owned	N/A	N/A	334,554	436,628
Multi-Asset	N/A	N/A	250,000	284,967
Total Investments			\$ 48,900,548	\$ 49,365,425

The following schedule provides summary information by investment classification for the VRIT at June 30, 2003 (in thousands):

	Interest/Coupon	Maturity				
Classification	Rates	Dates		Cost	Fai	ir Value
Fixed Income	N/A	10/03	\$	25	\$	25
Common and Preferred Stock	N/A	N/A	5,	179,166	4,9	931,491
Total Investments			\$ 5,	179,191	\$ 4,	931,516

Significant financial data for the FRIT and VRIT for the year ended June 30, 2003 is presented below (in thousands):

Fixed Retirement Investment Trust Condensed Statement of Net Assets As of June 30, 2003		Fixed Retirement Investment Trust Condensed Statement of Changes in Net Assets For the Year Ended June 30, 2003			
Assets:	Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 890,450	Net Increase (Decrease ) in			
Securities Lending Collateral	3,053,567	Fair Value of Investments	\$ 1,179,730		
Investment Receivables	252,211	Interest	681,870		
Investments, at Fair Value	49,365,425	Dividends	237,524		
Other Assets	3,154	Securities Lending Income	40,238		
Total Assets	53,564,807	Other	98,468		
		Total Additions	2,237,830		
Liabilities:					
Securities Lending Collateral Liability	3,053,567	Deductions:			
Investment Payables	239,470	Investment Expense	145,873		
Total Liabilities	3,293,037	Securities Lending Rebates and Fees	32,011		
		Net Withdrawals by Pool Participants	1,059,498		
Net Assets Held in Trust of:		Total Deductions	1,237,382		
Internal Investment Pool Participants	50,224,150				
Milwaukee Retirement System	47,620	Net Increase (Decrease)	1,000,447		
	\$ 50,271,770				
		Net Assets Held in Trust for Pool Participants			
		Beginning of Year	49,271,323		
		End of Year	\$ 50,271,770		

#### Variable Retirement Investment Trust Condensed Statement of Net Assets As of June 30, 2003

# Variable Retirement Investment Trust Condensed Statement of Changes in Net Assets For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

Assets:			Additions:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	135,753	Net Increase (Decrease) in	
Securities Lending Collateral		155,904	Fair Value of Investments	\$ (176,967)
Investment Receivables		10,567	Interest	1,359
Investments, at Fair Value		4,931,516	Dividends	38,873
Total Assets		5,233,740	Securities Lending Income	1,746
			Total Additions	(134,989)
Liabilities:				
Securities Lending Collateral Liability		155,904	Deductions:	
Investment Payables		27,327	Investment Expense	10,425
Total Liabilities		183,231	Securities Lending Rebates and Fees	1,029
			Net Withdrawals by Pool Participants	269,992
Net Assets Held in Trust of:			Total Deductions	281,446
Internal Investment Pool Participants		5,030,104		
Milwaukee Retirement System		20,405	Net Increase (Decrease)	(416,435)
	\$	5,050,509		
	-		Net Assets Held in Trust for Pool Participants	
			Beginning of Year	5,466,944
			End of Year	\$ 5,050,509

## NOTE 15. OTHER EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

In addition to providing pension benefits, the State participates in the Department of Employee Trust Funds administered post retirement life insurance and health insurance benefit programs. The State provides life and health insurance benefits for retired employees in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes.

Post retirement life insurance is provided to employees retiring before age 65 if they (1) have 20 years of creditable service, and (2) are eligible for a retirement annuity. This coverage is at the employee's expense (employee must pay the full premium) until age 65 when reduced coverage is provided at no cost. Employees retiring at or after age 65 are immediately eligible for reduced coverage at no cost. Beginning in the month in which an insured annuitant reaches age 65, premiums are no longer collected and coverage is continued for life. Approximately 12,809 State annuitants currently qualify for coverage without premium. Post retirement life insurance is fully insured by an independent insurance carrier. Premiums are prefunded with employer paid premiums during the employee's active career. The amount of premiums is determined by the insurer. The accrued liability and assets specifically related to post employment benefits could not be determined.

In accordance with Chapter 40, Wisconsin Statutes, the State also provides that employees retiring and beginning an immediate annuity are eligible for conversion of unused sick leave to post retirement health insurance. At the time of eligibility for an immediate annuity or employee's death, that employee's accumulated unused sick leave balance may be converted at the employee's current rate of pay to credits for the payment of health insurance premiums for the employee or the employee's surviving dependents. The program also provides partial matching of sick leave accumulation depending on years of service and employment category. Health insurance premiums are paid on the employee, or employee's dependents behalf, until the sick leave conversion credits are exhausted. At that time, the employee has the option to continue coverage by paying the total cost of the premiums. Approximately 8,880 annuitants are currently receiving health insurance coverage through sick leave conversion credits. Accumulated sick leave conversion is prefunded based on an actuarially determined percentage of payroll. The actuarial valuation is based on the entry age actuarial cost method.

Significant actuarial assumptions include an 8 percent assumed interest rate, 4.5 percent assumed annual salary growth, and an average sick leave accumulation of 6.4 days per year for non-University employees and 7.4 days per year for University employees. The assets and reserves of the sick leave conversion program are accounted for in a fiduciary fund. The accrued liability for the post retirement health insurance benefits at December 31, 2002, determined through an actuarial valuation

performed on that date, was \$1,309.7 million. The program's assets on that date were \$773.1 million. The unfunded liability was \$536.6 million.

Assets of the life insurance and health insurance benefit programs are valued at fair value.

The State's postemployment life and health insurance required and actual contributions totaled \$4.3 million and \$45.4 million, respectively, during the calendar year ended December 31, 2002.

# NOTE 16. PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS ADMINISTERED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF EMPLOYEE TRUST FUNDS

The Department of Employee Trust Funds operates four public entity risk pools: group health insurance, group income continuation insurance, protective occupation duty disability insurance and long-term disability insurance. The information provided in this note applies to the period ending December 31, 2002.

#### A. Description of Funds

The Health Insurance Fund offers group health insurance for current and retired employees of the State government and of participating local public employers. All public employers in the State are eligible to participate. Two hundred ninety-seven local employers plus the State currently participate. The State and local government portions of the fund are accounted for separately and have separate contribution rates, benefits, and actuarial valuations. The fund includes both a self-insured, fee-for-service plan as well as various prepaid plans, primarily Health Maintenance Organizations (HMO's).

The Income Continuation Insurance Fund offers disability wage continuation insurance for current employees of the State government and of participating local public employers. All public employers in the State are eligible to participate. One hundred thirty-eight local employers plus the State currently participate. The State and local government portions of the fund are accounted for separately and have separate contribution rates, benefits, and actuarial valuations. The plan is self-insured.

The Duty Disability Fund offers special disability insurance for State and local Wisconsin Retirement System participants in protective occupations. Participation in the program is mandatory for all Wisconsin Retirement System employers with protective occupation employees. Four hundred sixty-six local employers plus the State currently participate. The plan is self-insured and risk is shared between the State and local portions of the plan.

The Long-term Disability Insurance Fund offers long-term disability benefits to participants in the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS). The long-term disability benefits provided by this program are an alternative coverage to that currently provided by the WRS. All new WRS participants on or after October 15, 1992, are eligible only for the long-term disability insurance coverage, while participating employees active prior to October 15, 1992, may elect coverage through WRS or the long-term disability insurance program.

#### **B.** Accounting Policies for Risk Pools

Basis of Accounting - All Public Entity Risk Pools are accounted for in enterprise funds using the full accrual basis of accounting and the flow of economic resources measurement focus.

Valuation of Investments - Assets of the Health Insurance Fund are invested in the State Investment Fund. Assets of the Income Continuation Insurance, Duty Disability and Long-term Disability Insurance funds are invested in the fixed retirement investment trust. Investments are valued at fair value.

Unpaid Claims Liabilities - Claims liabilities are based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims that have been reported but not settled, and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. The estimate includes the effects of inflation and other societal and economic factors. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expense in the periods in which they are made. Unpaid claims liability is presented at face value and is not discounted for health insurance. It is discounted using interest rates of 8 percent for income continuation and long-term disability insurance, and 5 percent duty disability insurance. The liabilities for income continuation, long-term disability, health insurance and duty disability insurance were determined by actuarial methods. The Duty Disability Fund's accounting deficit is being amortized over a twenty-three year period beginning January 1, 2000. Face values are not available.

Administrative Expenses - All maintenance expenses are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Acquisition costs are immaterial and are treated as maintenance expenses. Premium deficiencies are not calculated because acquisition costs are immaterial. Claim adjustment expenses are also immaterial.

Reinsurance - Health insurance plans provided by HMO's and health insurance for local government annuitants are fully insured by outside insurers. All remaining risk is self-insured with no reinsurance coverage.

Risk Transfer - Participating employers are not subject to supplemental assessments in the event of deficiencies. If the assets of the fund were exhausted, participating employers would not be responsible for the fund's liabilities.

Premium Setting - Premiums are established by the Group Insurance Board (Health, Income Continuation Insurance and Long-term Disability Insurance) and the Employee Trust Funds Board (Duty Disability) in consultation with actuaries.

#### C. Unpaid Claims Liabilities

As discussed in Section B of this Note, each fund establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which is an estimate of future payments of losses. The following represents changes in those aggregate liabilities for the nonreinsured portion of each fund during Calendar Year 2002 (in millions):

		Income Health Continuation Duty Insurance Insurance Disability 2002 2001 2002 2001 2002 200		•	Long-term Disability Insurance 2002 2001			
Unpaid claims at beginning of the calendar year	\$ 12.8	\$ 14.2	\$57.0	\$46.4	\$318.3	\$289.2	\$34.3	\$29.2
Incurred claims: Provision for insured events of the current calendar year	70.5	73.7	17.1	28.9	30.7	35.4	11.7	10.0
Changes in provision for insured events of prior calendar years	(5.4)	(5.3)	(2.8)	(6.2)	(6.6)	13.9	3.0	(1.2)
Total incurred claims	65.1	68.4	14.3	22.7	24.1	49.3	14.7	8.8
Payments: Claims and claim adjustment expenses attributable to insured events of the current calendar year	62.5	61.1	3.5	5.5	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.5
Claims and claim adjustment expenses attributable to insured events of prior calendar years	7.3	8.7	9.6	6.6	21.4	19.9	5.2	3.2
Total Payments	69.8	69.8	13.1	12.1	21.6	20.2	5.2	3.7
Total unpaid claims expenses at end of the calendar year	\$ 8.1	\$ 12.8	\$58.2	\$57.0	\$320.8	\$318.3	\$43.8	\$34.3

#### D. Trend Information

Historical trend information showing revenue and claims development information is presented in the Department of Employee Trust Funds audited financial statements. The separately issued financial report for the year ended December 31, 2002 will be available in Calendar Year 2004. Copies of these and prior years statements may be requested from:

The Department of Employee Trust Funds 801 West Badger Road P.O. Box 7931 Madison, Wisconsin 53707-7931

#### **NOTE 17. SELF-INSURANCE**

It is the general policy of the State not to purchase commercial insurance for the risks of losses to which it is exposed. Instead, the State believes it is more economical to manage its risks internally and set aside assets for claim settlement in its internal service fund, the Risk Management Fund. The fund services most claims for risk of loss to which the State is exposed, including damage to State owned property, liability for property damages and injuries to third parties, and worker's compensation. All funds and agencies of the State participate in the Risk Management Fund.

#### **State Property Damage**

Property damages to State-owned properties are covered by the State's self-funded property program up to \$2.5 million per occurrence and \$2.7 million annual aggregate. When claims, which exceed \$25,000 per occurrence, total \$2.7 million, the State's private insurance becomes available. Losses to property occurring after the threshold are first subject to a \$25,000 deductible. The amount of loss in excess of \$25,000 is covered by the State's private insurance company. During Fiscal Year 2003, the excess insurance limits were written to \$300 million.

The liabilities for State property damage are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. The estimate for future benefits and loss liabilities is based on the reserves on open claims and paid claims. Losses incurred but not reported are expected to be immaterial. Claims incurred but not paid as of June 30, 2003 are estimated to total \$2.8 million.

#### **Property Damages and Bodily Injuries to Third Parties**

The State is self-funded for third party liability to a level of \$3 million per occurrence and purchases insurance in excess of this self-funded retention. The policy limit during Fiscal Year 2003 was \$50 million.

The liabilities for property damages and injuries to third parties are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. The estimate for future benefits and loss liabilities for the prior fiscal year was the reserves on open claims. The estimate for future benefits and loss liabilities is calculated by an actuary based on the reserves on open claims and prior experience. No liability is reported for environmental impairment liability claims either incurred or incurred but not reported because existing case law makes it unlikely the State would be held liable for material amounts. Because actual claims liabilities depend upon complex factors such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards, the process used in computing claims liability does not

necessarily result in an exact amount. Claims incurred but not paid as of June 30, 2003 are estimated to total \$46.4 million.

#### Worker's Compensation

The Worker's Compensation Program was created by Wisconsin Statutes Chapter 102 to provide benefits to workers injured on the job. All employees of the State are included in the program. An injury is covered under worker's compensation if it is caused by an accident that arose out of and in the course of employment.

The responsibility for claiming compensation is on the employee. A claim must be filed with the program within two years from the date of injury, otherwise the claim is not allowable.

The worker's compensation liability has been determined by an actuary using paid claims and current claims reserves. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Because actual claims liabilities are affected by external factors, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claims incurred but not paid as of June 30, 2003 are estimated to total \$69.1 million.

Changes in the balances of claims liability for the Risk Management Fund during the current and prior fiscal years are as follows (in thousands):

85
26
90)
21

#### **Annuity Contracts**

The Risk Management Fund purchased annuity contracts in various claimants' names to satisfy claim liabilities. The likelihood that the fund will be required to make future payments on those claims is remote and, therefore, the fund is considered to have satisfied its primary liability to the claimants. Accordingly, the annuity contracts are not reported in, and the related liabilities are removed from, the fund's balance sheet. The aggregate outstanding amount of liabilities removed from the financial statements at June 30, 2003 is \$ 2.9 million.

#### **NOTE 18. INSURANCE FUNDS**

#### **Primary Government**

#### A. Local Government Property Insurance Fund

Created by the Legislature in 1911, the purpose of the Local Government Property Insurance Fund is to provide property insurance coverage to tax-supported local government units such as counties, towns, villages, cities, school districts and library boards. Property insured includes government buildings, schools, libraries and motor vehicles. Coverage is available on an optional basis. As of June 30, 2003, the Local Government Property Insurance Fund insured 1,206 local governmental units. The total amount of insurance in force as of June 30, 2003 was \$32.7 billion.

Valuation of Cash Equivalents and Investments - All investments of the Local Government Property Insurance Fund are managed by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board, as discussed in Note 5-B to the financial statements. At June 30, 2003, the fund had \$11.5 million of shares in the State Investment Fund which are considered cash equivalents and \$12.4 million of high grade, long-term, fixed income obligations.

*Premium* - Unearned premium reported as deferred revenue represents the daily pro rata portion of premium written which is applicable to the unexpired terms of the insurance policies in force. Policies are generally written for annual terms.

Unpaid Claims Liabilities - The Local Government Property Insurance Fund establishes future benefits and loss liabilities based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. Estimated amounts of reinsurance recoverable on unpaid claims are deducted from the liability for unpaid claims. Claims liabilities are recomputed periodically to produce current estimates that reflect recent settlements, claim frequency, and other economic factors. Adjustments to future benefits and loss liabilities are charged or credited to expense in the periods in which they are made.

Policy Acquisition Costs - Since the Local Government Property Insurance Fund has no marketing staff and incurs no sales commissions, acquisition costs are minimal and charged to operations as incurred.

Premium Deficiency – Investment income is considered in determining whether a premium deficiency exists. No premium deficiency existed at June 30, 2003.

Reinsurance - The Local Government Property Insurance Fund uses reinsurance agreements to reduce its exposure to large losses on all types of insured events. Reinsurance permits

recovery of a portion of losses from reinsurers, although it does not discharge the primary liability of the fund as direct insurer of the risks reinsured. The fund does not report reinsured risks as liabilities unless it is probable that those risks will not be covered by reinsurers. As of June 30, 2003 the fund had \$240 million of per occurrence excess of loss reinsurance in force with a \$2.0 million combined single limit retention for each occurrence, and an annual aggregate reinsurance contract with a \$18.0 million annual aggregate retention plus a per claim retention of \$5 thousand once the aggregate is met, as respects occurrences for the term of the agreement. Premium ceded to reinsurers during the fiscal year amounted to \$4.6 million. Reinsurance loss and adjusting expense recoveries earned for the year amounted to \$3.7 million.

#### **Unpaid Claims Liabilities**

As discussed above, the Local Government Property Insurance Fund establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. The following represents changes in those aggregate liabilities for the fund during the past two fiscal years (in thousands):

	2003	2002
Unnoid claims and claim adjustment		
Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses at beginning of the year	\$11,773	\$14,436
Less: Reinsurance recoverable	(4,706)	(6,097)
Net unpaid loss liability at beginning	(4,700)	(0,007)
of year	7,067	8,339
o. you.		
Incurred claims and claim adjustment		
expenses:		
Provision for insured events of the		
current year	14,406	13,858
Increase (decrease) in provision for		
insured events of prior years	446	301
Total incurred claims and claim		
adjustment expenses	14,852	14,159
Payments:		
Claims and claim adjustment		
expenses attributable to insured		
events of the current year	9,040	7,278
Claims and claim adjustment		
expenses attributable to insured	7 400	0.450
events prior years	7,169	8,153
Total payments	16,209	15,431
Net unpaid claims and claim adjustment		
expenses at end of year	5,710	7,067
expenses at one or year	0, 0	.,
Reinsurance recoverable	6,468	4,706
		_
Total unpaid claims and claim		
adjustment expenses	\$12,178	\$11,773

#### **Trend Information**

Historical trend information showing revenue and claims development information is presented in the Office of the Commissioner of Insurance June 30, 2003 financial statements. Copies of these statements may be requested from:

Office of the Commissioner of Insurance 125 South Webster Street Madison, Wisconsin 53702

#### B. State Life Insurance Fund

The State Life Insurance Fund was created under Chapter 607, Wisconsin Statutes, to offer life insurance to residents of Wisconsin in a manner similar to private insurers. This fund functions much like a mutual life insurance company and is subject to the same regulatory requirements as any life insurance company licensed to operate in Wisconsin.

Premiums are reported as earned when due. Benefits and expenses are associated with earned premiums so as to result in recognition of profits over the life of the contracts. This association is accomplished by means of the provision for liabilities for future benefits and the amortization of acquisition costs.

The costs of policy issuance and underwriting, all of which vary with, and are primarily related to, the production of new business, have been deferred. These deferred acquisition costs are amortized over a forty year period, considered representative of the life of the contract. The amortization is in proportion to the ratio of annual in-force business to the amount of business issued. Such anticipated in-force business was estimated using similar assumptions to those used for computing liabilities for future policy benefits.

#### **Deferred Acquisition Cost Assumptions**

Issue Years	Interest Rate	Lapse Rate	Mortality
1913-1966	3.0%	2.0%	None
1967-1976	3.0	2.0	None
1977-1985	4.0	2.0	None
1986-1994	5.0	2.0	None
1995+	4.0	2.0	None
1995+	4.0	2.0	NOTE

The State Life Insurance Fund does not pay commissions nor does it incur agent expenses.

Future benefits and loss liabilities have been computed by the net level premium method based upon estimated future investment yield and mortality. The composition of liabilities and the more material assumptions pertinent thereto are presented below (in thousands):

Issue Year	Ir	dinary Life nsurance in Force	Amount of Policy Liability	
1913-1966	\$	13,615	\$	8,934
1967-1976	*	39,289	*	15,577
1977-1985		84,936		20,253
1986-1994		55,550		6,090
1995+		31,754		2,492
	\$	225,144	\$	53,346

#### **Bases of Assumptions**

Issue	Interest	
Year	Rate	Mortality
1913-1966	3.0%	American Experience, ANB*
1967-1976	3.0	1958 CSO, ALB, Unisex
1977-1985	4.0	1958 CSO, ALB, Female Setback
		3 years
1986-1994	5.0	1980 CSO, ALB, Aggregate
1995+	4.0	1980 CSO, ALB, Aggregate

<sup>\*</sup> Age Last Birthday

All of the State Life Insurance Fund's ordinary life insurance in force is participating. This fund is required by statute to maintain surplus at a level between 7 percent and 10 percent of statutory admitted assets as far as practicably possible. All excess surplus is to be returned to the policyholders in the form of policyholder dividends. Policyholder dividends are declared each year in order to achieve the required level of surplus.

The statutory assets at December 31, 2002 were \$77.7 million and the statutory capital and surplus were \$5.1 million, and the capital and surplus at June 30, 2003 was \$13.5 million.

#### C. Patients Compensation Fund

The Patients Compensation Fund was created in 1975 for the purpose of providing excess medical malpractice insurance for health care providers in the state. The Patients Compensation Fund pays that portion of a medical malpractice claim which is in excess of the legal primary insurance limit prescribed under law, or the maximum liability limit for which the health provider is insured, whichever limit is greater. Most health care providers permanently practicing or operating in the State of Wisconsin are required to pay Patients Compensation Fund operating fees. Risk of loss is retained by the fund.

The Future Benefits and Loss Liability Account includes individual case estimates for reported losses and estimates for incurred but not reported losses based upon the projected ultimate losses. Individual case estimates of the liability for reported losses and net losses paid from inception of the Patients Compensation Fund are deducted from the projected ultimate loss liabilities to determine the liability for incurred but not reported losses as of June 30, 2003 as follows (in thousands):

Projected ultimate loss liability Less: Net loss paid from inception	\$ 1,372,113 (540,120)
Less: Liability for reported losses	(31,966)
Liability for incurred but not reported losses	\$ 800,027

The Future Benefits and Loss Liability Account also includes a provision for the estimated future payment of the costs to settle claims. These ultimate loss adjustment expenses as of June 30, 2003 are estimated at 5.75 percent of the projected ultimate loss liabilities. The loss reserves are actuarially determined. The loss adjustment expenses paid from the inception of the Patients Compensation Fund are deducted from the projected ultimate loss adjustment expenses provision to determine the liability for loss adjustment expenses as of June 30, 2003 as follows (in thousands):

Projected ultimate loss adjustment expense liability	\$ 78,897
Less: Loss adjustment expense paid from	
inception	(37,751)
Liability for loss adjustment expense	\$ 41,146
Liability for loss adjustment expense	\$ 41,146

The uncertainties inherent in projecting the frequency and severity of large claims because of the Patients Compensation Fund's unlimited liability coverage, and extended reporting and settlement periods, makes it likely that the amounts ultimately paid will differ from the recorded estimated liabilities. These differences cannot be quantified.

The liability for reported losses, liability for incurred but not reported losses, and liability for loss adjustment expense are maintained on a present value basis with the difference from full value being reported as a contra account to the loss reserve liabilities. The loss reserve liabilities are discounted only to the extent that they are matched by cash and invested assets. If all loss liabilities are discounted, the discounted loss liability would be as follows as of June 30, 2003 (in thousands):

Estimated unpaid loss liabilities Estimated unpaid loss adjustment expense	\$ 800,027 41,146
Total estimated loss liabilities	841,173
Less: Amount representing interest	(218,285)
Discounted loss liabilities	\$ 622,888

The future benefits and loss liabilities are continually reviewed as adjustments to these liabilities become necessary. Such adjustments are reflected in current operations. Because of the changes in these estimates, the benefit expense for the fiscal year is not necessarily indicative of the loss experience for the year.

On behalf of the Fund's Board, the Office of the Commissioner of Insurance contracted for an actuarial audit of the Patients Compensation Fund, which includes a review by another actuary of the reasonableness of the actuarial methodology and assumptions used in developing estimates of the Fund's loss liabilities. A committee of the Board is currently in the process of addressing professional disagreements regarding preliminary audit results, which are not expected to be resolved until a later date. The Board believes the current estimate of the Fund's loss liabilities is a reasonable estimate.

#### D. Health Insurance Risk Sharing Plan

The Health Insurance Risk Sharing Plan Fund was established in 1980 to provide major medical and Medicare supplemental insurance for persons unable to obtain this insurance in the private market or who otherwise qualify for eligibility under Section 149.12, Wis. Stats. The Health Insurance Risk Sharing Plan is funded primarily by premiums paid by insureds of the plan, assessments made to participating insurers, reduction of provider payments rates, and general purpose revenue from the State of Wisconsin.

The financial statements of the Health Insurance Risk Sharing Plan fund are prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles for governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Premiums are recognized as revenues over the terms of the insurance policies, and a liability for unearned premiums is established to reflect premiums received applicable to subsequent accounting periods.

Participating insurers are assessed every six months, and revenue is recognized in the period covered by the assessments.

The future benefits and loss liabilities include loss reserves reflecting the accumulation of losses reported but not paid prior to the close of the accounting period and estimates of incurred but unreported losses. Loss reserves are actuarially determined and are based on historical patterns of claim payments and represent the estimated ultimate cost of settling claims incurred prior to June 30. Due to the inherent uncertainties in the reserving process, loss reserves as computed may not reflect the actual payments ultimately to be made. The methods for making such estimates and for establishing the resulting reserves are continually reviewed, and any adjustments are reflected in earnings currently.

The following represents changes in the Future Benefit and Loss Liability account balances for the prior two fiscal years (in thousands):

	2003	2002
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 15,296	\$ 17,790
Incurred related to:		
Current year	90,904	75,553
Prior years	(3,815)	(7,035)
Total Incurred	87,089	68,518
Paid related to:		
Current year	76,344	61,161
Prior years	10,494	9,851
Total Paid	86,838	71,012
Balance, end of year	\$ 15,547	\$ 15,296

The Future Benefits and Loss Liability Account also includes a reserve for loss adjustment costs to be incurred in settlement of the claims provided for in the loss reserves.

#### **Component Units**

## E. Wisconsin Health Care Liability Insurance Plan

The Wisconsin Health Care Liability Insurance Plan (the Plan) is a statutory unincorporated association established by rule of the Commissioner of Insurance of the State of Wisconsin as mandated by the State of Wisconsin legislature. The Plan provides health care liability insurance and liability coverages normally incidental to health care liability insurance to eligible health care providers in the State of Wisconsin calling for payment of premium prior to the effective date of the policy. All insurers authorized to write personal injury liability insurance in the State of Wisconsin, with certain minor exceptions, are required to be members of the Plan.

The Plan generates its premium written revenue by selling medical malpractice insurance. Rates are calculated in accordance with generally accepted actuarial principles. The rates are set so that the Plan will be self-supporting. Profit is not the intent of the Plan.

Since the inception of the Plan in 1975, the health care liability coverage limits have increased from \$200 thousand per occurrence and \$600 thousand annual aggregate to the current limits of \$1.0 million per occurrence and \$3.0 million annual aggregate effective July 1, 1998. A general liability coverage is also available to participating health care providers with limits of \$1.0 million per occurrence and \$3.0 million annual aggregate effective July 1, 1990. The Plan is not covered under any reinsurance contracts.

In the event that sufficient funds are not available for the sound financial operation of the Plan, all members shall, on a temporary basis, contribute to the financial needs of the Plan. Members shall participate in the contributions in the proportion of their respective premiums to the aggregate premiums written by all members of the Plan. Such assessments shall be recouped by rate increases applied prospectively. There were no assessments for the year ended December 31, 2002.

The future benefits and loss liability includes amounts determined from individual reported losses (case reserves) and an amount, based on past experience, for losses incurred but not reported. Such liabilities are necessarily based on estimates and, while management believes that the amounts are adequate, the ultimate liability will differ from the amounts provided. The methods for making such estimates and for establishing the resulting liability are annually reviewed, and any adjustments are reflected in income currently. Specific account balances as of December 31, 2001 and December 31, 2002, are as follows (in thousands):

	2002	2001
Balance at January 1	\$ 67,212	\$ 84,028
Incurred related to:	-	
Current year	4,044	4,413
Prior years	(18,892)	(19,783)
Total Incurred	(14,848)	(15,370)
Paid related to:	-	
Current year	62	68
Prior years	622	1,378
Total paid	684	1,446
Balance at December 31	\$ 51,680	\$ 67,212

There is inherent uncertainty in medical malpractice claims when establishing the estimates of unpaid losses and unpaid loss adjustment expenses. In 2002 and 2001, the Plan decreased its estimates of unpaid losses and unpaid loss adjustment expenses related to insured events of prior years. These decreases were greater than the estimated losses incurred for the current year, causing negative incurred losses and loss adjustment expenses.

#### NOTE 19. SEGMENT INFORMATION AND CONDENSED FINANCIAL DATA

#### **Primary Government**

The State issues revenue bonds to finance the Leveraged Loan Program, which is accounted for as part of the Environmental Improvement Fund. Investors in those bonds rely solely on the revenue generated within the Leveraged Loan Program. Assets of this program are used primarily for loans for Wisconsin municipal waste water projects. Condensed financial statement information of the Leveraged Loan Program as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003 is presented below (in thousands):

Condensed Balance Sheet			Condensed Statement of Revenues, Exp in Fund Equity	enses a	nd Changes
Assets:			• •		
Current Assets	\$	108,856	Operating Revenues (Expenses):		
Other Assets		688,350	Loan Interest	\$	16,586
Total Assets	\$	797,206	Interest Expense		(34,646)
	====		Other Operating Expenses		(2,064)
Liabilities:			Operating Income (Loss)		(20,124)
Due to Other Funds	\$	2,017	Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):		
Other Current Liabilities (Including	*	_,-,-	Investment Income		23,366
Current Portion of Long-term Debt)		40,294	Transfers		12,000
Noncurrent Liabilities		588,969	Change in Fund Equity		15,242
Total Liabilities		631,280	Beginning Fund Equity		150,684
		<u> </u>	Ending Fund Equity	\$	165,926
Fund Equity:				-	
Restricted		165,926	Condensed Statement of Cash Flows		
Total Fund Equity		165,926			
		<u> </u>	Net Cash Provided (Used) by :		
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$	797,206	Operating Activities	\$	(2,164)
Total Elabilities and Fund Equity	Ψ	737,200	Noncapital Financing Activities		(58,626)
			Investing Activities		(3,843)
			Net Increase (Decrease)		(64,633)
			Beginning Cash and Cash Equivalents		167,072
			Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	102,439

#### NOTE 20. COMPONENT UNITS - CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Significant financial data for the State's four component units for the year ended December 31, 2002, May 31, 2003, or June 30, 2003 is presented below (in thousands):

	Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority		Wisconsin Health Care Liability Insurance Plan		University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority		Badger Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation			Total
Condensed Balance Sheet										
Assets: Cash, Investments and Other Assets	\$	2,566,149	\$	105,267	\$	336,460	\$	306,071	\$	3,313,947
Due from Primary Government	φ	2,300,149	φ	105,207	φ	2,912	φ	300,071	φ	2,975
Capital Assets, Net		20,609				229,243				249,852
Total Assets	\$	2,586,821	\$	105,267	\$	568,615	\$	306,071	\$	3,566,775
Liabilities:										
Accounts Payable and Other										
Current Liabilities	\$	158,338	\$	43,492	\$	55,917	\$	48,822	\$	306,569
Due to Primary Government	Ψ	190,550	Ψ	16	Ψ	2,183	Ψ	40,022	Ψ	2,218
Long-term Liabilities (Current and		10		10		2,100				2,210
Noncurrent Portions)		2,070,099		51,680		202,352		1,567,226		3,891,357
Total Liabilities		2,228,456		95,188		260,452		1,616,048		4,200,144
Fund Equity: Invested in Capital Assets, Net of										
Related Debt						85,005				85,005
Restricted		195,925				4,519		185.777		386,221
Unrestricted		162,440		10,080		218,639	(	1,495,753)		(1,104,594)
Total Fund Equity		358,365		10,080		308,163		1,309,976)		(633,369)
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$	2,586,821	\$	105,267	\$	568,615	\$	306,071	\$	3,566,775
Condensed Statement of Revenues, Program Expenses: Depreciation	Expension \$	nses and Chango 6,041	es in   \$	Fund Equity	\$	22,613	\$		\$	28,654
Payments to Primary Government						500				500
Other		265,745		13,456		510,400		98,437		888,038
Total Program Expenses		271,786		13,456		533,513		98,437		917,192
Program Revenues:										
Charges for Services		3,521		1,790		536,985				542,296
Investment and Interest Income		122,239		5,664						127,903
Operating Grants and Contributions		129,210				449				129,659
Capital Grants and Contributions						656				656
Other		7,831		3,131		10,807		56,507		78,276
Total Program Revenues		262,801		10,584		548,897		56,507		878,790
Net Program Revenue/(Expense)		(8,985)		(2,872)		15,384		(41,930)		(38,402)
General Revenues:										
Interest and Investment Earnings		16,261				9,601		8,983		34,845
Contributions to Endowments						20				20
Observation From all Frenches		7,276		(2,872)		25,005		(32,946)		(3,537)
Change in Fund Equity										
Fund Equity, Beginning of Year		351,089		12,951		283,158	(	1,277,030)		(629,832)

## NOTE 21. RESTATEMENTS OF BEGINNING FUND BALANCES/FUND EQUITY/NET ASSETS AND OTHER CHANGES

The reconciliations that follow summarize restatements of the end-of-year fund balance/fund equity/net assets as reported in the 2002 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report to the beginning-of-year fund balances/fund equity/net assets reported for Fiscal Year 2003 (in thousands).

#### A. Fund Statements - Governmental Funds

		Major Funds		_		
	General	Transportation	Tobacco Settlement Endowment		Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental
Fund Balances June 30, 2002 as reported in the 2002 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report	\$ (1,484,333)	\$ 356,330	\$ 283,794	\$	447,068	\$ (397,140)
Fund structure reclassifications: Employee Trust Fund Administration	-	-	-		(842)	(842)
Building Trust Fund reclassification of capital projects to maintenance and repair expenditures	-	-	-		(10,521)	(10,521)
Other adjustments of assets and liabilities as of June 30, 2002	 (4)	1	-		(2,596)	(2,599)
Fund Balances July 1, 2002 as restated	\$ (1,484,336)	\$ 356,331	\$ 283,794	\$	433,110	\$ (411,102)
Effect of prior period adjustments on the amount of excess revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses of Fiscal Year 2002	\$ 984	\$ -	\$ -	\$	(12,817)	\$ (11,834)

#### B. Fund Statements - Proprietary Funds

			Major Funds	;						
	Patients Compensation	Environmental Improvement	Veterans Mortgage Loan Repayment		University of Wisconsin System	Unemployment Insurance Reserve	N	lonmajor Funds	Total Enterprise	Internal Service Funds
Fund Equity June 30, 2002 as reported in the 2002 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report	\$ 6,604	\$ 861,732	\$ 76,611	\$	3,300,024	\$ 1,586,218	\$	323,153	\$ 6,154,343	\$ 3,763
University of Wisconsin System capitalization of Energy Initiative capital leases	-	-	-		33,800	-		-	33,800	-
University of Wisconsin System restatement for accumulated depreciation of UW Hospital and Clinics	-	-	-		27,200	-		-	27,200	-
Facilities Operations and Maintena fund adjustments for capital proje and related debt		-	-		-	-		-	-	9,934
Other adjustments of assets and liabilities as of June 30, 2002	-	-	(60)		5,113	-		7,832	12,884	(196)
Fund Equity July 1, 2002 as restated	\$ 6,604	\$ 861,732	\$ 76,551	\$	3,366,137	\$ 1,586,218	\$	330,986	\$ 6,228,227	\$ 13,501
Effect of prior period adjustments on the amount of net change fund equity of Fiscal Year 2002	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (60)	\$	-	\$ - (	\$	(75)	\$ (136)	\$ 9,934

### C. Fund Statements – Fiduciary Funds

	Pension and Other		Private	
	Employee	Investment	Purpose	Total
	Benefit Trust	Trust	Trust	Fiduciary
Net Assets June 30, 2002 as reported in the				
2002 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report	\$ 56,011,582	\$ 3,832,314	\$ 479,043	\$ 60,322,938
Fund structure reclassification:				
Employee Trust Funds Administration	751	-	-	751
Other adjustments of assets and liabilities as of				
June 30, 2002	 3,205	(3,066)	(123)	15
Net Assets July 1, 2002 as restated	\$ 56,015,537	\$ 3,829,248	\$ 478,919	\$ 60,323,704
Effect of prior period adjustments on the amount of				
net increase in net assets of Fiscal Year 2002	\$ 3,956	\$ (3,066)	\$ -	\$ 889

#### D. Government-wide Statements

	 	_			
	Governmental Activities	Busines Activi		Totals	Component Units
Net Assets June 30, 2002 as reported in the 2002 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report	\$ 7,652,320	\$ 6	,149,292	\$ 13,801,612	\$ (624,985)
Adoption of GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements — and Management's Discussion and Analysis — for State and Local Governments, and other applicable GASB pronouncements	-		-	-	(3,491)
Fund structure reclassifications: Employee Trust Fund Administration	(842)		-	(842)	-
Building Trust Fund project classification changes and cash balance adjustments	(10,521)		-	(10,521)	-
Facilities Operations and Maintenance fund adjustments for capital projects and related debt	9,934		-	9,934	-
University of Wisconsin System capitalization of Energy Initiative capital leases	-		33,800	33,800	-
University of Wisconsin System restatement for accumulated depreciation of UW Hospital and Clinics	-		27,200	27,200	-
Other adjustments of assets and liabilities of June 30, 2002	(32,285)		12,884	(19,400)	(1,356)
Net Assets July 1, 2002 as restated	\$ 7,618,606	\$ 6	,223,176	\$ 13,841,782	\$ (629,832)
Effect of prior period adjustments on the amount of net increase in net assets of Fiscal Year 2002	\$ 11,640	\$	(136)	\$ 11,505	\$ (2,889)

## NOTE 22. LITIGATION, CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

#### A. Litigation and Contingencies

The State is a defendant in various legal proceedings pertaining to matters incidental to the performance of routine governmental operations.

#### Claims and Judgments Reported in Governmental Activities

The State accrues liabilities related to legal proceedings, if a loss is probable and reasonably estimable. Such losses, totaling \$2.2 million on June 30, 2003 reported in the governmental activities, are discussed below:

Litigation - The Department of Health and Family Services is involved in various legal proceedings where the ultimate disposition is estimated at \$.5 million.

Other Claims - Work Injury Supplemental Benefits - The Work Injury Supplemental Benefit Fund, administered by the Department of Workforce Development, provides compensatory payments to survivors of fatally injured employees or disabled employees with work-related injuries. The liability for annuities to be paid to the above individuals totaled \$1.7 million at June 30, 2003

#### Other Claims, Judgments, and Contingencies

The State is also named as a party in other legal proceedings where the ultimate disposition and consequence are not presently determinable. The potential liability amount relating to an unfavorable outcome for certain of these proceedings could impact the State by approximately \$5.8 million. However, the ultimate dispositions and consequences of any single legal proceeding or all legal proceedings collectively should not have a material adverse effect on the State's financial position, except as noted below.

Corporate Tax Measured by Interest from U.S. Securities - In this corporate franchise tax case, American Family Mutual Insurance Company and American Standard Insurance Company sought refunds of taxes paid that were measured by U.S. interest.

Federal law prohibits an income tax on U.S. interest, but allows a non-discriminatory franchise tax measured on U.S. interest. The insurance companies argued that because bonds authorized by the State for housing and development were exempt from State taxes, that the franchise tax was discriminatory. The State had heretofore held that the exemption applied only to direct State taxes and had uniformly included interest on the State authorized bonds in the franchise tax measure. The Wisconsin Tax Appeals Commission and the County Circuit Court upheld the State.

The Court of Appeals, District IV, reversed the decisions. The Supreme Court reversed the Court of Appeals. The taxpayers maintain that the decision is not applicable to 1993 and 1994. The State maintains the principles of the decision are applicable to the subsequent years.

Due to the uncertainty in predicting the outcome, a liability has not been recorded as of June 30, 2003.

Federal Pension Income – The 1984-1988 period settlements with approximately 3,200 military retirees and 14,000 civilian retirees, triggered by the United States Supreme Court ruling in Davis v. Michigan Department of the Treasury are essentially completed. The Davis case had held that a state government violates the intergovernmental tax immunity clause when it provided for taxation of federal pension benefits. Subsequent litigation with other retirees on a variety of issues has occurred, with the Department prevailing in all instances. Litigation is still in progress on a limited number of issues. The Department of Revenue is confident that it will continue to prevail on this issue. Because a fiscal impact cannot be readily determined if the State were not to prevail, and due to the uncertainty in predicting the outcome, a liability has not been recorded.

Environmental Clean-up Actions - The State is involved in environmental clean-up of property owned by the State that has the potential to cause soil and groundwater contamination. Fourteen sites have soil and/or groundwater contamination associated with underground storage tank releases with an estimated remediation cost of \$2.5 million.

The State is also involved in environmental remediations on 6 properties that do not involve releases from underground storage tanks, with an estimated cost of \$2.7 million.

#### **B.** Commitments

#### **Primary Government**

In addition to legal proceedings, the State is party to commitments which normally occur in governmental operations.

In addition to the amount of encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2003 reported as Fund Balance - Reserved for Encumbrances, additional obligations at June 30, 2003 representing multi-year, long-term commitments included (in thousands):

Transportation Fund	\$ 274,396
Transportation Revenue Bonds Capital	
Projects Fund	37,484
General Fund – Department of Commerce	
programs, including economic and community	
development programs	4,657
General Fund – Department of Commerce programs, including economic and community	

The Environmental Improvement Fund (the Fund) was established to administer the Clean Water Fund Loan Program. Loans are made to local units of government for wastewater treatment projects for terms of up to 20 years. These loans are made at a number of prescribed interest rates based on environmental priority. The loans contractually are revenue obligations or general obligations of the local governmental unit. Additionally, various statutory provisions exist which provide further security for payment. The fund has made financial assistance commitments of \$214.0 million as of June 30, 2003. These loan commitments are expected to be met through additional federal grants and proceeds from issuance of revenue obligations.

In addition, the revenue obligation bonds of the Leveraged Loan Program in the Fund are collateralized by a security interest in all the assets of the Leveraged Loan Program. Neither the full faith and credit nor the taxing power of the State is pledged for the payment of the Fund's revenue obligation bonds. However, as the loans granted to local units of government are at an interest rate less than the revenue bond rate, the State is obligated by the Fund's General Resolution to fund, at the time each loan is made, a reserve which subsidizes the Leveraged Loan Program in an amount which offsets this interest disparity.

Also, Wisconsin Statutes require that the Fund provide financial hardship assistance for those communities that qualify under Wis. Stat. Sec. 281.58. This assistance may come in the form of reduced interest rates or grants (not to exceed 70 percent of project costs). At fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, future commitments for hardship grants totaled \$369.4 million.

The Patients Compensation Fund may be required to purchase an annuity as a result of a claim settlement. Under specific annuity

arrangements, the fund may have ultimate responsibility for annuity payments if the annuity company and the reassignment company default on annuity payments. One of the fund's annuity providers has defaulted on \$600 thousand in annuity payments. The total estimated replacement value of the fund's annuities as of June 30, 2003 was \$133.3 million. The fund reserves the right to pursue collection from State guarantee funds.

State Public Deposit Guarantee - As required by Wis. Stat. Sec. 34.08, the State is to make payments to public depositors for proofs of loss (e.g., loss resulting from a bank failure) up to \$400 thousand per depositor above the amount of federal insurance. This statutory requirement guarantees that the State will make payments in favor of the public depositor that has submitted a proof of loss. Payments would be made in the order in which satisfactory proofs of loss are received by the State's Department of Financial Institutions, until the designated appropriation is exhausted. At June 30, 2003, the appropriation available totaled \$30.2 million. Losses become fixed as of the date of the loss. A public depositor experiencing a loss must assign its interest in the deposit, to the extent of the amount paid, to the Department of Financial Institutions. Any recovery made by the Department of Financial Institutions under the assignment is to be repaid to the appropriation. The possibility of a material loss resulting from payments to and recovery from public depositors is remote.

The Veterans Mortgage Loan Repayment Fund accounts for the issuance and administration of veterans' first mortgage loans. The loans are made to veterans for the purchase of homes to terms up to 30 years. The loan interest rates are set by the Board of Veterans Affairs. The loans are secured by real estate mortgages. The fund has commitments for loans of \$5.2 million as of June 30, 2003. The loan commitments are expected to be met from current fund assets.

#### **Component Units**

The Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority's mission was expanded since its creation to include administration of the Agricultural and Business Programs. These programs administer funds that are legislatively appropriated to subsidize interest and provide guarantees of principal balances of qualifying loans. At June 30, 2003, outstanding loan guarantees totaled \$39.6 million.

#### **NOTE 23. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

#### **Primary Government**

#### **Short-term Debt**

Operating Notes – In September 2003, the State issued \$400.0 million of operating notes. The proceeds of the notes were to be used within six months to fund local assistance payments to the State's municipalities and school districts, and finance day-to-day operations in anticipation of revenue received later in the fiscal year. The notes were issued because of an imbalance between the timing of payments disbursed and receipts collected. The imbalance exists because receipts are received in the second half of the fiscal year, primarily January, March and April. The notes will be paid at maturity on June 15, 2004.

#### Long-term Debt

State of Wisconsin General Obligation Bonds – In July 2003, the State issued \$30.0 million of 2003 Series B general obligation bonds to be used to fund veterans primary mortgage home loans. Interest is payable on May 1 and November 1, beginning May 1, 2004, with bonds maturing November 1, 2033.

In October 2003, the State issued \$67.8 million of 2003 Series 3 general obligation refunding bonds, the proceeds of which were used to refund certain general obligation bonds that were previously issued to fund veterans housing bonds and to pay the costs of issuance. Interest is payable May 1 and November 1, beginning May 1, 2004.

In October 2003, the State issued \$285.1 million of 2003 Series C general obligation bonds to be used for the acquisition, construction, development, extension, enlargement, or improvement of land, water, property, highways, buildings, equipment, or facilities for public purposes. Interest is payable on May 1 and November 1, beginning May 1, 2004, with bonds maturing May 1, of the years 2026 through 2034.

In July 2003, the State redeemed early \$87.8 million of various veterans loan general obligation bonds outstanding consistent with the redemption provisions of those bonds. These bonds were redeemed from mortgage prepayments and undisbursed bond proceeds.

In October 2003, the State redeemed early \$39.0 million of various veterans loan general obligation bonds outstanding consistent with the redemption provisions of those bonds. These bonds were redeemed from mortgage prepayments.

In December 2003, the State redeemed early \$130.3 million of various veterans loan general obligation bonds outstanding consistent with the redemption provisions of those bonds. These

bonds were redeemed from mortgage prepayments and the proceeds of refunding general obligation bonds Series 2003-3.

Appropriation Bonds - On July 24, 2003, Wisconsin Act 33 was enacted and authorized the issuance of appropriation obligations to obtain proceeds to pay the State's anticipated unfunded accrued prior service (pension) liability under Wis. Stat. Section 40.05(2)(b) and its unfunded accrued liability for sick leave conversion credits under Wis. Stat. Section 40.05(4)(b), (bc), and (bw) and Subchapter IX of Chapter 40. Wisconsin Act 84, enacted on November 21, 2003, increased the authorized amount the State could issue form appropriation bonds. The State anticipates issuing \$1.8 billion of bonds consisting of Series A (Taxable Fixed Rate) and Series B (Taxable Auction Rate Certificates). Most of the proceeds from the sale of the bonds will initially be placed in the General Fund, then used to make payments for the State's unfunded prior service (pension) liability and its unfunded accrued liability for sick leave conversion credits. Some of the proceeds will be deposited in a debt service account held under the Indenture to provide for payment of interest through at least November 1, 2005, and some of the proceeds will be deposited in a stabilization account held under the Indenture.

Revenue Bonds — In November 2003, the Department of Transportation issued \$250.0 million of 2003 Series A transportation revenue bonds. The bond proceeds will be used to pay the costs of major highway projects, to finance certain State transportation facilities, to fund reserves and to pay the costs of issuance. Interest rates vary from 2.5 to 5.25 percent, payable January 1 and July 1, beginning July 1, 2004. The bonds mature on July 1 of the years 2005 through 2024.

#### **Component Units**

Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority – In July 2003, the Authority issued \$110.0 million of the Variable Rate Demand Home Ownership Revenue Bonds, 2003 Series B. These bonds were issued under the 1987 Home Ownership Revenue Bond Resolution.

The Authority entered into interest rate swap agreements as part of the two bond issues subsequent to June 30, 2003. These agreements include requirements for the pledging of assets based on the Authority's credit rating. As of October 31, 2003, there was no requirement to pledge assets.

In July 2003, the Authority redeemed \$1.3 million of the Housing Revenue Bonds, 1993 Series A and B from mortgage prepayments and the proceeds of the Housing Revenue Bonds 1993 Series A. In July 2003, the Authority redeemed \$.6 million of the Housing Revenue Bonds, 2002 Series A through I from mortgage prepayments and the proceeds of the Housing Revenue Bonds 2002 Series B and G and from a portion of the 2002 Series C. In July 2003, the Authority redeemed \$3.2 million of the Housing Revenue Bonds, 1992 Series A from mortgage

prepayments and the proceeds of the Housing Revenue Bonds 1992 Series A.

In November 2003, the Authority issued \$110.2 million of Home Ownership Revenue Bonds, 2003 Series C and D.

# **Required Supplementary Information**

### **Required Supplementary Information**

# Infrastructure Assets Reported Using the Modified Approach

The State has adopted the modified approach for reporting infrastructure assets. Under the modified approach, infrastructure assets are not depreciated as long as the State can demonstrate that these assets are properly managed and are being preserved at or above an established condition level. Instead of depreciation, the costs to maintain and preserve infrastructure assets are expensed, while additions and improvements are capitalized. The State owns approximately 11,200 centerline miles of roads and 4,900 bridges.

#### **Road Network**

Condition assessments are completed on a two-year cycle with the most current results reported for each State road. Numerous measures are used to assess the condition of the State's road network. The State has adopted the International Roughness Index (IRI), as defined by the Federal Highway Administration, as its primary condition measure. IRI is measured on a scale of 0 to 5, with an IRI of 2.69 or greater being defined as a "poor" ride. Roads with a "poor" IRI assessment cause negative impacts for the traveling public by decreasing driver comfort and increasing the damage to vehicles and goods. It is the State's policy to ensure no more than 15 percent of its roads receive a "poor" IRI assessment.

Recent condition assessment results are as follows:

Year	Miles	Percent		Variance
Ended	of	Rated	Established	Favorable/
June 30	Road	"Poor"	Percent	(Unfavorable)
2003	11,200	4.3	15.0	10.7
2002	11,200	4.6	15.0	10.4

Each year the State estimates the costs to maintain and preserve the road network at, or above, the established condition level. Actual maintenance/preservation costs compare to estimates as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Estimated Costs (In millions)	Actual Costs (In millions)	Variance (In millions) Favorable/ (Unfavorable)
2003	\$ 420.9	\$ 336.7	\$ 84.2
2002	470.7	437.6	33.1

Estimated costs are developed at the beginning of the fiscal year based on projects planned for the current and future years. The types of projects ultimately contracted and incurring costs during the year are often very different. Actual costs for the year ended June 30, 2003 reflect a shift from maintenance and preservation projects to capital road construction projects that was not anticipated in the cost estimates. In addition, the State of Wisconsin, Department of Transportation's multi-year budgeting process, allowing encumbrances to carry forward, makes a comparison of actual to estimated amounts difficult since expenditures for the current year may have been budgeted and committed to a project in prior years.

#### **Bridge Network**

Condition assessments are completed on a two-year cycle, with more frequent inspections completed if warranted. The most current assessment results are reported for each State bridge. making the overall assessment a blend of measures completed in the current fiscal year and those completed in the prior year. The State has adopted the National Bridge Inventory (NBI) 10-point rating scale as its primary condition measure. Using the Federal Highway Administration's definition, a bridge is considered "structurally deficient" if it has an NBI score of 4 or less on its deck, superstructure, or substructure. "Structurally deficient" bridges cause negative impacts for the public by increasing the likelihood that heavy loads will need to be rerouted to less efficient routes, thus increasing logistic costs for State businesses. It is the State's policy to ensure no more than 15 percent of its bridges are "structurally deficient".

Recent condition assessment results are as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Number of Bridges	Percent Structurally Deficient	Established Percent	Variance Favorable/ (Unfavorable)		
2003	4,900	6.2	15.0	8.8		
2002	4,900	7.6	15.0	7.4		

Each year the State estimates the costs to maintain and preserve the bridget network at, or above, the established condition level. Actual maintenance/preservation costs compare to estimates as follows:

			Variance			
Year	Estimated	Actual	(In millions)			
Ended	Costs	Costs	Favorable/			
June 30	(In millions)	(In millions)	(Unfavorable)			
2003	\$ 46.4	\$ 45.7	\$ 0.7			
2002	33.6	38.4	(4.8)			

Additional bridge maintenance and preservation projects were planned and completed during the year ended June 30, 2003. The State of Wisconsin, Department of Transportation's multi-year budgeting process, allowing encumbrances to carry forward, makes a comparison of actual to estimated amounts difficult since expenditures for the current year may have been budgeted and committed to a project in prior years.

### Budgetary Comparison Schedule General and Major Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

(In Thousands)

	General Fund					
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts
Unexpended Budgetary Fund Balances,						
Beginning of Year					\$	580,918
Revenues and Transfers (Inflows):						
Taxes	\$	10,533,755	\$	10,241,755		10,217,993
Departmental:						
Tobacco Settlement		157,603		149,082		153,923
Other		10,305,268		10,326,705		10,312,004
Transfers from:						
Transportation Fund		12,382		12,382		12,382
Veterans Mortgage Loan Repayment Fund		-		224		224
Nonmajor Funds		6,846		25,323		25,323
Total Revenues and Transfers		21,015,854		20,755,471		20,721,850
Amounts Available for Appropriation						21,302,768
Appropriations and Transfers (Outflows):						
Commerce		267,666		296,136		225,238
Education		9,011,341		9,399,817		9,112,309
Environmental Resources		271,268		292,747		262,766
Human Relations and Resources		7,828,797		9,330,380		8,624,123
General Executive		690,501		824,360		635,445
Judicial		105,162		111,102		109,672
Legislative		64,318		66,201		61,220
Tax Relief and Other General		1,388,892		1,927,555		1,920,582
Transfers to:		, ,		,- ,		,,
General Fund		_		_		_
Tobacco Control Fund		15,345		15,345		15,345
Total Appropriations and Transfers	\$	19,643,289	\$	22,263,642		20,966,699
Fund Balances, End of Year						336,069
Less Encumbrances Outstanding at June 30, 2003						(499,551)
Fund Balances, End of Year					_	
Budgetary Basis					\$	(163,482)
Reconciliation of the End of Year, Budgetary Basis, Fund Balance to the Amount Reported in the Annual Fiscal Report:						
Amount from Annual Fiscal Report					\$	(157,206)
Late Audit Adjustment						(6,276)
Revised End of Year Fund Balance, Budgetary Basis					\$	(163,482)
Daagotaly Daolo					Ψ	(100,402)

During Fiscal Year 2003, monies that had been budgeted for funding of the Sick Leave Conversion Program were transferred or lapsed by legislation to the General Fund. Rather than reporting these transactions as transfers in the State's annual budgetary report, these employer contributions were shown as functional expenditures of the paying agencies and revenue of the budgetary General Fund. As a result, since the Budgetary Comparison Schedule mirrors the annual budgetary report, it displays data on the budgetary basis and not on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Therefore, expenditures and revenues of the General Fund are overstated compared to a presentation made in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Likewise, Final Budget revenues and appropriations are similarly overstated.

	Original Budget	nsportation Fund Final Budget	Actual Amounts	 Original Budget	tlement Endowme Final Budget	Actual Amounts
		<u></u> \$	365,390		\$	595,155
\$	925,087 \$	925,087	925,087	\$ - \$	-	-
	- 1,266,671	- 1,266,671	- 1,266,671	- 3,353	- 3,353	- 3,353
	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
	2,191,758	2,191,758	2,191,758	3,353	3,353	3,353
			2,557,148			598,508
	83	89	88	-	-	-
	3,217,324	3,534,044	2,122,506	-	-	-
	- 4,657 -	- 4,776 -	- 2,122 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
	18,559	17,980	17,980	598,300	598,508	598,508
	12,382	12,382 -	12,382 -	157,603 -	157,603 -	-
;	3,253,005 \$	3,569,272	2,155,078	\$ 755,903 \$	756,111	598,508
			402,071 (1,064,724)			-
		\$	(662,653)		\$	0



### **Notes To Required Supplementary Information**

#### **NOTE 1. BUDGETARY INFORMATION**

#### A. Budgetary - GAAP Reporting Reconciliation

The accompanying Budgetary Comparison Schedule compares the legally adopted budget (more fully described in RSI Note 1-B) with actual data on a budgetary basis. Because accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on the budgetary basis differ significantly from those used to present financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), a reconciliation of basis and perspective differences as of June 30, 2003 is presented below (in thousands):

	General Fund	Transportation Fund
	Concrair and	Tuna
Fund balance June 30, 2003 (budgetary basis – budgetary fund structure)		
As reported on the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ (163,482)	\$ (662,653)
Reclassifications:		
To eliminate the effect of encumbrances that were reported as expenditures		
under budgetary reporting (basis difference)	499,551	1,064,724
To reclassify activities reported in another GAAP fund type (perspective differences):		
Enterprise funds (except for the University of Wisconsin System)	22,734	
University of Wisconsin System	(291,632)	
Internal service funds	4,358	
Fiduciary funds	(37,512)	
Transportation Revenue Bonds debt service fund		5,823
Fund balance June 30, 2003 (GAAP fund structure – budgetary basis, excluding		
encumbrances treated as expenditures at year end)	34,018	407,893
Adjustments (basis differences):		
To adjust expenditures for the municipal and county shared revenue program	(498,043)	
To adjust expenditures for State property tax credit program	(353,639)	
To accrue receivables and establish payables for individual income taxes (net)	(738,140)	
To defer revenues for gross receipts public utility taxes	(154,419)	
To adjust revenues and expenditures for tax-related items and	, ,	
other tax credit/aid programs (net)	(303,678)	(844)
To accrue unpaid Medicaid claims (net of receivable from federal government)	(165,014)	`
To adjust expenditures/revenues for certain major Health and Family Services	, ,	
and Workforce Development accruals and deferrals (net)	(15,527)	
To accrue State educational aids payments deferred until the subsequent year	(75,000)	
To adjust revenues and expenditures for other items (net)	26,903	(20,687)
Fund balance June 30, 2003 (GAAP fund structure – GAAP basis) as reported on		
the governmental fund statements	\$(2,242,539)	\$ 386,363

#### **B.** Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The State's biennial budget is prepared using a modified cash basis of accounting. The final budget is primarily a general purpose revenue and expenditure budget. General purpose revenues consist of general taxes and miscellaneous receipts which are paid into the General Fund, lose their identity, and are then available for appropriation by the Legislature. The remaining revenues consist of program revenues, which are credited by law to an appropriation to finance a specified program or State agency, and segregated revenues which are paid into separate identifiable funds.

While State departments and agencies are required to submit estimates of expected revenues for program revenue and segregated revenue categories, these estimates are not formally incorporated into the adopted budget except for revenue estimates of the Lottery Fund. As a result, legally budgeted revenues for these categories are not available and, consequently, actual amounts are reported in the budget column of the Budgetary Comparison Schedule.

Expenditure budgeting differs for the various types of appropriations. For most appropriations, budgeted expenditures equal the amount from the adopted budget plus any subsequent legislative or administrative revisions. Various supplemental appropriations were approved during the year and have been incorporated into the budget figures.

While State statutes prohibit spending beyond budgetary authority, a provision is made to include the value of accounts receivable, inventories and work in process in identifying available revenues. The State also utilizes nonbudget accounts for which no budget is established but expenditures may be incurred. As a result, actual expenditures may exceed budgeted amounts in certain categories.

The budgetary basis of accounting required by State law differs materially from the basis used to report revenues and expenditures in accordance with GAAP. Other variances arise because the State's biennial budget is developed according to the statutory required fund structure which differs extensively from the fund structure used in the GAAP basis financial statements. This difference is primarily caused by the elimination of the University of Wisconsin System, and various fiduciary, proprietary and other governmental fund activity from the statutory General and special revenue funds. Consequently, a reconciliation between budgetary basis and GAAP basis is provided in Note 1-A of the notes to the required supplementary information.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General and the major special revenue funds presents both the original and final appropriated budgets, as well as the actual inflows, outflows, and fund balance on the budgetary basis. The supplementary budget comparison schedule provides this same information (with the exception of the original budget data) for the nonmajor governmental funds with annual budgets. The capital project and debt service funds are excluded from this schedule because no comprehensive budget is approved for these funds. A special revenue fund, the Wisconsin Public Broadcasting Foundation, has also been excluded from reporting because it is a blended component unit that is neither budgeted nor included under statutory reporting. Of the permanent funds, only the Historical Society Fund and a portion of the Common School Fund are budgeted.

Under biennial budgeting, numerous changes are typically needed in the second year of the biennium to address changing circumstances. The nationwide economic downturn of the past few years accentuated this problem. As a result of revenue shortfalls, a comprehensive budget repair bill, Act 109, was needed for Fiscal Year 2003 to bring expenditures in line with expected revenues. Since this legislation, which was passed in July 2002, had such major effects on budgeted expenditures, it was recognized by State officials as the original budget and is treated as such on the Budgetary Comparison Schedule.

While the legal level of budgetary control for the reported funds is maintained at the appropriation line as specified by the Legislature in Chapter 20 of the Wisconsin Statutes, this level of detail is impractical for inclusion in the Comprehensive Annual Accordingly, a supplementary report is Financial Report. available upon request which provides budgetary comparisons at the legal level of control.

Appropriation unexpended balances lapse at year-end or forward to the subsequent fiscal year depending on the type of appropriation involved:

- · Continuing unexpended balances automatically forward to ensuing years until fully depleted or repealed by subsequent action of the Legislature.
- Annual:
  - General Purpose Revenue unencumbered balances lapse at year end.
  - Program Revenue unexpended cash balances may be forwarded to the next fiscal year.
- Biennial unexpended balances or deficits automatically forward to the second year. At the end of the second year all unencumbered general purpose revenue balances lapse.
- Sum sufficient moneys are appropriated and expended in the amounts necessary to accomplish the purpose specified.

Encumbrances may be carried over to the next fiscal year as a revision to the budgetary appropriation with Department of Under Administration approval. budgetary reporting, encumbrances are treated like expenditures and are shown as a reduction of fund balance. Under GAAP reporting, encumbrances outstanding at year end for purchase orders and contracts expected to be honored in the following year are reported as reservations of fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

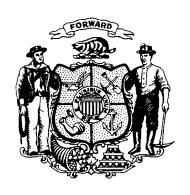
#### C. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

In the General Fund, expenditures exceeded appropriations for the following program (in millions):

UW System - Energy Costs

130

# **Supplementary Information**



## Nonmajor Governmental Funds

**SPECIAL REVENUE:** Special revenue funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for a specified purpose. The State's special revenue funds are described below:

The **Conservation Fund** accounts for the management of the State's fish, wildlife, parks and other natural resources with funds provided from hunting and fishing licenses, recreational fees and forestry taxes.

The Heritage State Parks and Forests Fund accounts for the funding for operations and maintenance of State parks, southern State forests, and recreation areas either by making partial matching grants to "friends groups" or by accepting expenditure transfers from park and forest programs in the Conservation Fund.

The Wisconsin Health Education Loan Repayment Fund accounts for administrative expenditures related to issuing Health Education Loan bonds. These expenditures are funded from trustee transfers

The **Waste Management Fund** accounts for the closure and long-term care of approved landfills from fees imposed on landfill operators.

The **Wisconsin Election Campaign Fund** accounts for taxpayer donated funding for political candidates. The donations are intended to replace special interest funds.

The **Investment and Local Impact Fund** accounts for grants and loans to municipalities where metalliferous minerals exist to offset the negative effects of mining projects. These grants and loans are funded with taxes which have been imposed on mining activities.

The **Election Administration Fund** accounts for federal and State moneys provided to develop, administer and manage a statewide voter registration system allowing all qualified electors, including those with disabilities, the opportunity to vote while maintaining uniform standards within the voting process and safeguarding the vote of all electors.

The **Industrial Building Construction Loan Fund** accounts for economic development grants and loans for the construction of industrial buildings. These grants and loans are funded primarily with investment income.

The Self-insured Employers Liability Fund establishes a reserve to cover claims for employees of employers who have become insolvent. These employers were previously determined to be exempt from the requirement to carry accident or death insurance. The reserve is also used to cover the cost of insurance carrier or insurance service organization used to process, investigate, and pay valid claims from the injured employees.

The **Medical Assistance Trust Fund** accounts for moneys received from the Medical Assistance (MA) program via Intergovernmental Transfers. The moneys are used to fund MA eligible activities.

The Work Injury Supplemental Benefit Fund accounts for compensatory payments to survivors of fatally injured employees or disabled employees with work-related injuries. This compensation is provided with funds collected from State employers and insurance carriers.

The **Tobacco Control Fund** accounts for a portion of the moneys received from the settlement of the lawsuit between several states, including Wisconsin, and the tobacco companies. The moneys are used to fund health care related costs including grants for tobacco prevention, research, and intervention.

The **Uninsured Employers Fund** accounts for the administration of insurance enforcement activities and compensation to injured employees of uninsured employers. The revenue is primarily provided by funds collected from uninsured employers.

The **Utility Public Benefits Fund** accounts for voluntary contributions and public benefits fees collected from customers by utilities to assist in funding low income assistance grants and energy conservation and efficiency grants.

The **Mediation Fund** accounts for the resolution of disputes regarding medical malpractice. Dispute filing fees and fees charged to health care providers are the primary revenue sources.

The **Agricultural Chemical Cleanup Fund** accounts for the portion of the costs responsible persons pay to clean up fertilizer and pesticide spills and historical handling areas. Fertilizer and pesticide licenses and registration fees primarily provide the revenue.

## Nonmajor Governmental Funds

(Continued)

The **Agrichemical Management Fund** accounts for the regulation and enforcement of pesticide, feed and fertilizer industries. The revenue is generated by licenses and fees assessed to these industries.

The **Agricultural Producer Security Fund** accounts for the program to secure payments to producers. This fund is supported primarily with fees, surcharges, assessments, reimbursements and bond proceeds of surety bonds.

The **Historical Legacy Trust Fund** accounts for moneys to commemorate the 200th anniversary of statehood. Gifts, grants, and bequests generate the revenue. Also, all moneys received by the State Sesquicentennial Commission after September 30, 1998 are reported in this fund.

The **Petroleum Inspection Fund** accounts for revenues received from inspection fees on petroleum products shipped into Wisconsin and proceeds received from revenue bonds. These resources are used for petroleum inspection programs, environmental cleanup awards, clean air and water administration and other environmental programs in the State.

The **Environmental Fund** accounts for the development and enforcement of groundwater standards, as well as assistance in the emergency response, investigation and clean up of contaminated sites. This assistance is funded by fees on activities or substances which may contaminate groundwater and fees for solid waste tipping, pesticide licenses and oil inspections.

The **Dry Cleaner Environmental Response Fund** accounts for the financial assistance for the remediation of environmental contamination caused by the spillage of dry cleaning solvents. Revenues used to fund this program are dry cleaning facility license and solvent fees.

The **Recycling Fund** accounts for the moneys from the recycling surcharge tax and recycling fees, used to reduce the amount of solid waste disposed of in landfills and incinerators.

The **Information Technology Investment Fund** accounts for revenues, primarily subscription fees from vendors, used to carry out information technology development projects, including paying for costs associated with technology-related equipment, software and support.

The **Universal Service Fund** accounts for various programs that ensure that all State residents receive essential telecommunication services at reasonable prices and that they have access to certain advanced telecommunications service capabilities. Assessment of entities in the telecommunications industry is the primary source of revenues.

The **Budget Stabilization Fund** accounts for moneys reserved to provide State revenue stability during periods of below-normal economic activity when actual State revenues are lower than estimated revenues.

The Wisconsin Public Broadcasting Foundation (Foundation) Fund accounts for financial resources generated to support the activities of the Educational Communications Board. The primary revenue sources of the Foundation are from gifts, grants and contributions.

The **Children's Trust Fund** accounts for the program which provides information and encourages the development of child abuse and neglect prevention programs. This fund is supported primarily with investment income and moneys received as contributions, grants, gifts and bequests.

**CAPITAL PROJECTS:** Capital projects funds account for financial resources used for the acquisition, construction, renovation or repair of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds). The State's capital projects funds are described below:

The **Building Trust Fund** accounts for repair projects of major capital facilities which are funded primarily through General Fund and agency transfers.

The **Energy Efficiency Fund** accounts for improvements on heating plants and loans to State agencies for energy efficiency projects. Revenues are primarily derived from utility rebates, utility matching funds, savings from improvements to heating costs and General Fund supported borrowing.

The **Capital Improvement Fund** accounts for revenues from general obligation bond proceeds, General Fund transfers and investment pool interest earnings which are primarily used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and for repair and maintenance projects.

# Nonmajor Governmental Funds

(Continued)

The **Transportation Revenue Bonds Fund** accounts for the accumulation of financing resources for the construction, maintenance, and repair of certain major highway projects and administrative facilities.

**DEBT SERVICE:** Debt service funds account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, principal, interest and related costs of general long-term obligations.

The **Bond Security and Redemption Fund** accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of principal, interest and related costs of, general obligation bond debt.

The **Petroleum Inspection Revenue Bonds Fund** accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of principal, interest and related costs of, petroleum revenue bond obligations.

The **Transportation Revenue Bonds Fund** accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of principal, interest and related costs of, transportation revenue bond obligations.

**PERMANENT:** Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used to support the State's programs.

The **Agricultural College Fund** accounts for federal land grant revenues used as public purpose loans for municipalities and school districts.

The **Common School Fund** accounts for revenues received from the sale of federally granted land, fines and forfeitures from penal law breaches, and the disposal of escheated property. These moneys are used for public purpose loans to municipalities and school districts. Earnings of this fund are distributed to aid local school districts and to cover administrative costs incurred by the Public Lands Commission.

The **Normal School Fund** accounts for public purpose loans to municipalities and school districts. These loans are financed with revenues derived from the sale of federally granted land and timber. The interest generated from this fund is used to support and maintain State universities.

The **University Fund** accounts for federal land grant revenues used for public loans to municipalities and school districts.

The **Historical Society Fund** accounts for investment income and donations received by the Wisconsin Historical Society to assist in the operations of the State's archives, research and library services, museums, historic preservation, and executive and administrative services.

The **Benevolent Fund** accounts for investment income used for the care, custody and education of residents committed to the Lincoln Hills School.

## Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2003

(In Thousands)

		Special Revenue Funds							
	Co	nservation	Heritage State Parks and Forests	Wisconsin Health Education Loan Repayment		Waste lanagement	Wisconsin Election Campaign		
Assets									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	44,654 \$	1,177 \$	14	\$	11,576 \$	343		
Investments Receivables (net of estimated		-	-	-		-	-		
uncollectible accounts):		00.000							
Taxes		23,290	-	-		-	-		
Loans to Local Governments Other Receivables		1 011	-	-		-	-		
Due from Other Funds		1,211 10,913	-	8		-	-		
Due from Other		10,913	-	-		-	-		
Governments		7,349	_			_	_		
Inventories		2,424	_			_	_		
Prepaid Items		1,706	_	1		_	_		
Advances to Other Funds		-	_			_	_		
Other Assets		-	-	-		-	-		
Total Assets	\$	91,547 \$	1,177 \$	24	\$	11,576 \$	343		
Liabilities and Fund Balances									
Liabilities:									
Accounts Payable and Other									
Accrued Liabilities	\$	11,603 \$	- 9	1	\$	5 \$	6		
Due to Other Funds	·	17,687	-	6	•	-	-		
Interfund Payables		-	-	-		-	-		
Due to Other Governments		15,972	-	-		80	-		
Tax Refunds Payable		-	-	-		-	-		
Tax and Other Deposits		955	-	-		5,057	-		
Deferred Revenue		4,240	-	-		-	-		
Interest Payable		-	-	-		-	-		
Advances from Other Funds		-	-	-		-	-		
Short-term Notes Payable		-	-	-		-	-		
General Obligation Bonds									
Payable		-	-	-		-	-		
Revenue Bonds and Notes									
Payable		-	-	-		-	-		
Total Liabilities		50,457	-	7		5,142	6		
Fund Balances:									
Reserved for									
Encumbrances		14,857	-	-		-	-		
Reserved for Inventories		2,424	-	-		-	-		
Reserved for Prepaid Items		1,706	-	1		-	-		
Reserved for Restricted Funds		264	-	-		-	-		
Reserved for Long-term									
Receivables		-	-	-		-	-		
Reserved for Advances to									
Other Funds		-	-	-		-	-		
Unreserved: Undesignated		21,839	1,177	15		6,434	338		
Total Fund Balance		41,090	1,177	16		6,434	338		
Total Liabilities and	-	71,030	1,177	10		0,404	336		
			1,177 \$	24		11,576 \$	343		

Investment and Local Impact	Election Administration	Industrial Building Construction	cial Revenue Fu Self-insured Employers Liability	Medical Assistance Trust	Work Injury Supplemental Benefit	Tobacco Control
\$ 168	\$ 7,017	\$ 207	\$ 259	\$ 330,765	\$ 4,405 \$ -	3 4,:
-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	- 132	- 1	-	- 1,244	
-	-	-	-	22,764	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
\$ 168	\$ 7,017	\$ 339	\$ 260	\$ 353,529	\$ 5,648 \$	5 4,
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 22,054	\$ 992 \$	
-	-	-	-	25,535	<del>-</del>	1,
-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	7,003	- 132	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
_		_	_	_		
_		_	_	_		
-	7,003	132	-	47,590	992	2,
-	-	-	-	-	-	(
-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
168	14	207	260	305,939	4,656	1,:
168	14	207	260	305,939	4,656	2,
\$ 168	\$ 7,017	\$ 339	\$ 260	\$ 353,529	\$ 5,648 \$	5 4,
			·			(Contin

## Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2003

						Special R	eve	enue Funds			
		Uninsured Employers		Utility Public Benefits		Mediation		Agricultural Chemical Cleanup	Agrichemical Management		Agricultural Producer Security
Assets											
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	9,805	\$	27,572	\$	151	\$	196 \$	2,367	\$	4,177
Investments		-		-		-		-	-		-
Receivables (net of estimated uncollectible accounts): Taxes		_		_		_					
Loans to Local Governments		_		_		_		_	_		_
Other Receivables		8,099		3,793		-		-	2		85
Due from Other Funds		-		88		3		4	52		13
Due from Other											
Governments		-		-		-		-	-		-
Inventories		-		-		-		-	20		-
Prepaid Items		-		6		5		-	37		7
Advances to Other Funds		-		-		-		-	1,350		-
Other Assets		-		-		-		-	-		-
Total Assets	\$	17,904	\$	31,459	\$	159	\$	200 \$	3,829	\$	4,281
Liabilities and Fund Balances											
Liabilities:											
Accounts Payable and Other											
Accrued Liabilities	\$	130	\$	6,659	\$	16	\$	- \$	114	\$	24
Due to Other Funds	•	1	•	28	_	7	•		1,483	•	22
Interfund Payables		-		-		-		_	-		
Due to Other Governments		8		106		_		_	_		_
Tax Refunds Payable		_		-		-		_	_		_
Tax and Other Deposits		-		-		-		_	-		_
Deferred Revenue		3,791		389		-		-	-		-
Interest Payable		-		-		-		-	-		-
Advances from Other Funds		-		-		-		-	-		1,350
Short-term Notes Payable		-		-		-		-	-		-
General Obligation Bonds											
Payable		-		-		-		-	-		-
Revenue Bonds and Notes											
Payable		_		-		-		-	-		-
Total Liabilities		3,930		7,182		23		-	1,597		1,396
Fund Balances:											
Reserved for											
Encumbrances		_		782		_		_	50		_
Reserved for Inventories		_		-		_		_	20		_
Reserved for Prepaid Items		_		6		5		_	37		7
Reserved for Restricted Funds		-		_		_		_	-		-
Reserved for Long-term											
Receivables		-				-		-	-		-
Reserved for Advances to											
Other Funds		-		-		-		-	1,350		-
Unreserved:											
Undesignated		13,974		23,489		131		200	774		2,879
Total Fund Balance		13,974		24,277		137		200	2,231		2,885
Total Liabilities and											
Fund Balance	\$	17,904	\$	31,459	\$	159	\$	200 \$	3,829	\$	4,281

_			Specia	al Revenue Funds		
	Historical Legacy Trust	Petroleum Inspection	Environmental	Dry Cleaner Environmental Response	Recycling	Information Technology Investment
\$	61 \$ -	20,258 97	\$ 26,787	\$ 3,011	\$	3,038 \$ 24
	-	-	- -	- -		2,032 -
	-	104 11,728	713 7,009	65 17		3,281 - 3,351 -
	- -	- - 117	449 3 165	-	_	626
	- - -	-	-	- - -		13,176 -  
\$	61 \$	32,304	\$ 35,126	\$ 3,094	\$ 2	25,503 \$ 24
\$	- <b>\$</b> -	142,884 3,157	\$ 1,683 2,862			162 \$ - 706 24
	- - -	- 810 -	- 2,529 -			1,900 - 213 -
	- - -	- - -	572 - -	- - -		
	-	142,300	-	-		- 2,304
		_	<del>-</del>			<u> </u>
	<del>-</del>	289,151	7,645	487		3,096 3,008
	- -	100	15,190 3	-		317 -
	- -	117	165 -	-	1	13,176
	-	-	-	-		
	61	(257,064)	12,123			8,914 (2,984)
\$	61 \$	(256,847)		\$ 3,094		22,407 (2,984) 25,503 \$ 24

## Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2003

				Sı	oec	ial Revenue Fur	nds			
						Wisconsin				
	ı	Universal Service		Budget Stabilization		Public Broadcasting Foundation		Children's Trust	F	Total Special Revenue Funds
Assets										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,488	\$	3	\$	1,795	\$	296	\$	508,829
Investments		-		-		3,337		-		3,434
Receivables (net of estimated uncollectible accounts):										
Taxes		-		-		-		-		25,321
Loans to Local Governments		-		-		-		-		-
Other Receivables		1,568		-		10		-		20,316
Due from Other Funds		8		-		-		10		55,958
Due from Other										
Governments		-		-		2		-		8,426
Inventories		-		-		-		-		2,448
Prepaid Items		-		-		7		-		15,407
Advances to Other Funds		-		-		-		-		1,350
Other Assets	-	-		-		694		-		694
Total Assets	\$	6,063	\$	3	\$	5,845	\$	305	\$	642,182
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Liabilities:										
Accounts Payable and Other										
Accrued Liabilities	\$	810	\$	-	\$	39	\$	-	\$	188,392
Due to Other Funds		1,058		-		493		-		54,626
Interfund Payables		-		-		-		-		-
Due to Other Governments		-		-		-		-		21,437
Tax Refunds Payable		-		-		-		-		213
Tax and Other Deposits		-		-		-		-		6,584
Deferred Revenue		-		-		-		-		15,671
Interest Payable		-		-		-		-		-
Advances from Other Funds		-		-		-		-		4,334
Short-term Notes Payable		-		-		-		-		142,300
General Obligation Bonds										
Payable		-		-		-		-		-
Revenue Bonds and Notes										
Payable		-		_		-		-		_
Total Liabilities		1,868		<u>-</u>		531		-		433,557
Fund Balances:										
Reserved for										
Encumbrances		1,125		-		-		-		33,048
Reserved for Inventories		-		-		-		-		2,448
Reserved for Prepaid Items		-		-		-		-		15,400
Reserved for Restricted Funds		-		-		534		-		798
Reserved for Long-term										
Receivables		-		-		-		-		-
Reserved for Advances to										
Other Funds		-		-		-		-		1,350
Unreserved:										
Undesignated		3,070		3		4,780		305		155,582
Total Fund Balance		4,195		3		5,313		305		208,625
Total Liabilities and	•	0.000	r.	2	۴	5.045	æ	205	œ.	040 400
Fund Balance	\$	6,063	\$	3	\$	5,845	\$	305	ቕ	642,182

				- 0	pital Projects Funds	•				
	Building Trust	Energy Efficiency			Capital Improvement		Transportation Revenue Bonds		Total Capital Projects Funds	
\$	28,378	\$ 2	204	\$	81,581 -	\$	79,240	\$		189,402
	-		-		-		-			-
	-		-		7		-			7
	703		-		493		9			1,204
	-		-		-		-			-
	-		-		-		-			-
	-	5	00		-		-			500
Φ.	29,081	ф <b>7</b>	- '04	r.	82,080	r.	79,249	r.		191,114
Ψ	29,001	φ r	04	Ψ	02,000	Ψ	13,243	φ		191,114
\$	2,309	\$	_	\$	4,839	\$	-	\$		7,148
	63	2	204		437		17,847 486			18,551 486
	-		-		1,668		-			1,668
	-		-		-		-			-
	-		-		-		-			-
	-		-		-		-			-
	-		-		269,965		131,378			401,343
	-		-		-		-			-
	-		-				-			-
	2,372	2	204		276,909		149,711			429,196
	8,684		-		96,066		90,481			195,231
	-		-		-		-			-
	-		-		-		-			-
	-		-		-		-			-
	-	5	00		-		-			500
	18,025		-		(290,895)	1	(160,944)			(433,813)
	26,709	5	00		(194,829)		(70,463)			(238,082)
\$	29,081	\$ 7	'04	\$	82,080	\$	79,249	\$		191,114

# State of Wisconsin Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2003

				 ebt Service Fund	s		(Continued) Permanent Funds
	_	Bond Security and Redemption	Petroleum Inspection Revenue Bonds	Transportation Revenue Bonds		Total Debt Service Funds	Agricultural College
Assets							
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Receivables (net of estimated uncollectible accounts):	\$	15,225 \$ -	19,187	\$ 83,098 5,344	\$	117,510 \$ 5,344	305
Taxes Loans to Local Governments Other Receivables		- -	- - 2	- - -		- - 2	- - -
Due from Other Funds Due from Other Governments		-	-	-		-	-
Inventories Prepaid Items Advances to Other Funds		- -	- - -	- - -		- - -	- - -
Other Assets							
Total Assets	\$	15,225	19,189	\$ 88,443	\$	122,856	305
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities: Accounts Payable and Other							
Accrued Liabilities Due to Other Funds Interfund Payables	\$	- \$ 12	- -	\$ 9	\$	- \$ 21	- - -
Due to Other Governments Tax Refunds Payable		-	-	-		-	-
Tax and Other Deposits Deferred Revenue		- - -	- - -	- - -		- - -	- - -
Interest Payable Advances from Other Funds Short-term Notes Payable		3 -	5,236 - -	32,567 - -		37,805 - -	- - -
General Obligation Bonds Payable		100	-	-		100	-
Revenue Bonds and Notes Payable		-	12,070	46,870		58,940	-
Total Liabilities		115	17,306	79,445		96,866	-
Fund Balances: Reserved for							
Encumbrances Reserved for Inventories		-	-	-		-	-
Reserved for Prepaid Items Reserved for Restricted Funds Reserved for Long-term		-	-	-		-	-
Receivables Reserved for Advances to		-	-	-		-	-
Other Funds Unreserved:		- 	- -	-		<del>-</del>	-
Undesignated Total Fund Balance		15,110 15,110	1,883 1,883	8,997 8,997		25,991 25,991	305 305
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	15,225		\$ 88,443	\$	122,856	

	Common School	Normal School	University	Historical Society	Benevolent	Total Permanent Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	150,890 \$ 132,835	19,296 \$ -	234 \$	111 \$ 9,795	14 \$ -	170,850 \$ 142,630	986,591 151,408
	-	-	-	-	-	-	25,321
	236,401	126	-	-	-	236,526	236,526
	27	20	-	-	-	47	20,372
	2,534	38	-	-	-	2,573	59,735
	4,841	-	-	-	-	4,841	13,267
	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,448
	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,407
	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,850 694
\$	527,528 \$	19,479 \$	234 \$	9,907 \$	14 \$	557,467 \$	1,513,619
\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	13 \$	- \$	13 \$	195,553
	1,017	-	-	7	-	1,024	74,222
	-	-	-	-	-	-	486
	-	-	-	-	-	-	23,105
	-	-	-	-	-	-	213
	23	68	-	-	-	91	6,675 15,671
	-	-	-	-	-	-	37,805
	_	_	_		_	_	4,334
	-	-	-	-	-	-	543,643
	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
	-	-	-	-	-	-	58,940
	1,040	68	-	20	-	1,128	960,746
	-	-	-	11	-	11	228,289
	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,448
	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,400
	-	-	-	-	-	-	798
	169,424	93	-	-	-	169,517	169,517
	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,850
	357,063	19,319	234	9,876	14	386,811	134,570
	526,487	19,411	234	9,887	14	556,339	552,872
\$	527,528 \$	19,479 \$	234 \$	9,907 \$	14 \$	557,467 \$	1,513,619

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

(In Thousands)

			Special Revenue Fur	nds	
	Conservation	Heritage State Parks and Forests	Wisconsin Health Education Loan Repayment	Waste Management	Wisconsin Election Campaign
Bayraniaa					
Revenues: Taxes	70,907 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	_
Intergovernmental	29,227	- ψ	- ψ	- ψ -	-
Licenses and Permits	82,178	-	_	-	-
Charges for Goods	. , .				
and Services	15,876	-	80	-	-
Investment and					
Interest Income	605	17	-	100	7
Fines and Forfeitures	355	-	-	4	-
Gifts and Donations	3,259	-	-	-	-
Other Revenues	1,852	125	-	-	9
Total Revenues	204,259	142	80	105	17
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Commerce	-	-	-	-	-
Education	-	-	72	-	-
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental Resources	219,703	34	-	5	-
Human Relations and Resources					
General Executive	-	-	-	-	601
Judicial	_	-	_	-	-
Tax Relief and Other					
General Expenditures	_	_	_	_	_
Capital Outlay	11,628	_	_	-	-
Debt Service - Principal	-	-	-	=	-
Debt Service - Interest	-	-	-	-	-
Other Expenditures	-	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	231,331	34	72	5	601
Excess of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	(27,072)	108	8	100	(584)
Other Financing Sources (Hose):					
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Long-term Debt Issued					
Premium on Bonds	_	_	_	_	_
Transfers In	21,033	_	_	_	329
Transfers Out	(15,021)	=	(1)	-	-
Installment Purchase	, , ,		,		
Acquisitions	590	-	-	-	-
Total Other Financing					
Sources (Uses)	6,601	-	(1)	-	329
Excess of Revenues and Other					
Sources Over (Under)					
Expenditures and Other Uses	(20,471)	108	7	100	(255)
Fund Balances, Beginning					
of Year	61,615	1,069	9	6,334	593
Increase (Decrease) in	- ,- :-	,	-	-,	
Reserve for Inventories	(55)	-	-	-	-
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 41,090 \$	1,177 \$	16 \$	6,434 \$	338

			Special Re	evenue Funds			
and	stment   Local E  pact Adm	E	nstruction E	elf-insured mployers Liability	Medical Assistance Trust	Work Injury Supplemental Benefit	Tobacco Control
\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$		
	<del>-</del> -	-	<del>-</del> -	-	-	2,889	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	3	14	3	5	6,068	70	37
	-	-	-	-		-	
	-	-	21	1	-	11	
	3	14	24	6	6,068	2,970	37
	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	<del>-</del>	-	-	-	-	
	-	- -	-	97 -	383,486	2,644	5,590
	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	- -	-	- -	-	-	-	
	<del>-</del> -	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	97	383,486	2,644	5,596
	3	14	24	(91)	(377,418)	326	(5,559
	<del>-</del> -	- -	<del>-</del> -	-	-	- -	
	-	-	-	-	322,465 (90)	-	15,345 (14,693
					(00)		(11,000
	-	-	-	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	-	
	-	-	-	-	322,375	-	652
	3	14	24	(91)	(55,042)	326	(4,90
	166	_	183	351	360,981	4,331	6,98
	-	-	-	-		4,001	0,90
		-			-		
\$	168 \$	14 \$	207 \$	260 \$	305,939 \$	4,656 \$	2,08

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

-			Special Rever	nue Funds		
	Uninsured Employers	Utility Public Benefit	Mediation	Agricultural Chemical Cleanup	Agrichemical Management	Agricultural Producer Security
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$ - \$	- \$	2 \$	- 9	- \$	-
Intergovernmental	-	<u>-</u>	-		-	-
Licenses and Permits	532	96,637	208	2,826	5,437	2,319
Charges for Goods and Services						177
Investment and	-	-	-	-	-	177
Interest Income	144	327	4	16	23	53
Fines and Forfeitures	3,277	521	-	-	-	7
Gifts and Donations	-	5	_	_	_	-
Other Revenues	411	-	_	-	7	5
Total Revenues	4,364	96,969	213	2,842	5,467	2,562
Expenditures:	-,	,		_, <u>-</u>	-,	_,
Current:						
Commerce	-	-	-	3,864	5,766	726
Education	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental Resources	-	-	-	-	-	-
Human Relations and						
Resources	2,077	-	-	-	-	-
General Executive	-	91,087	-	-	-	-
Judicial	-	-	354	-	-	-
Tax Relief and Other						
General Expenditures Capital Outlay	-	- 89	-	-	-	-
Debt Service - Principal	-	09	-	-	-	-
Debt Service - Interest	_	-	-	_	-	-
Other Expenditures	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total Expenditures	2,077	91,176	354	3,864	5,766	726
•	2,011	31,170	334	3,004	3,700	120
Excess of Revenues Over	2.22		(4.44)	(4.000)	(000)	4 000
(Under) Expenditures	2,287	5,794	(141)	(1,023)	(299)	1,836
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Long-term Debt Issued	-	-	-	-	-	-
Premium on Bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers In	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers Out	-	(8,378)	(3)	-	(54)	(10)
Installment Purchase						
Acquisitions	-	-	-	-	-	<u> </u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(8,378)	(3)	_	(54)	(10)
•		\-,,	V-1		\/	(12)
Excess of Revenues and Other						
Sources Over (Under)		/a =a ···			, <u>.</u>	
Expenditures and Other Uses	2,287	(2,584)	(144)	(1,023)	(353)	1,826
Fund Balances, Beginning						
of Year	11,687	26,861	281	1,223	2,592	1,059
Increase (Decrease) in	,	_0,00.		.,==5	_,00_	.,550
Reserve for Inventories	-	-	-	-	(8)	-
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 13,974 \$	24,277 \$	137 \$	200 \$	\$ 2,231 \$	2,885

Historical Legacy Trust		Petroleum Inspection	Environmental	Dry Cleaner Environmental Response	Recycling	Information Technology Investment
\$	- \$	97,273 \$	- \$	- \$	16,025 \$	
	-	-	673	-	-	
	-	110	21,222	1,093	21,163	
	-	31	1	-	-	
	1	374	539	46	261	
	-	-	3,507	-	-	
	-	-	=	-	-	
	-	9	61	-	91	
	1	97,797	26,003	1,138	37,540	
	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	40.464	- 20 642	1 047	20.677	
	-	40,161	32,613	1,247	30,677	
	-	-	_	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	. <del>.</del>	
	-	37	316	-	18	
	-	-	-	=	=	
	-	-	-	-	-	

32,930

(6,927)

13,560 (13,722)

14

(149)

1,247

(109)

(4)

(4)

30,695

6,845

(10,601)

(10,601)

40,199

57,599

762 (4,368)

(3,607)

Special Revenue Funds

1	53,992	(7,076)	(113)	(3,756)	1
60	(310,840)	34,563	2,720	26,163	(2,985)
 -	-	(6)	-	-	-
\$ 61 \$	(256,847) \$	27,481 \$	2,607 \$	22,407 \$	(2,984)

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

		5	Special Revenue Fund	s	
	Jniversal Service	Budget Stabilization	Wisconsin Public Broadcasting Foundation	Children's Trust	Total Special Revenue Funds
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	184,205
Intergovernmental	-	-	=	-	29,900
Licenses and Permits	23,163	-	-	-	259,777
Charges for Goods					
and Services	-	-	37	-	16,202
Investment and					
Interest Income	192	-	(25)	3	8,888
Fines and Forfeitures	-	-	-	-	7,151
Gifts and Donations	-	2	8,721	125	12,110
Other Revenues	 -	-	-	-	2,603
Total Revenues	 23,355	2	8,733	128	520,839
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Commerce	24,662	-	-	-	35,018
Education	-	-	1,702	-	1,775
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental Resources	-	-	-	-	324,440
Human Relations and					200.000
Resources	-	-	-	-	393,900
General Executive	-	-	-	-	91,687
Judicial	-	-	=	-	354
Tax Relief and Other					
General Expenditures	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	12,088
Debt Service - Principal	-	-	-	-	-
Debt Service - Interest	-	-	-	-	-
Other Expenditures	 -	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	 24,662	-	1,702	-	859,262
Excess of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	 (1,307)	2	7,030	128	(338,423)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Long-term Debt Issued	-	-	-	-	-
Premium on Bonds	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers In	-	1	-	-	373,495
Transfers Out	(4,658)	-	(6,402)	-	(78,007)
Installment Purchase					
Acquisitions	-	-	-	-	603
Total Other Financing					
Sources (Uses)	 (4,658)	1	(6,402)	-	296,091
Excess of Revenues and Other					
Sources Over (Under)					
Expenditures and Other Uses	(5,965)	3	628	128	(42,332)
Fund Balances, Beginning					
of Year	10,160	-	4,685	177	251,026
Increase (Decrease) in					
Reserve for Inventories	 -	-	-	-	(68)
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 4,195 \$	3 \$	5,313 \$	305 \$	208,625

	C	apital Projects Funds			Debt Service Funds
Building Trust	Energy Efficiency	Capital Improvement	Transportation Revenue Bonds	Total Capital Projects Funds	Bond Security and Redemption
•					
\$ - \$ 8,334	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$ 8,335	-
-	-	-	371	371	-
_	_	600	_	600	_
_	_	000		000	
504	4	1,630	975	3,112	714
- 8	-	-	-	- 8	-
432		1,431		1,863	70
9,279	4	3,661	1,346	14,289	784
20		7,391		7,411	
59	- -	9,389	-	9,449	-
194	-	4,262	9,805	14,261	-
1,098	-	24,064	-	25,162	-
413	_	4,139	_	4,552	_
59	-	49	-	108	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
19	-	1,956	-	1,975	-
19,583	-	68,662	121,909	210,153	-
-	-	- 222	-	2 222	211,779
-	-	3,333	- 1,314	3,333 1,314	149,299 1,484
21,444	-	123,246	133,028	277,718	362,562
(12,165)	4	(119,585)	(131,682)	(263,429)	(361,778
( ) /		( -,,	( - / /	( / - /	(,
_	_	306,524	200,000	506,524	_
-	-	-	1,072	1,072	18,844
12,862	-	6,829	5,295	24,986	348,545
(318)	(707)	(154,481)	(5,692)	(161,198)	(121)
-	-	2,190	-	2,190	-
12,544	(707)	161,061	200,675	373,573	367,267
378	(704)	41,477	68,993	110,144	5,489
26,331	1,204	(236,306)	(139,455)	(348,227)	9,621
-	-	-	-	-	-
\$ 26,709 \$	500 \$	(194,829) \$	(70,463) \$	(238,082) \$	15,110

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

		Debt Service Funds		Permanent	Funds
	Petroleum Inspection Revenue Bonds	Transportation Revenue Bonds	Total Debt Service Funds	Agricultural College	Common School
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 21,866 \$	- \$	21,866 \$	- \$	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	9
Licenses and Permits	-	100,766	100,766	-	-
Charges for Goods					
and Services	-	-	-	-	95
Investment and					
Interest Income	32	1,732	2,479	-	25,994
Fines and Forfeitures	-	-	-	-	20,769
Gifts and Donations	-	-	-	-	-
Other Revenues	-	-	70	-	2
Total Revenues	21,898	102,498	125,181	-	46,869
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Commerce	-	-	-	-	-
Education	-	-	-	-	16,030
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental Resources	-	-	-	_	-
Human Relations and					
Resources	-	-	_	_	-
General Executive	-	-	_	_	-
Judicial	-	-	_	_	-
Tax Relief and Other					
General Expenditures	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	-
Debt Service - Principal	12,070	46,870	270,719	-	-
Debt Service - Interest	10,471	60,559	220,329	-	-
Other Expenditures	· -	9	1,493	-	-
Total Expenditures	22,541	107,438	492,542	-	16,030
Excess of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	(643)	(4,940)	(367,361)	_	30,839
(Officer) Experiantices	(040)	(4,040)	(007,001)		00,000
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Long-term Debt Issued	_	-	_	_	-
Premium on Bonds	-	11,724	30,568	_	-
Transfers In	-	9	348,554	-	16,000
Transfers Out	-	(5,295)	(5,416)	_	(1,387)
Installment Purchase		,	( , ,		,
Acquisitions	-	-	-	-	-
Total Other Financing					
Sources (Uses)		6,438	373,705	-	14,613
Excess of Revenues and Other					
Sources Over (Under)					
Expenditures and Other Uses	(643)	1,499	6,345	-	45,452
Fund Balances, Beginning					
of Year	2,526	7,499	19,646	305	481,035
Increase (Decrease) in	_,•	.,	,		,
Reserve for Inventories	-	-	-	-	-
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 1,883 \$	8,997 \$	25,991 \$	305 \$	526,487
•			, ,		

Normal School   University   Historical   Benevolent   Funds   Funds   Funds   Funds   Society   Society		F	Permanent Funds			
9 38 348 244 - 9 - 348 17 5 - 507 - 26,507 44 197 - 197 17 197 - 197 11 12,769 27 197 - 197 12 249 - 715 - 47,832 708	Normal School	University	Historical Society	Benevolent	Permanent	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
9 38 348 348 348 348 26,507 44 197 - 20,769 27 197 - 197 11 12 - 3 4 197 - 197 12 24 34 4,7832 708 34 34 346 346 346 99 99						
	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	- \$		206,072
244     -     9     -     348     17       5     -     507     -     26,507     44       -     -     -     20,769     22       -     -     197     -     197     12       2     -     3     22     3     12       249     -     715     -     47,832     708       -     -     -     -     44       -     -     -     -     44       -     -     -     -     44       -     -     -     -     44       -     -     -     -     44       -     -     -     -     -       -     -     -     -     -     -       -     -     -     -     -     -       -     -     -     -     -     -       -     -     -     -     -     -       -     -     -     -     -     -       -     -     -     -     -     -       -     -     -     -     -     -       -     -     -     -     -     -	-	-	-	-		38,243
5         -         507         -         26,507         44           -         -         -         20,769         22           -         -         197         1197         112           -         -         197         -         197         12           -         -         2         -         3         4           249         -         715         -         47,832         708           -         -         -         -         -         42           -         -         -         -         -         42           -         -         -         -         -         42           -         -         -         -         -         42           -	-	-	-	-	-	360,914
	244	-	9	-	348	17,150
	5	_	507	_	26 507	40,986
- 197 - 197 12 - 2 - 3 4  249 - 715 - 47,832 706  718 - 16,748 27 718 - 16,748 27 14,748 - 16,748 27 398 398 18 18 - 18 222 222 736 - 16,766 1,646  249 - (22) - 31,066 (938 560 58 - 16,058 763 633 - (1,450) (246 633 - (1,450) (246		-		-		27,921
- 2 - 3 4 249 - 715 - 47,832 708  47,832 708  718 - 16,748 27 14,748 27 14,748 27 14,748 27	<u>-</u>	=		-		12,316
		-	2	-	3	4,539
- 718 - 16,748 27 344 344 398 99 18 - 18 222 18 - 18 222 18 - 18 222 18 - 18 222 2 - 2 23 2 - 31,066 1,646  249 - (22) - 31,066 (938) 58 - 16,058 766 58 - 16,058 766 (63) - (1,450) (246) (5) - 14,608 1,057	249	-	715	-	47,832	708,141
- 718 - 16,748 27 344 344 398 99 18 - 18 222 18 - 18 222 18 - 18 222 18 - 18 222 2 - 2 23 2 - 31,066 1,646  249 - (22) - 31,066 (938) 58 - 16,058 766 58 - 16,058 766 (63) - (1,450) (246) (5) - 14,608 1,057						
- 718 - 16,748 27 344 344 388 388 388 388 388 188 - 18 222 188 - 18 222 188 - 18 222 2 - 223 2 - 223 58 - 16,766 1,646 58 - 16,058 766 58 - 16,058 766 58 - 16,058 766 58 - 16,058 766 58 - 16,058 766 58 - 16,058 766	-	-	-	-	-	42,429
	-	-	718	-	16,748	27,972
	-	-	-	-	-	14,261
91 91	-	-	-	-	-	349,602
91 91	_	-	-	_	_	398,452
18 - 18 222 270 223 736 - 16,766 1,646  249 - (22) - 31,066 (936)  506 58 - 16,058 763 (63) - (1,450) (246) (5) - 14,608 1,057	-	-	-	-	-	91,795
18 - 18 222 270 223 736 - 16,766 1,646  249 - (22) - 31,066 (936)  506 58 - 16,058 763 (63) - (1,450) (246) (5) - 14,608 1,057	-	-	-	-	-	354
18 - 18 222 270 223 736 - 16,766 1,646  249 - (22) - 31,066 (936)  506 58 - 16,058 763 (63) - (1,450) (246) (5) - 14,608 1,057	-	-	-	-	-	1,975
	-	-	18	-	18	222,260
736 - 16,766 1,646  249 - (22) - 31,066 (938)  506  31  31  31  31  (63) - (1,450) (246)  2  (5) - 14,608 1,057	-	-	-	-		270,719
-     -     736     -     16,766     1,646       249     -     (22)     -     31,066     (936)       -     -     -     -     500       -     -     -     -     31       -     -     -     -     31       -     -     -     -     31       -     -     -     -     31       -     -     -     -     31       -     -     -     -     31       -     -     -     -     31       -     -     -     -     -       -     -     -     -     -       -     -     -     -     -       -     -     -     -     -       -     -     -     -     -       -     -     -     -     -       -     -     -     -     -       -     -     -     -     -       -     -     -     -     -       -     -     -     -     -     -       -     -     -     -     -     -       -     -     -	-	-	-	-		223,662 2,807
249     -     (22)     -     31,066     (938)       -     -     -     -     506       -     -     -     -     31       -     -     -     -     31       -     -     -     -     16,058     763       -     -     -     (63)     -     (1,450)     (246)       -     -     -     -     2       -     -     -     -     14,608     1,057       249     -     (27)     -     45,674     119			736			1,646,287
500 31 58 - 16,058 763 (63) - (1,450) (246) (5) - 14,608 1,057					,	.,0.0,20.
	249	-	(22)	-	31,066	(938,146)
58 - 16,058 763 (63) - (1,450) (246 2 (5) - 14,608 1,057 249 - (27) - 45,674 119	-	-		-		506,524 31,640
(63) - (1,450) (246) 2 14,608 1,057  249 - (27) - 45,674 119	-	-		-		763,092
2 (5) - 14,608 1,057 249 - (27) - 45,674 119	-	<del>-</del>		-		(246,071)
			, ,		,	
249 - (27) - 45,674 118		-	-		-	2,793
		<u>-</u>	(5)	-	14,608	1,057,977
	240		(27)		45.674	440.024
19,162 234 9,914 14 510,665 433	249	-	(21)	-	40,074	119,831
	19,162	234	9,914	14	510,665	433,110
	-	-	-	-	-	(68)
\$ 19,411 \$ 234 \$ 9,887 \$ 14 \$ 556,339 \$ 552	\$ 19.411 <b>\$</b>	234 \$	9.887 \$	14 \$	556.339 \$	552,872

### Budgetary Comparison Schedule Nonmajor Budgeted Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

(In Thousands)

					Special	Re	venue		,	nousunus)
		Conse	rvation	Heritag Parks and	e State		Heal Educa Loan Rep	tion	Was Manage	
		Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual		Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Unexpended Budgetary Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		-	\$ 66,598	9	3 1,069	_	\$	9	<u>\$</u>	6,352
Revenues (Inflows): Taxes Budgeted Transfers from:	\$	70,923	70,923	\$ -	-	\$	-	- \$	-	-
General Fund Nonmajor Fund Departmental		1,000 158,413	1,000 158,413	- - 142	- - 142		- - 80	- - 80	- - 100	- 100
Total Revenues		230,336	230,336	142	142		80	80	100	100
Amounts Available for Appropriation		-	296,934	_	1,211	-	_	89		6,453
Appropriations and Transfe	ers (	(Outflows)	:							
Commerce Education Environmental Resources Human Relations and		1,777 951 308,637	1,458 446 243,002	- - 34	- - 34		93 -	- 73 -	- - 30	- - 5
Resources General Executive Judicial		2,765 - -	1,849 - -	- - -	- - -		- - -	-	- - -	-
Tax Relief and Other Gener Budgeted Transfers to: General Fund	ral	6	6	-	-		-	-	-	-
Nonmajor Fund		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Total Appropriations and Transfers	\$	314,136	246,762	\$ 34	34	\$	93	73 \$	30	5
Fund Balances End of Year			50,172		1,177			16		6,448
Less Encumbrances Outstanding at June 30, 2003		_	(27,259)	_	-	<b>-</b>	_		_	-
Fund Balances, End of Year Budgetary Basis		=	\$ 22,913	\$	1,177	=	\$	16	\$	6,448

Wisco	noin										
Floor			ment	Flor	ation.		ıstrial	Self-in		Ma	diaal
Camp		and L			ction		lding	Empl Lish			edical ance Trust
											Actua
<b>.</b>											
\$	593	<u>.</u> \$	166	<u>. :</u>	\$ -		\$ 183		335		\$ 361,65
-	- :	\$ -	-	\$ -	-	\$ -	-	\$ -	-	\$ -	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
346	346	3	3	14	14	24	24	23	23	328,164	328,16
346	346	3	3	14	14	24	24	23	23	328,164	328,16
	938		168		14		207		358		689,81
		_		-		•					
-	-	-	-	-	-	40	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	200	98	362,490	362,49
700	595 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
700	595	\$ -	_	\$ -	_	\$ 40	-	\$ 200	98	\$ 362,490	362,49
	343		168		14		207		260		327,32
			-	_	-	_	-	_	-		
		_		-		•		_			\$ 327,32
	346 346 	\$ 593	Second   S	Second   S	Section   Sect	Section   Sect	Sample   S	Sample   Actual   Budget   Actual   Budget   Actual   Budget   Actual   Budget   Actual   Budget   Actual	S   593   S   166   S   -	S   593   S   166   S   -	S   593   S   166   S   S   S   183   S   335   S   335   S   S   335   S   S   335   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S

### Budgetary Comparison Schedule Nonmajor Budgeted Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

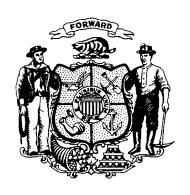
				Special	Revenue			
			Tobac	co Control	Unins Empl			Public nefits
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Unexpended Budgetary Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	9	§ 4,423_		\$ 8,771	<u>\$</u>	9,463	_	\$ 23,986
Revenues (Inflows): Taxes Budgeted Transfers from:	\$ -	- \$	-	- \$	; -	- \$	3 -	-
General Fund Nonmajor Fund		-	15,345 -	15,345 -			-	-
Departmental _	2,344	2,344	37	37	2,397	2,397	93,772	93,772
Total Revenues	2,344	2,344	15,382	15,382	2,397	2,397	93,772	93,772
Amounts Available for Appropriation	_	6,767		24,153	_	11,860	-	117,759
Appropriations and Transfe	rs (Outflows)	:						
Commerce Education Environmental Resources	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Human Relations and Resources General Executive	2,500	2,431	21,589	17,932 -	2,040	2,040	99,400	92,040
Judicial Tax Relief and Other Genera Budgeted Transfers to:	- al -	-	-	-	2	2	-	-
General Fund Nonmajor Fund		- -	2,000	2,000	- -		-	- -
Total Appropriations and Transfers	\$ 2,500	2,431 \$	23,589	19,932 \$	2,042	2,042	99,400	92,040
Fund Balances, End of Year		4,336		4,221		9,818		25,719
Less Encumbrances Outstanding at June 30, 2003	_			(3,657)	_		<u>-</u>	(1,502)
Fund Balances, End of Year Budgetary Basis	9	4,336		\$ 564	\$	9,818	_	\$ 24,217

						Specia	l Revenue					
	Media	ation	Agrico Cher Clea	nical		nemical gement	Pro	cultural ducer curity	Histo Legacy			oleum ection
Е	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
	<u> </u>	\$ 277	9	5 1,223	-	\$ 2,564		\$ 1,022	_\$	60		\$ 8,762
\$	3	3 :	\$ -	- :	\$ -	- :	\$ -	-	\$ -	-	\$ 93,686	93,686
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	- 212	- 212	- 2,842	- 2,842	- 5,462	- 5,462	- 2,518	- 2,518	- 1	- 1	- 63,892	63,892
	214	214	2,842	2,842	5,462	5,462	2,518	2,518	1	1	157,579	157,579
	_	491	_	4,064	-	8,026	_	3,540	_	61		166,341
	-	-	7,036	3,864	6,402	5,802	856	736	-	-	140,306	139,470
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,795	4,639
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	466 187	466 170
	709 -	356 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 531	- 531
	-	- -	- -	- -	-	-	-	- -	- -	- -	2,457	2,457 -
\$	709	356	\$ 7,036	3,864	\$ 6,402	5,802	\$ 856	736	\$ -	-	\$ 148,742	147,733
		135		200		2,224		2,805		61		18,608
	_	_	_		-	(50)		-	_	-		(101
	9	135	\$	3 200		\$ 2,174		\$ 2,805	\$	61		\$ 18,507

### Budgetary Comparison Schedule Nonmajor Budgeted Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

	Special Revenue								(continued)
	Envi	ronn	nental	Dry Cl Environ Resp	eaner mental		ycling	Tec	rmation nnology estment
	Budget		Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Unexpended Budgetary Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		\$	36,178	<u> </u>	5 2,891		\$ 10,128	_	\$ (2,985)
Revenues (Inflows): Taxes Budgeted Transfers from: General Fund	\$ -	-	- \$	-	-	\$ 15,428 -	15,428	\$ -	-
Nonmajor Fund Departmental	39,372	<u>-</u>	39,372	- 1,147	- 1,147	22,741	- 22,741	1	1
Total Revenues	39,372	2	39,372	1,147	1,147	38,169	38,169	1	1
Amounts Available for Appropriation			75,550	<u>-</u>	4,037		48,297	-	(2,984)
Appropriations and Transfers	(Outflows)	:							
Commerce Education Environmental Resources Human Relations and	23,297 196 38,880	3	12,073 65 23,595	- - 3,682	- - 1,414	80 492 35,117	75 452 33,545	- - -	- - -
Resources General Executive Judicial Tax Relief and Other General	413 - - -	3 - -	389 - - -	62 -	- 50 -	335 245 - -	335 205 - -	- 90 - -	- - -
Budgeted Transfers to: General Fund Nonmajor Fund	11,346		11,346 -	- -	- -	9,120 1,000	9,120 1,000	-	-
Total Appropriations and Transfers	\$ 74,133	3	47,469 \$	3,744	1,464	\$ 46,389	44,732	\$ 90	
Fund Balances, End of Year			28,081		2,573		3,565		(2,984)
Less Encumbrances Outstanding at June 30, 2003			(21,848)	_	-		(317)	<u> </u>	
Fund Balances, End of Year Budgetary Basis		\$	6,234	9	2,573		\$ 3,248	=	\$ (2,984)

		Special Re	venue				Per	manent		
Univ Ser		Budç Stabiliz		Child Tru		Historica	l Society	Commo	Common School	
Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	
<u> </u>	8,461	\$		<u>\$</u>	3 177	<u>\$</u>	9,928	-	\$ 480,220	
\$ -	- \$	-	- \$	-	- \$	-	-	\$ -	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
- 19,421	- 19,421	3	3	- 128	- 128	- 759	- 759	- 58,214	- 58,214	
19,421	19,421	3	3	128	128	759	759	58,214	58,214	
	27,882		3		305		10,687		538,434	
_	21,002			_		_	10,007	-	330,434	
7,499	4,915	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
21,871 -	20,799	-	-	-	-	825 -	800	28,500	17,417 -	
_	_	_	_	23	_	_	_	_	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
400	400	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
\$ 29,771	26,115 \$	-	- \$	23	- \$	825	800	\$ 28,500	17,417	
	1,767		3		305		9,887		521,018	
_	(1,000)	_		_	-	_	(11)	-	-	
Ş	\$ 767	\$	3	\$	305	\$	9,876		\$ 521,018	



## Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

**ENTERPRISE:** Enterprise funds account for business-like State activities that provide goods and/or services to the public and are financed primarily through user charges. The State's enterprise funds are described below:

The **State Fair Park Fund** accounts for the annual State Fair, and various year round major sports events, agricultural and industrial expositions, and other programs of civic interest. Its revenues are derived from admissions, fees, rents and sales, with no contributions from the State.

The **Homes For Veterans Fund** accounts for nursing home and assisted living facilities for veterans and their spouses. The costs associated with providing this care are funded by private pay charges, the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs and Medical Assistance.

The Mendota Mental Health Institute Fund and the Winnebago Mental Health Institute Fund account for the diagnosis, care and treatment of individuals with mental and emotional disturbances. The services are provided with funds collected from third parties and contributions from the State.

The Northern Developmental Disabilities Center Fund, the Central Developmental Disabilities Center Fund and the Southern Developmental Disabilities Center Fund account for services provided to developmentally disabled citizens with the goal of ultimately returning such persons to the community if possible. These services are provided with funds collected from third parties and contributions from the State.

The **Institutional Farm Operations Fund** accounts for the revenues and expenses associated with employing inmates in agricultural and other work activities. The associated costs are funded from farm product sales and a General Fund supplement.

The Correctional Canteen Operations Fund accounts for the program which provides goods for the education, recreation, and convenience of inmates. Charges made to inmates are the primary source of funds for these activities.

The **Lottery Fund** accounts for State managed lottery activities used to provide property tax relief to taxpayers. Revenues, which are derived from ticket sales, are used to pay winners, commissions to retailers, operating expenses and property tax relief

The **Health Insurance Risk Sharing Plan Fund** provides major medical and Medicare supplemental coverage for residents who are unable to obtain health insurance coverage in the private market. This service is funded by premiums paid by insureds of the Plan, assessments of health insurers doing business in the State, reduction of health care provider payments, and general purpose revenue from the State.

The **Local Government Property Insurance Fund** accounts for property insurance coverage provided to local governments. This insurance is financed with premiums collected from policyholders and income on investments.

The **State Life Insurance Fund** accounts for the program to provide State sponsored life insurance to residents in a manner consistent with private insurers. This insurance is financed with premiums collected from policyholders and investment earnings.

The **Income Continuation Insurance Fund** accounts for longterm and short-term disability benefits (up to 75 percent of gross salary) for employees of the State and of participating local public employers and operates on a self-insured basis.

The **Duty Disability Fund** accounts for the compensation of protective category employees of the State Retirement System for duty-related disabilities.

The Long-term Disability Insurance Fund accounts for long-term disability benefits paid to State Retirement System participants.

The **Health Insurance Fund** accounts for group health insurance plans provided on a self-insured, fee for service basis or prepaid basis to current and retired employees of the State and of participating local public employers.

The **Veterans Trust Fund** accounts for various programs for veterans, including loans and grants to individuals and organizations and the operations of the State Veterans Museum. Revenues to finance this program are primarily derived from veteran loan payments and investment income.

The **Wisconsin Education Revenue Bonds Fund** accounts for bond proceeds to provide health education loans to fulltime medical and dental students at qualifying universities or colleges.

The **Transportation Infrastructure Loan Fund** accounts for the development of innovative financing mechanisms that will more effectively use federal financial transportation resources. Federal Highway Administration funds, and interest from the fund balance and from loan recipients, are the primary revenues for this fund.

### Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Enterprise Funds June 30, 2003

(In Thousands)

	State Fair Park	Homes for Veterans	Mendota Mental Health Institute	Winnebago Mental Health Institute		Northern Developmental Disabilities Center
Assets						_
Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Receivables (net of estimated uncollectible accounts):	\$ 1,290 \$	3,235 -	\$ 1,920	\$ 26 10	\$	20
Loans Receivable Other Receivables	- 2,310	- 10,132	- 4,318	- 4,457		2,823
Due from Other Funds Due from Other Governments	-	84 2,547	2,782 434	2,627 51		5,478
Inventories Prepaid Items	109 139	814 534	325 479	533 548		196 473
Total Current Assets	3,847	17,346	10,258	8,251		8,990
Noncurrent Assets: Investments Receivables (net of estimated uncollectible accounts):	-	-	-	-		-
Loans Receivable Deferred Charges	- 190	- 17	-	-		-
Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation) Other Assets	 61,288 -	28,208	18,413	14,365		7,341
Total Noncurrent Assets	61,478	28,226	18,413	14,364		7,341
Total Assets	\$ 65,325 \$	45,572	\$ 28,671	\$ 22,615	\$	16,331
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable and Other Accrued Liabilities Due to Other Funds Due to Component Units	\$ 2,262 \$ 2,642	2,786 1,823	\$ 1,908 3,412	\$ 1,852 2,721	\$	880 3,466
Interfund Payables Due to Other Governments	- - -	- - 66	-	2,587 -		5,680 6
Tax and Other Deposits Deferred Revenue	67 1,451	26	- 9	-		-
Interest Payable	303	28	-	-		-
Short Term Notes Payable Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities: Future Benefits and Loss Liabilities	1,476	298	-	-		-
Compensated Absences	66	517	615	- 598		308
Capital Leases General Obligation Bonds Payable	90 1,599	41 100	80	33		-
Total Current Liabilities	9,956	5,684	6,024	7,792		10,341
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable and Other Accrued Liabilities Noncurrent Portion of Long-term Liabilities:	-	-	-	-		-
Future Benefits and Loss Liabilities Compensated Absences	36	- 459	- 797	730		442
Capital Leases	69	-	466	487		-
General Obligation Bonds Payable  Total Noncurrent Liabilities	 35,931 36,037	3,325 3,784	1,262	1,217		442
Total Liabilities	 45,993	9,467	7,286	9,009		10,783
Fund Equity	,	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	22,312	24,462	17,867	13,844		7,333
Restricted for Future Benefits Restricted for Other Purposes	-	-	-	-		-
Unrestricted	 (2,980)	11,642	3,518	(238	)	(1,785)
Total Fund Equity	19,332	36,105	21,384	13,606		5,548
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$ 65,325 \$	45,572	\$ 28,671	\$ 22,615	\$	16,331

Central Developmental Disabilities Center	Southern Developmental Disabilities Center	Institutional Farm Operations	Correctional Canteen Operations	Lottery	Health Insurance Risk Sharing Plan	Local Government Property Insurance
\$ 4 5	5 17 \$ -	- \$	1,286 \$	25,453 16,663	\$ 40,265 \$	11,628 -
- 5,835 10,226	- 3,927 7,251	- 386 29	- 140 3	6,220 1,936	- 1,292 418	- 1,740 -
208 621	288 472	3,206 7	1,035 15	1,040 26,554	- - 83	3,103 - -
16,895	11,954	3,629	2,480	77,866	42,058	16,470
-	-	-	-	130,836	-	12,418
-	-	-	-	-	- -	-
12,214	10,792	6,432	10	178 7,911	- -	-
12,214	10,792	6,432	10	138,925	-	12,418
\$ 29,108	22,746 \$	10,061 \$	2,490 \$	216,791	\$ 42,058 \$	28,888
\$ 1,905 \$ 4,802 11	3,894	222 \$ 74 -	218 \$ 74 -	27,351 12,888 -	\$ 3,325 \$ 33 -	933 2 -
11,496 -	5,410 -	3,651 -	-	-	-	-
- - -	- - -	- - 3	- - -	1,078	13,610	6,965 -
- 778 -	- 231 55	- 31 58	- 5 -	- 127	- 15,547 7	5,710 4
-	-	-	-	-		-
18,993	10,909	4,039	297	41,444	32,522	13,614
-	-	-	-	107,375	-	-
1,294 - -	451 825	61 216	4	- 144 - -	- 6 - -	- 9 - -
1,294	1,276	277	4	107,519	6	9
20,288	12,185	4,316	301	148,963	32,528	13,623
12,244	9,912	6,159 -	10	178	- 9,947	- 15,265
(3,423)	- 650	- (414)	2,179	67,650 -	(416)	-
8,821	10,561	5,745	2,189	67,827	9,531	15,265
\$ 29,108	22,746 \$	10,061 \$	2,490 \$	216,791	\$ 42,058 \$	28,888
						(Continued

## Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Enterprise Funds June 30, 2003

Current Assets			State Life Insurance	Income Continuation Insurance	Duty Disability	Long-term Disability Insurance
Cash and Cash Equivalents   \$ 3,797 \$ 75,177 \$ 125,141 \$ 221,897   Investments   \$ 1	Assets					
Receivables (net of estimated uncollectible accounts)   120	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,797 \$	75,177	\$ 125,141 \$	221,897
Diver Receivables	Receivables (net of estimated uncollectible accounts):		<u>-</u>	_	_	- -
Due from Other Governments	Other Receivables		1,230	,	133	
Noncurrent Assets			-	416	-	4
Total Current Assets			-	-	-	-
Noncurrent Assets:			26	-	-	-
Investments	Total Current Assets		5,053	77,309	125,274	221,954
Receivables (net of estimated uncollectible accounts   Loans Receivable   3,722	Noncurrent Assets:					
Deferred Charges			77,213	-	-	-
Deferred Charges   631			3,722	-	-	-
Total Noncurrent Assets	Deferred Charges			-	-	-
Total Assets				-	-	-
Current Liabilities	Total Noncurrent Assets		81,678	-	-	-
Current Liabilities	Total Assets	\$	86,731 \$	77,309	\$ 125,274 \$	221,954
Accounts Payable and Other Accrued Liabilities   \$ 723   \$ 681   \$ 1,927   \$ 637   \$ 30   \$ 638   \$ 77   \$ 30   \$ 100   \$ 600   \$ 77   \$ 30   \$ 100   \$ 600   \$ 77   \$ 30   \$ 100   \$ 600   \$ 77   \$ 30   \$ 100   \$ 600   \$ 77   \$ 30   \$ 100   \$ 600   \$ 77   \$ 30   \$ 100   \$ 600   \$ 77   \$ 30   \$ 100   \$ 600   \$ 77   \$ 30   \$ 30   \$ 600   \$ 77   \$ 30   \$ 30   \$ 50	Liabilities					
Due to Other Funds         9         63         77         30           Due to Component Units         -         -         -         -           Interfund Payables         -         -         -         -           Due to Other Governments         1         -         -         -         -           Tax and Other Deposits         13,899         -         -         -         -         -           Deferred Revenue         -         108         - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>						
Due to Component Units		\$	·		\$ , ,	
Due to Other Governments			-	-	-	-
Tax and Other Deposits			<del>-</del>	-	-	-
Deferred Revenue			•	-	-	-
Short Term Notes Payable	Deferred Revenue		-	108	-	-
Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities:         4,002         12,116         20,539         6,663           Compensated Absences         2         -         -         -           Capital Leases         -         -         -         -           General Obligation Bonds Payable         -         -         -         -           Total Current Liabilities         18,636         12,968         22,542         7,229           Noncurrent Liabilities:         -         -         -         -         -           Accounts Payable and Other Accrued Liabilities         -			-	-	-	-
Future Benefits and Loss Liabilities			-	-	-	-
Capital Leases General Obligation Bonds Payable         -			4,002	12,116	20,539	6,663
Total Current Liabilities			2	-	-	-
Total Current Liabilities			-	-	-	-
Noncurrent Liabilities:   Accounts Payable and Other Accrued Liabilities	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		18 636	12 968	22 542	7 229
Accounts Payable and Other Accrued Liabilities   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -			10,000	.2,000	,	.,
Future Benefits and Loss Liabilities         54,562         46,133         300,298         37,143           Compensated Absences         -	Accounts Payable and Other Accrued Liabilities		-	-	-	-
General Obligation Bonds Payable         -         <	Future Benefits and Loss Liabilities		54,562	46,133 -	300,298	37,143
Fund Equity         73,198         59,102         322,840         44,373           Fund Equity           Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt         112         -         -         -         -         -         177,581         Restricted for Future Benefits         13,420         18,207         -         177,581         Restricted for Other Purposes         -			- -	-	-	-
Fund Equity         73,198         59,102         322,840         44,373           Fund Equity           Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt         112         -         -         -         -         -         177,581           Restricted for Other Purposes         -	Total Noncurrent Liabilities		54,562	46,133	300,298	37,143
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt   112	Total Liabilities		73,198	59,102	322,840	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt   112	Fund Equity				 	
Restricted for Other Purposes Unrestricted     -     -     -     -     -       Total Fund Equity     13,533     18,207     (197,566)     177,581	Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt			-	-	-
Unrestricted (197,566) - Total Fund Equity 13,533 18,207 (197,566) 177,581			13,420	18,207	-	177,581
			-	-	- (197,566)	-
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity \$ 86.731 \$ 77.309 \$ 125.274 \$ 221.954	Total Fund Equity	_	13,533	18,207	(197,566)	177,581
	Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$	86,731 \$	77 309	\$ 125,274 \$	221,954

Health Insurance	Veterans Trust	Wisconsin Education Revenue Bonds	Transportation Infrastructure Loan	Total All Nonmajor Funds
\$ 45,714 \$ -	33,997 \$	1,311 \$	411 \$	592,589 16,673
_	7,889	411	206	8,506
10	503	-	-	47,224
160	1,088	-	-	32,503 6,135
- 61,416	59 121	-	-	7,813 91,488
 107,301	43,657	1,722	617	802,931
-	-	-	-	220,467
-	54,567	960	1,579	60,827
<del>-</del>	1 8,969	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	839 168,323
 -	<u> </u>	-	-	7,911
 <u>-</u>	63,537	960	1,579	458,367
\$ 107,301 \$	107,195 \$	2,681 \$	2,197 \$	1,261,298
\$ 1,573 \$	663 \$	365 \$	- \$	51,430
368	167 -	-	-	36,545 11
-	- -	-	-	28,824 73
-	96	-	- -	14,088
68,283	- 8	-	-	91,503 342
-	8	-	-	1,781
8,370	-	-	-	72,947
-	94	-	-	3,383 358
-	54	-	-	1,754
 78,594	1,089	365	-	303,039
_	_	_	_	107,375
-	- 91	- -	-	438,137 4,524
-	- 940	-	-	2,063 40,196
	1,030	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	592,295
78,594	2,120	365	-	895,333
-	7,969	-	-	122,402
28,707	- -	-	-	263,127 67,650
-	97,106	2,317	2,197	(87,214
 28,707	105,075	2,317	2,197	365,965
\$ 107,301 \$	107,195 \$	2,681 \$	2,197 \$	1,261,298

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Equity - Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

(In Thousands)

	State Fair Park	Homes for Veterans	Mendota Mental Health Institute	Winnebago Mental Health Institute	Northern Developmental Disabilities Center
Operating Revenues:	\$ 15,802 \$	EC 600	25 240 . Ф	24 627	£ 24.440
Charges for Goods and Services Participant and Employer Contributions	φ 15,002 φ	56,699 \$	25,319 \$	24,637	\$ 31,410
Investment and Interest Income	-	-	-	-	-
Other Income	_	_	_	_	_
Total Operating Revenues	15,802	56,700	25,319	24,637	31,410
Operating Expenses:					
Personal Services	4,303	37,390	40,502	35,888	25,175
Supplies and Services	10,979	9,251	9,930	8,903	4,565
Lottery Prize Awards	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation	2,619	1,875	1,109	908	1,045
Benefit Expense	-	-	-	-	-
Interest Expense	-	-	-	-	-
Other Expenses	11				-
Total Operating Expenses	17,913	48,516	51,541	45,699	30,785
Operating Income (Loss)	(2,111)	8,184	(26,222)	(21,062)	625
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):					
Operating Grants	-	27	95	55	-
Investment and Interest Income	13	-	-	-	4
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets	-	(5)	-	-	-
Interest Expense	(901)	(40)	(42)	(21)	-
Other Revenues	18	251	468	453	163
Other Expenses:					
Property Tax Credits	-	-	-	-	-
Grants Disbursed	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(871)	233	522	488	168
Income (Loss) before Transfers	(2,982)	8,417	(25,701)	(20,575)	793
Capital Contributions	_	2,071	_	_	-
Transfers In	6,021	726	27,111	19,139	84
Transfers Out	(2,629)	(1,319)	(1,276)	(1,582)	(2,548)
Net Change in Fund Equity	410	9,894	135	(3,018)	(1,671)
Total Fund Equity-Beginning of Year	18,922	26,210	21,249	16,624	7,219
Total Fund Equity-End of Year	\$ 19,332 \$	36,105 \$	21,384 \$	13,606	\$ 5,548

	Central Developmental Disabilities Center	Southern Developmental Disabilities Center	Institutional Farm Operations	Correctional Canteen Operations	Lottery	Health Insurance Risk Sharing Plan	Local Government Property Insurance
\$	57,358 \$	40,892 \$	4,016 \$	10,740 \$	435,038 \$	92,371 \$	12,638
	-	-	-	-	-	-	902
	-	-	-	21	82	-	1
	57,358	40,892	4,016	10,761	435,120	92,371	13,541
	43,979	31,569	1,525	839	5,819	308	89
	10,149	5,908	2,743	9,873	58,806	4,155	1,005
	-	-	-	<del>-</del>	248,520	-	-
	1,017	1,075	315	1	64	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	85,888	14,852
	-	-	-	- 38	- 76	- 113	97
-	 55,145	38,552	4,583	10,751	313,285	90,465	16,044
_	2,213	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		10,751		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
_	2,213	2,340	(567)	10	121,834	1,907	(2,503)
	127	-	_	_	_	_	-
	-	-	-	-	10,671	350	-
	(11)	5	-	-	-	-	-
	-	(38)	(11)	-	(1)	-	-
	226	71	-	11	13	-	-
	-	-	-	-	(105,767)	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	342	(8)	(11)		(95,083)	350	
-	J42		(11)	11	(93,003)	330	
	2,555	2,369	(578)	21	26,751	2,256	(2,503)
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1,902	186	1,378	606	1,185	10,242	-
_	(3,591)	(2,857)	(51)	(433)	(23,977)	(5)	-
	866	(301)	748	194	3,960	12,494	(2,503)
	7,954	10,862	4,997	1,995	63,868	(2,963)	17,768
\$	8,821 \$	10,561 \$	5,745 \$	2,189 \$	67,827 \$	9,531 \$	15,265

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Equity - Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

		State Life Insurance	Income Continuation Insurance	Duty Disability	Long-term Disability Insurance
Operating Revenues:					
Charges for Goods and Services	\$	2,191 \$	- \$	- \$	_
Participant and Employer Contributions	*	-,	10,390	37,924	-
Investment and Interest Income		10,660	3,615	5,335	7,918
Other Income		6	-	11	1
Total Operating Revenues		12,857	14,005	43,270	7,919
Operating Expenses:					
Personal Services		258	-	-	-
Supplies and Services		258	1,358	-	669
Lottery Prize Awards		-	-	-	-
Depreciation		33	-	-	-
Benefit Expense		3,991	13,300	24,710	15,664
Interest Expense		618	-	-	-
Other Expenses		1,594	466	494	183
Total Operating Expenses		6,752	15,124	25,204	16,516
Operating Income (Loss)		6,105	(1,119)	18,065	(8,597)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):					
Operating Grants		_	-	-	-
Investment and Interest Income		-	-	-	-
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets		-	-	-	-
Interest Expense		-	-	-	-
Other Revenues		-	-	-	-
Other Expenses:					
Property Tax Credits		-	-	-	-
Grants Disbursed		-	-	-	-
Other		-	-	-	-
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		-	-	-	-
Income (Loss) before Transfers		6,105	(1,119)	18,065	(8,597)
Capital Contributions		-	-	-	-
Transfers In		-	-	-	-
Transfers Out		(4)			
Net Change in Fund Equity		6,101	(1,119)	18,065	(8,597)
Total Fund Equity-Beginning of Year		7,432	19,326	(215,631)	186,178
Total Fund Equity-End of Year	\$	13,533 \$	18,207 \$	(197,566) \$	177,581

 Health Insurance	Veterans Trust	Wisconsin Education Revenue Bonds	Transportation Infrastructure Loan	Total All Nonmajor Funds
\$ 47 \$	228 \$	- \$	- \$	809,387
768,213	4 000	-	-	816,527
948 1	4,226	168	73	33,845 123
 769,210	4,454	168	73	1,659,882
 700,210	т,тот	100	10	1,000,002
-	4,256	-	-	231,900
-	1,886	72	-	140,512
-	600	-	-	248,520 10,661
- 757,997	000	-	-	916,403
737,997	-	-	-	618
3,997	263	8	_	7,341
 761,995	7,004	80	-	1,555,955
7,215	(2,550)	88	73	103,927
	, ,			
-	62	-	30	397
-	527	13	-	11,578
-	-	-	-	(11)
-	(50)	-	-	(1,105)
-	70	-	-	1,744
-	-	-	-	(105,767)
-	(6,133)	-	-	(6,133)
 -	-	-	-	(8)
 -	(5,524)	13	30	(99,305)
7,215	(8,074)	101	103	4,622
-	-	-	-	2,071
-	44	-	-	68,624
<u> </u>	(67)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(40,338)
7,215	(8,097)	101	103	34,980
21,491	113,172	2,216	2,094	330,986
\$ 28,707 \$	105,075 \$	2,317 \$	2,197 \$	365,965

### Combining Statement of Cash Flows - Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

(In Thousands)

	State Fair Park	Homes for Veterans	Mendota Mental Health Institute	Winnebago Mental Health Institute	Northern Developmental Disabilities Center
Out Standard Country Aut Was					33
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash Receipts from Customers \$ Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services Cash Payments to Employees for Services	15,708 \$ (11,352) (4,293)	47,137 \$ (8,863) (37,363)	26,123 \$ (10,033) (41,820)	23,537 \$ (8,668) (40,203)	25,858 (4,980) (25,309)
Cash Payments for Lottery Prizes Cash Payments for Loans Originated	-	-	-	-	-
Collection of Loans Interest Income Cash Payments for Benefits	-	-	-	-	-
Other Operating Revenues Other Operating Expenses	- (11)	- -	-	-	-
Other Sources of Cash Other Uses of Cash	18	254 -	1,459 -	3,498	281
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	69	1,167	(24,271)	(21,836)	(4,151)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:					
Operating Grants Receipts Grants for Loans to Governments	-	27	78 -	48	-
Grants Disbursed Interest Payments	-	- -	-	-	
Property Tax Credit Payments Interfund Loans Received	- -	-	-	- 2,587	-
Interfund Loans Repaid Interfund Borrowings to Other Funds	-	-	-	-	-
Repayment of Interfund Borrowings Transfers In	- 6,021	- 630	- 27,087	- 19,100	5,680 84
Transfers Out Other Cash Inflows from Noncapital	(266)	(1,317)	(1,286)	(701)	(2,548)
Financing Activities Other Cash Outflows from Noncapital Financing Activities:	-	-	-	-	-
Other  Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital	-	-	-	-	-
Financing Activities	5,755	(660)	25,879	21,035	3,217
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:	00.400				
Proceeds from Issuance of Long-term Debt Capital Contributions	20,432	2,235 2,071	-	-	-
Repayment of Long-term Debt Interest Payments	(961) (936)	(18) (77)	(44)	(21)	-
Capital Lease Obligations Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets Payments for Purchase of Capital Assets	(88) - (23,954)	(40) - (4,337)	(84) - (1,705)	(30) - (214)	- - (114)
Other Cash Inflows from Capital Financing Activities Other Cash Outflows from Capital Financing Activities	(148)	12 (28)			- -
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(5,655)	(183)	(1,833)	(266)	(114)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Proceeds from Sale and Maturities of					
Investment Securities Purchase of Investment Securities	-	-	-	-	-
Cash Payments for Loans Originated Collection of Loans	- -	- - -	- -	- -	-
Investment and Interest Receipts	13	-	-	-	4
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	13	-	-	-	4
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	182	324	(224)	(1,067)	(1,044)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	1,108	2,911	2,145	1,093	1,064
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year \$	1,290 \$	3,235 \$	1,920 \$	26 \$	20

Local Government Property Insurance	Health Insurance Risk Sharing Plan	Lottery	Correctional Canteen Operations	Institutional Farm Operations	Southern Developmental Disabilities Center	Central Developmental Disabilities Center
14,10 <sup>4</sup> (990 (89	96,471 \$ (4,299) (279)	431,629 \$ (28,755) (5,728) (263,785)	10,722 \$ (9,963) (901)	3,895 \$ (2,788) (1,505)	35,344 \$ (6,844) (31,572)	46,820 \$ (10,312) (43,259)
	-	-	-	-	-	-
(17,355	- (87,071)	-	- -	-	-	- -
	-	1,700	31 (38)	-	-	-
(83	(108)	(31,348)	-	. <del>.</del>	1,098	273
(4,413	4,713	103,713	(149)	(43) (441)	(1,974)	(6,478)
(1,110	1,7 10	100,710	(1.10)	(111)	(1,51-1)	(0,110)
	-	-	-	-	-	127
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	(106,042)	-	-	-	-
	-	(100,042)	-	- (400)	-	-
•	-	-	-	(433)	- -	-
• •	10,242 -	1,589 (22,645)	606 (434)	1,378 (51)	5,078 186 (2,857)	9,716 1,902 (3,591)
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	(7)	-	-	-
	10,242	(127,097)	165	893	2,407	8,154
	-	-	_	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	(12)	(38)	-
•	-	1	-	(89)	(58) 11	2
	-	(6)	- -	(105)	(411) -	(1,767)
	-	-	-	(247)	-	-
	-	(5)	-	(452)	(496)	(1,765)
3,000		16 646				
3,000	-	16,646 -	-	-	-	-
•	<del>-</del> -	<del>-</del> -	-	<del>-</del> -	-	-
998	350	839			-	
3,998	350	17,485	<u>-</u>	<del>-</del>	<u>-</u>	-
(415	15,305	(5,905)	15	-	(63)	(89)
12,042	24,960	31,358	1,271	-	80	94
11,62	40,265 \$	25,453 \$	1,286 \$	- \$	17 \$	4 \$

### Combining Statement of Cash Flows - Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

	State Life Insurance	Income Continuation Insurance	Duty Disability	Long-term Disability Insurance
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:				
Cash Receipts from Customers Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services Cash Payments to Employees for Services	\$ 2,192 \$ (3,939) (299)	10,399 \$ (1,856) -	37,924 \$ (550)	(880)
Cash Payments for Lottery Prizes Cash Payments for Loans Originated Collection of Loans	- -	- - -	-	-
Interest Income Cash Payments for Benefits	(2,407)	(12,777)	(21,992)	(6,268)
Other Operating Revenues Other Operating Expenses Other Sources of Cash	6 (256)	- - -	- - -	(0,200) - - -
Other Uses of Cash	-	-	-	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(4,703)	(4,234)	15,382	(7,148)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:				
Operating Grants Receipts Grants for Loans to Governments	-	- -	-	-
Grants Disbursed Interest Payments	(618)	-	-	-
Property Tax Credit Payments Interfund Loans Received	-	-	-	-
Interfund Loans Repaid Interfund Borrowings to Other Funds Repayment of Interfund Borrowings	- - -	- - -	-	-
Transfers In Transfers Out	- (4)	- -	-	-
Other Cash Inflows from Noncapital Financing Activities Other Cash Outflows from Noncapital	-	-	-	-
Financing Activities: Other	-	-	-	-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	(622)	-	-	-
Cash Flows from Capital and Related				
Financing Activities: Proceeds from Issuance of Long-term Debt	-	-	-	-
Capital Contributions Repayment of Long-term Debt	-	-	-	-
Interest Payments	-	-	-	-
Capital Lease Obligations Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	-	-	-	-
Payments for Purchase of Capital Assets	(52)	-	-	-
Other Cash Inflows from Capital Financing Activities Other Cash Outflows from Capital Financing Activities	-	<del>-</del> -	- -	-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(52)	-	-	-
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Proceeds from Sale and Maturities of				
Investment Securities Purchase of Investment Securities	16,238 (18,651)	<del>-</del> -	-	-
Cash Payments for Loans Originated Collection of Loans Investment and Interest Receipts	(206) 290 8,197	3,969	- - 5,335	- - 7,914
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	5,868	3,969	5,335	7,914
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and		5,505		·
Cash Equivalents	490	(265)	20,718	765
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	3,306	75,442	104,424	221,132
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	3,797 \$	75,177 \$	125,141 \$	221,897

Total All Nonmajor Funds	Transportation Infrastructure Loan	Wisconsin Education Revenue Bonds	Veterans Trust	Health Insurance
1,614,647	- \$	- \$	228 \$	786,557 \$
(135,322) (236,812)	-	(72)	(2,306) (4,190)	(17,872)
(263,785)	- -	- -	-	- -
(19,372) 21,374	- 56	- 547	(19,372) 20,771	-
4,440	26	168	4,245	- -
(906,992)	-	-	-	(759,122)
1,786 (32,004)	-	(13)	(146)	49
6,882	-	-	-	-
(43) 54,799	83	- 629	(770)	9,612
04,730		023	(110)	5,512
<b>.</b>				
344 30	30	- -	62	<del>-</del>
(6,393)	-	-	(6,393)	-
(618) (106,042)	-	-	-	-
2,587	-	-	-	-
(433) 5,795	-	-	-	- 5,795
20,474	- -	-	- -	5,795
68,825	-	-	- (67)	-
(35,766)	-	-	(67)	-
130	-	-	130	-
(7)	-	-	-	-
(51,075)	30	-	(6,268)	5,795
22,668 2,071	-	-	1 -	- -
(1,031)	-	-	(52)	-
(1,129) (389)	<del>-</del>	-	- -	- -
14	-	-	-	-
(32,852) 14	-	-	(187) 2	- -
(603)	-	-	(180)	-
(11,238)	-	-	(416)	-
35,884	-	-	-	-
(18,651) (206)	-	-	-	-
290	-	-	-	-
29,107	-	13	527	948
46,423	-	13	527	948
38,908	113	641	(6,927)	16,355
553,680	298	669	40,925	29,359
592,589	411 \$	1,311 \$	33,997 \$	45,714 \$

### Combining Statement of Cash Flows - Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

					(Continued)
	State Fair Park	Homes for Veterans	Mendota Mental Health Institute	Winnebago Mental Health Institute	Northern Developmental Disabilities Center
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operations:					
Operating Income (Loss) \$	(2,111) \$	8,184 \$	(26,222) \$	(21,062) \$	625
Adjustment to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to					
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:					
Depreciation	2.619	1.875	1,109	908	1.045
Provision for Uncollectible Accounts	11		.,	-	.,0.0
Operating Income (Investment Income)					
Classified as Investing Activity	_	_	_	_	_
Operating Expense (Interest Expense)					
Classified as Noncapital Financing Activity					
Miscellaneous Nonoperating Income (Expense)	18	254	468	453	100
	10	204	400	453	100
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	455	(0.705)	0.470	4.040	400
Decrease (Increase) in Receivables	155	(9,785)	3,476	1,013	139
Decrease (Increase) in Due from	40		(0.0.40)	(4.050)	(= 00=)
Other Funds	13	32	(2,346)	(1,859)	(5,307)
Decrease (Increase) in Due from Other Governments		207	-	(51)	
Decrease (Increase) in Inventories	(57)	115	(41)	15	97
Decrease (Increase) in Prepaid Items	(13)	(88)	(17)	(59)	(24)
Decrease (Increase) in Other Assets	=	-	-	-	=
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable					
and Other Accrued Liabilities	673	224	(12)	187	(498)
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences	10	74	270	222	(11)
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Funds	(987)	38	(956)	(1,603)	(317)
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Component Units	-	-	-	-	-
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Governments	-	36	-	-	-
Increase (Decrease) in Tax and Other Deposits	(23)	-	-	-	-
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Revenue	(240)	-	(1)	-	-
Increase (Decrease) in Future Benefits and					
Loss Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
Total Adjustments	2,180	(7,017)	1,951	(774)	(4,776)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities \$	69 \$	1,167 \$	(24,271) \$	(21,836) \$	(4,151)
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities:			·	,	
Capital Leases (Initial Year):					
Fair Market Value \$	- \$	250 \$	- \$	- \$	-
Current Year Cash Receipts (Payments)	-	(43)	-	-	-
Contributions/Transfer In (Out) of Noncash Assets		\ -/			
and Liabilities from/to other Funds	-	705	_	_	(8)
Net change in unrealized gains and losses	_	-	_	-	-
Other	-	-	(2)	-	-
			\ <del>-</del> /		

Central Developmental Disabilities Center	Southern Developmental Disabilities Center	Institutional Farm Operations	Correctional Canteen Operations	Lottery	Health Insurance Risk Sharing Plan	Local Government Property Insurance
\$ 2,213 \$	2,340 \$	(567) \$	10 \$	121,834 \$	1,907 \$	(2,503)
1,017	1,075 -	315 -	1 -	64 -	<u>-</u>	- -
-	-	-	-	-	-	(902)
- 186	- 77	(43)	- 11	- -	- (5)	-
(410)	(303)	(121)	(24)	(3,685)	(151)	(1,145)
(10,094)	(5,158)	-	(1)	10	963	- (2.205)
37 (45)	(52) (78)	(57) (1)	(152) 4 -	(191) (11) 1,700	- (24) -	(2,385) - - -
194 279 135	(73) 44 153	1 16 17	(8) 1 9	(16,879) 56 106	1,896 6 (3,268)	243 1
11 -	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-		-	(2) 710	3,139	3,637
-	-	-	-	-	251	(1,357)
(8,691)	(4,314)	126	(160)	(18,122)	2,806	(1,910)
\$ (6,478) \$	(1,974) \$	(441) \$	(149) \$	103,713 \$	4,713 \$	(4,413)
\$ - <b>\$</b> -	939 \$ (58)	34 \$ (4)	- <b>\$</b> -	- \$ -	- <b>\$</b> -	
916 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	9,526 13	- - -	(3)
						(Continued)

### Combining Statement of Cash Flows - Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

	State Life Insurance	Income Continuation Insurance	Duty Disability	Long-term Disability Insurance
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operations:				
Operating Income (Loss)	6,105 \$	(1,119) \$	18,065 \$	(8,597)
Adjustment to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to				
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				
Depreciation	33	-	-	-
Provision for Uncollectible Accounts	-	-	-	-
Operating Income (Investment Income)	(10.000)	(0.045)	(5.005)	(= 0.40)
Classified as Investing Activity	(10,660)	(3,615)	(5,335)	(7,918)
Operating Expense (Interest Expense)	040			
Classified as Noncapital Financing Activity Miscellaneous Nonoperating Income (Expense)	618	-	-	-
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	-	-	-	-
Decrease (Increase) in Receivables	1	(745)	35	(28)
Decrease (Increase) in Due from	·	(/ 10)	00	(20)
Other Funds	_	(7)	_	-
Decrease (Increase) in Due from Other Governments	-	-	-	-
Decrease (Increase) in Inventories	-	-	-	-
Decrease (Increase) in Prepaid Items	(13)	-	-	-
Decrease (Increase) in Other Assets	-	-	-	-
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable				
and Other Accrued Liabilities	(3,681)	(28)	122	(36)
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences	(1)	-	-	-
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Funds	(27)	(32)	(66)	(30)
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Component Units Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Governments	-	-	-	-
Increase (Decrease) in Tax and Other Deposits	1.327	-	-	-
Increase (Decrease) in Tax and Other Deposits	1,327	16	-	_
Increase (Decrease) in Future Benefits and		10		
Loss Liabilities	1,584	1,297	2,562	9,460
Total Adjustments	(10,808)	(3,115)	(2,683)	1,449
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities \$	, , ,	(4,234) \$	15,382 \$	(7,148)
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities:	(1,1.55)	(1,101)	.0,002 ¥	(,,
Capital Leases (Initial Year):				
Fair Market Value \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
Current Year Cash Receipts (Payments)	-	-	-	-
Contributions/Transfer In (Out) of Noncash Assets				
and Liabilities from/to other Funds	-	=	-	-
Net change in unrealized gains and losses	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-

Health Insurance	Veterans Trust	Wisconsin Education Revenue Bonds	Transportation Infrastructure Loan	Total All Nonmajor Funds
\$ 7,215 \$	(2,550) \$	88 \$	73 \$	103,927
-	600 65	-	-	10,661 76
-		-	-	
(948)	-	-	-	(29,378)
-	-	-	-	618 1,518
(1)	1,320	547	10	(9,702)
(21)	97	-	-	(23,677) (2,230)
-	(11)	-	-	(296)
(8,533)	8 -	- -	-	(8,894) 1,700
(1,085)	(406)	(6)	-	(19,174)
-	30	-	-	997
(5,340)	23	-	- -	(12,145) 11
-	-	-	-	36
- 18,365	55	-	-	1,357 25,637
 (40)	- 4 700	-	- 40	13,757
 2,397	1,780	541	10	(49,128)
\$ 9,612 \$	(770) \$	629 \$	83 \$	54,799
\$ - \$ -	- \$ -	- <b>\$</b> -	- \$ -	1,222 (106)
-	-	-	-	1,613
-	-	-	-	9,523
-	-	-	-	11



### **Internal Service Funds**

**INTERNAL SERVICE:** Internal service funds account for the operations of State agencies which render services to other State agencies, institutions, or other governmental units on a costreimbursement basis. The State's internal service funds are described below:

The **Technology Services Fund** accounts for computer and telephone services provided to State and local governmental agencies and school systems. The moneys to finance these services come from computing service charges and telephone and data network charges.

The **Fleet Services Fund** accounts for the costs associated with providing vehicle and aircraft services to State agencies. Moneys to finance these services come from user fees and the sale of used vehicles.

The **Financial Services Fund** accounts for the costs associated with providing accounting, auditing, payroll and other financial services to State agencies. Moneys to finance these services come from State agency user fees.

The Facilities Operations and Maintenance Fund accounts for the costs of operating State-owned facilities including utilities, heat, protective services, custodial and maintenance services and minor repair projects. The moneys to finance these costs are supplied from rents charged for facility and parking use and a general purpose revenue supplement for maintenance of the capitol and executive residence.

The **Risk Management Fund** accounts for the costs of losses for damage to property owned by agencies, personal injury or property damage liabilities incurred by a State officer, agent or employee, and workers' compensation costs for State employees. Moneys to finance these costs come from charges to State agencies.

The **Badger State Industries Fund** accounts for the program which gives inmates work experience in manufacturing goods and providing services. The sale of goods and services provides the moneys necessary to run the program.

### Combining Balance Sheet - Internal Service Funds June 30, 2003

		Technology Services	Fleet Services		Financial Services
Assets					
Current Assets:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables (net of estimated uncollectible accounts):	\$	8,617	\$ -	\$	1,328
Other Receivables		24	-		-
Due from Other Funds		13,902	1,830		394
Due from Component Units Due from Other Governments		81 187	110 37		-
Inventories		496	57 59		-
Prepaid Items		11,908	29		27
Deferred Charges		-	-		-
Total Current Assets		35,215	2,065		1,749
Noncurrent Assets:					
Prepaid Items		14,293	-		-
Advances to Other Funds Deferred Charges		2,984	-		-
Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		9,299	36,422		282
Total Noncurrent Assets	-	26,576	36,422		282
Total Assets	\$	61,791	\$ 38,487	\$	2,031
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable and Other Accrued Liabilities Due to Other Funds	\$	10,167 732	\$ 724 349	\$	155 251
Due to Component Units Interfund Payables		-	37,846		-
Due to Other Governments		3	8		-
Deferred Revenue		4,498	-		-
Interest Payable		375	-		-
Short-term Notes Payable Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities:		-	-		-
Future Benefits and Loss Liabilities		-	-		-
Capital Leases		3,347	-		-
Installment Contract Payable		252	-		-
Compensated Absences General Obligation Bonds Payable		421	51		100
Total Current Liabilities	_	19,795	38,977		505
		10,700	30,311		303
Noncurrent Liabilities: Accounts Payable and Other Accrued Liabilities		11,872	_		_
Deferred Revenue		5,637	-		-
Noncurrent Portion of Long-term Liabilities:					
Future Benefits and Loss Liabilities		- 4 074	-		-
Capital Leases Installment Contract Payable		1,674 757	278		-
Compensated Absences		835	46		259
General Obligation Bonds Payable		-	-		-
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	-	20,775	324		259
Total Liabilities		40,570	39,301		764
Fund Equity					
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt		3,269	-		282
Unrestricted		17,952	(814	)	985
Total Fund Equity		21,221	(814	<i>'</i>	1,267
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$	61,791	\$ 38,487	\$	2,031

	Facilities Operations and Maintenance	Risk Management	Badger State Industries	Totals
\$	18,101 \$	2,340 \$	4,755 \$	35,142
	18 7,685 74	- 9 -	327 2,860	368 26,680 266
	24 1,286 138 -	- - 14 -	17 4,260 69 7	265 6,102 12,185 7
	27,327	2,363	12,295	81,014
	- - 804 260,313	- - - 101	- - - 4,109	14,293 2,984 804 310,527
Ф.	261,116	101 2,465 \$	4,109 16,404 \$	328,607 409,621
\$	288,443 \$	2,403 \$	10,404 \$	409,621
\$	3,353 \$ 2,461	656 \$ 31	597 \$ 719 3	15,652 4,542 3
	- 90 - 1,368	- - -	- - - 15	37,846 100 4,498
	31,110	- -	16	1,758 31,126
	- - - 360	23,475 - - 25	- 106 - 106	23,475 3,453 252 1,063
	7,402	-	93	7,495
	46,143	24,186	1,656	131,263
	- -	:	<u>:</u>	11,872 5,637
	- - -	94,790 - -	- 253 -	94,790 2,204 757
	332 164,926	14 -	101 1,123	1,587 166,049
-	165,258	94,804	1,477	282,897
	211,401	118,991	3,133	414,160
	68,584 8,458	- (116,526)	2,518 10,753	74,653 (79,192)
	77,042	(116,526)	13,271	(4,539)
\$	288,443 \$	2,465 \$	16,404 \$	409,621

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Equity - Internal Service Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

		Technology Services	Fleet Services	Financial Services
Operating Revenues:				
	\$	131,898 \$	14,078	\$ 9,377
Investment and Interest Income Other Income		1,070	33	- -
Total Operating Revenues		132,968	14,111	9,377
Operating Expenses:				
Personal Services		17,131	2,498	3,279
Supplies and Services		89,488	7,501	4,585
Depreciation Benefit Expense		7,278 -	6,070	1,019
Total Operating Expenses		113,897	16,069	8,883
Operating Income (Loss)		19,071	(1,958)	494
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):				
Investment and Interest Income		13	-	-
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets		-	(48)	-
Interest Expense		(1,232)	(5)	(1)
Other Revenues		24	-	6
Other Expenses		(2,984)		<u>-</u> _
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(4,179)	(52)	5
Net Income (Loss)		14,892	(2,010)	499
Transfers In		30	719	-
Transfers Out		(11,887)	(209)	(1,703)
Net Change in Fund Equity	_	3,035	(1,500)	(1,204)
Total Fund Equity - Beginning		18,187	686	2,471
Total Fund Equity - Ending	\$	21,221 \$	(814)	\$ 1,267

Facilities Operations and Maintenance	Risk Management	Badger State Industries	Totals
\$ 49,277 \$	20,569 \$	24,131 \$	249,330
-	-	1 -	1 1,103
49,277	20,569	24,132	250,434
16,680 17,712 8,618	1,155 2,959 57 30,527	5,742 18,484 395	46,485 140,730 23,437 30,527
43,009	34,698	24,622	241,178
6,268	(14,129)	(490)	9,256
8 3,259 (8,784) 349	- - - 23	1 2 (70)	21 3,213 (10,091) 403 (2,984)
(5,168)	23	(67)	(9,437)
1,100	(14,106)	(556)	(181)
9,450 (12,491)	(423)	38 (1,381)	10,237 (28,095)
(1,942)	(14,529)	(1,899)	(18,040)
78,984	(101,997)	15,171	13,501
\$ 77,042 \$	(116,526) \$	13,271 \$	(4,539)

### Combining Statement of Cash Flows - Internal Service Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

		Technology Services	Fleet Services	Financial Services
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:				
Cash Receipts from Customers	\$	140,434 \$	14,996 \$	9,255
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	•	(99,991)	(7,414)	(4,928)
Cash Payments to Employees for Services		(16,987)	(2,487)	(3,151)
Cash Payments for Benefits		-	-	-
Other Operating Revenues		3,293	33	_
Other Sources of Cash		24	-	_
Other Uses of Cash		(2,984)	-	6
Net Cash Provided (Used)		· · ·		
by Operating Activities		23,789	5,127	1,181
Cash Flows from Noncapital				
Financing Activities:				
Interfund Loans Repaid		-	(7,559)	-
Interfund Advances Collected		24	-	-
Transfers In		30	719	-
Transfers Out		(11,887)	(209)	(1,703)
Net Cash Provided (Used)				
by Noncapital Financing Activities		(11,834)	(7,049)	(1,703)
Cash Flows from Capital and				
Related Financing Activities:				
Proceeds from Issuance of Long-term Debt		-	-	-
Repayment of Long-term Debt		-	-	-
Repayment of Short-term Notes		-	-	-
Interest Payments		(1,441)	(5)	(1)
Capital Lease Obligations		(3,432)	(23)	-
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		-	3,159	-
Payments for Purchase of Capital Assets		(838)	(1,210)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related		(= <b>-</b> 44)	4.000	(4)
Financing Activities		(5,711)	1,922	(1)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:				
Investment and Interest Receipts		13	=	-
Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities		13	-	-
Net Increase (Decrease) in				
Cash and Cash Equivalents		6,256	-	(522)
Cash and Cash Equivalents,		2.361		1 051
Beginning of Year	-	2,301	=	1,851
Cash and Cash Equivalents,				
End of Year	\$	8,617 \$	0 \$	1,328

C	Facilities perations and aintenance	Risk Management	Badger State Industries	Totals
\$	51,688 \$	20,759 \$	23,456 \$	260,587
	(17,460)	(3,729)	(16,155)	(149,676)
	(16,651)	(1,154)	(5,741)	(46,173)
	-	(24,084)	-	(24,084) 3,325
	349	23		3,323
	-	-	-	(2,978)
	17,926	(8,184)	1,560	41,399
	-	-	-	(7,559)
	-	-	-	24
	8,627	<del>-</del>	38	9,414
	(12,491)	(423)	(1,381)	(28,095)
	(3,864)	(423)	(1,343)	(26,216)
	16,252	-	726	16,978
	(7,730)	-	(80)	(7,810)
	(21,893)	-	<del>-</del>	(21,893)
	(8,994)	-	(60)	(10,501)
	- 8,986	-	(106)	(3,560) 12,145
	(15,382)	- -	(596)	(18,026)
	(28,761)	-	(116)	(32,667)
	8	<u>-</u>	-	21
	8	-	-	21
	(14,691)	(8,608)	101	(17,463)
	32,792	10,948	4,654	52,606
	•	•	•	,
\$	18,101 \$	2,340 \$	4,755 \$	35,142

(Continued)

### Combining Statement of Cash Flows - Internal Service Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

(Continued)

	Technology Services	Fleet Services	Financial Services
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:			
Operating Income (Loss)	19,071 \$	(1,958) \$	494
Adjustment to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to			
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:			
Depreciation	7,278	6,070	1,019
Miscellaneous Nonoperating Income (Expense)	(2,960)	(14)	6
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:			
Decrease (Increase) in Receivables	284	14	-
Decrease (Increase) in Due from Other Funds	8,470	978	(122)
Decrease (Increase) in Due from Component Units	(32)	(51)	-
Decrease (Increase) in Due from Other Governments	(187)	(24)	-
Decrease (Increase) in Inventories	98	99	-
Decrease (Increase) in Prepaid Items	2,675	(1)	(3)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Other			
Accrued Liabilities	(7,403)	3	(46)
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences	297	16	119
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Funds	(6,027)	67	(285)
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Component Units	-	-	-
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Governments	3	(73)	-
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Revenue	2,222	-	-
Increase (Decrease) in Future Benefits and Loss Liabilities	-	-	-
Total Adjustments	4,718	7,085	687
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities \$	23,789 \$	5,127 \$	1,181
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities  Solution  Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities:	23,789 \$	5,127 \$	1,
Capital Leases (Initial Year):			
Fair Market Value \$	- \$	314 \$	-
Other	-	-	-

Op	acilities perations and intenance	Risk Management	Badger State Industries	Totals
\$	6,268 \$	(14,129) \$	(490) \$	9,256
	8,618	57	395	23,437
	350	23	(702)	(3,297
	5	-	(48)	255
	2,478	190	22	12,015
	(74)	-	3	(154
	2	-	17	(192
	(342)	-	2,259	2,114
	(5)	(2)	15	2,679
	361	(212)	(193)	(7,490
	(11)	2	52	475
	271	(557)	256	(6,274
	-	-	3	3
	6	-	(11)	(76
	-	-	(18)	2,204
	-	6,443	-	6,443
	11,659	5,945	2,049	32,143
\$	17,926 \$	(8,184) \$	1,560 \$	41,399

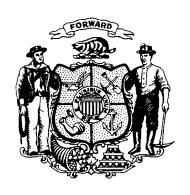
- \$

\$

- \$

314 2

- \$ 2



# **Fiduciary Funds**

**FIDUCIARY:** Fiduciary funds are maintained to account for assets held by the State acting in the capacity as a trustee or agent. The State's fiduciary funds, consisting of pension and other employee benefit trust, investment trust, private-purpose trust, and agency funds, are described below:

#### PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS:

Pension and other employee benefit trust funds are used to report resources that are required to be held in trust for members and benficiaries of the public employee retirement system or other employee benefit plans.

The **Wisconsin Retirement System Fund** accounts for the collection of employee and employer contributions, the investment of assets, and the payment of retirement, disability, and death benefits to former employees of the State and participating local Wisconsin governments and their beneficiaries.

The **Accumulated Sick Leave Fund** accounts for the collection of employer contributions, the investment of assets, and purchases of post-retirement health insurance on behalf of State employees and their beneficiaries to the extent the employees had accumulated unused sick leave at the time of retirement.

The **Reimbursed Employee Expense Fund** accounts for the collection of voluntary payroll deferrals, the investment of assets, and the reimbursement of qualifying medical, dependent care, and transportation expenses of State employees, in compliance with Internal Revenue Code Sections 132 and 425.

The **Life Insurance Fund** accounts for transactions related to the collection and payment of premiums for State and local participating employees' group life insurance contracts with a life insurance carrier.

The **Deferred Compensation Plan Fund** accounts for the collection of voluntary payroll deferrals and rollovers from IRAs and other qualified plans, the investment of assets, and distributions to employees of the State and participating local governments.

**INVESTMENT TRUST FUNDS**: Investment trust funds account for assets invested on a commingled basis by the State on behalf of other governmental entities. The State's investment trust funds are described below:

The Local Government Pooled Investment Fund was established to enable local governments in the State to voluntarily invest any idle local moneys. The sources of this fund are local government investment deposits and their share of the investment earnings of the fund. Deductions occur as withdrawals are requested by local governments.

The **Milwaukee Retirement System Fund** accounts for funds of the Milwaukee Public Schools invested as part of the fixed and variable investment trusts of the Wisconsin Retirement System.

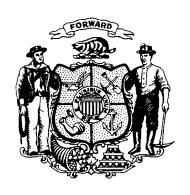
**PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST:** Private-purpose trust funds are used to report all other trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

The **Unclaimed Property Program Fund** accounts for unclaimed stocks, bank accounts, insurance proceeds, utility deposits and uncashed checks which are deposited with the State after five years of abandonment. Upon an unsuccessful attempt to locate the owner, the funds are deposited in the Common School Fund where they are loaned to local governments. These funds may be claimed at any time by the owners or their heirs.

The **Special Death Benefits Fund** accounts for transactions and activities for members of the former Milwaukee Teacher Retirement Fund who have elected to participate in a special death benefit fund. Effective January 1, 2003, substantially all assets of the program were transferred to a private insurer in exchange for the insurer managing and assuming all liabilities of the program.

The **Tuition Trust Fund** accounts for the program that allows participants to invest in order to meet the cost of future tuition expenses.

(Continued)



# **Fiduciary Funds**

(Continued)

The College Savings Program Trust Fund accounts for the program that allows participants to invest in a college savings account to cover tuition, fees and the costs of room and board, books, supplies and equipment required for the enrollment or attendance of a beneficiary at an eligible educational institution.

**AGENCY FUNDS:** Agency funds report those assets for which the State acts solely in a custodial capacity. The State's agency funds are described below:

The Insurance Company Liquidation Account Fund accounts for the assets of insurance companies that are liquidated. These assets are used to pay claims and administrative costs associated with the liquidation.

The **Inmate and Resident Fund** accounts for the assets of inmates and residents in State institutions.

The **Bank and Insurance Company Deposits Fund** accounts for the statutorily required deposits of securities with the State by banks and insurance companies doing business in the State.

The **Support Collection Trust Fund** accounts for the centralized receipt and disbursement of court ordered temporary or permanent maintenance, child support or family support and related fees.

### Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets - Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds June 30, 2003

		Wisconsin Retirement System	Accumulated Sick Leave
Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	-	\$ 537,140
Securities Lending Collateral		3,209,471	-
Prepaid Items		3,285	5,470
Receivables (net of estimated			
uncollectible accounts): Prior Service Contributions Receivable		1,650,602	
Benefits Overpayment Receivable		2,397	
Due from Other Funds		32,406	-
Interfund Receivables		-	78,794
Due from Other Governments		108,144	-
Interest and Dividends Receivable		171,408	-
Investment Sales Receivable		88,407	-
Other Receivables		(2,750)	-
Total Receivables		2,050,613	78,794
Investments:			
Fixed Income		14,489,301	-
Stocks		35,666,207	-
Limited Partnerships		2,693,113	-
Mortgages Real Estate		726,725 436,628	-
Multi-asset Investments		284,967	-
Total Investments		54,296,941	-
Capital Assets		63	-
Total Assets		59,560,373	621,404
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable and Other Accrued Liabilities		33,483	-
Securities Lending Collateral Liability		3,209,471	-
Annuities Payable		181,894	-
Advance Contributions		308	-
Due to Other Funds		27,910	30
Interfund Payables		78,794	-
Due to Other Governments		22,158	-
Tax and Other Deposits Investment Payable		76 242,402	-
Deferred Revenue		242,402	_
Compensated Absences Payable		-	1,309,685
Total Liabilities		3,796,495	1,309,715
Net Assets			
Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	¢	55 762 979	¢ (600 311)
and Other Purposes	\$	55,763,878	\$ (688,311)

Eı	imbursed mployee expense	Life Insurance	Deferred Compensation	Totals
\$	2,808	\$ 2,638 \$	1,722	\$ 544,307
	-	-	-	3,209,471
	262	-	-	9,018
	-	-	-	1,650,602 2,397
	410	3	- -	32,819
	-	-	-	78,794
	-	-	-	108,144
	-	-	-	171,408
	- 48	-	- 254	88,407
		-		(2,448
	458	3	254	2,130,122
	-	-	-	14,489,30
	-	-	-	35,666,207
	-	-	-	2,693,113 726,725
	-	- -		436,628
	-	-	1,166,715	1,451,682
	-	-	1,166,715	55,463,656
	-	-	-	63
	3,528	2,641	1,168,690	61,356,636
	3,021	-	-	36,504
	-	-	-	3,209,47
	-	-	- -	181,89 <u>4</u> 308
	73	114	23	28,150
	-	-	-	78,794
	-	-	-	22,158
	-	-	-	76
	-	2,234	-	242,402 2,234
	-		-	1,309,685
	3,094	2,348	23	5,111,675
\$	434	\$ 293 \$	1,168,668	\$ 56,244,962

# Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets - Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

		Wisconsin Retirement System	Accumulated Sick Leave
Additions			
Contributions: Employer Contributions Employee Contributions	\$	465,898 \$ 552,056	11,083
Total Contributions		1,017,954	11,083
Investment Income:  Net Appreciation (Depreciation) in Fair Value of Investments Interest Dividends Securities Lending Income Other Investment Income of Investment, Private Purpose and Other Employee Trust Funds Less: Investment Expense Securities Lending Rebates and Fees Investment Income Distributed to Other Funds Net Investment Income		1,002,551 683,251 276,396 41,984 98,468 - (156,202) (33,039) (39,717) 1,873,692	21,059 - - 21,059
Interest on Prior Service Receivable		127,972	-
Miscellaneous Income: Other Total Additions		223 3,019,841	- 32,143
Deductions			
Benefits and Refunds: Retirement, Disability, and Beneficiary Separations Total Benefits and Refunds		2,671,699 37,898 2,709,598	- - -
Distributions		-	-
Insurance Premiums		-	163,059
Unusual Write-off of Receivable		(33)	-
Administrative Expense		19,916	112
Total Deductions	·	2,729,481	163,171
Net Increase (Decrease) Net Assets - Beginning of Year		290,360 55,473,518	(131,029) (557,282)
Net Assets - End of Year	\$	55,763,878 \$	(688,311)

E	eimbursed imployee Expense	Life Insurance	Deferred Compensation	Totals
\$	- \$ 18,354	5,539 30,965	\$ 112,575	- \$ 482,520 8 713,954
	18,354	36,504	112,57	8 1,196,473
	- -	- -		- 1,002,551 - 683,251
	-	-		- 276,396
	-	-		- 41,984 - 98,468
	-	-		- 90,400
	53	17	19,609	9 40,739
	-	-		- (156,202)
	-	-		- (33,039)
	-	-		- (39,717)
	53	17	19,60	9 1,914,430
	-	-		- 127,972
	6	356	814	4 1,399
	18,413	36,877	133,00	1 3,240,275
		-		- 2,671,699 - 37,898
1	-	-		- 2,709,598
	18,357	-	60,09	7 78,454
	-	36,154		- 199,213
	-	-		- (33)
	817	377	2,39	5 23,618
	19,174	36,531	62,492	2 3,010,850
	(762)	346	70,50	9 229,425
-	1,196	(53)	1,098,15	9 56,015,537
\$	434 \$	293	\$ 1,168,666	8 \$ 56,244,962

# Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets - Investment Trust Funds June 30, 2003

	Local Government Pooled Investment	Milwaukee Retirement System	Totals
Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,787,956	\$ 68,024	\$ 2,855,980
Interfund Receivables Other Receivables	703,075 -	- 1,142	703,075 1,142
Total Assets	3,491,031	69,166	3,560,197
Liabilities			
Due to Other Funds	18	-	18
Total Liabilities	18	-	18
Net Assets			
Held in Trust for Pool Participants and Other Purposes	\$ 3,491,012	\$ 69,166	\$ 3,560,178

# Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets - Investment Trust Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

(In Thousands	(
---------------	---

	Local Government Pooled Investment	Milwaukee Retirement System	Totals
Additions			
Deposits	\$ 11,593,027 \$	6,223	\$ 11,599,250
Investment Income	57,017	1,898	58,915
Less: Investment Expense	 (1,841)	-	(1,841)
Net Investment Income	 55,177	1,898	57,074
Total Additions	 11,648,203	8,121	11,656,324
Deductions			
Distributions	11,924,183	1,000	11,925,183
Administrative Expense	 211	-	211
Total Deductions	 11,924,394	1,000	11,925,394
Net Increase (Decrease)	(276,190)	7,121	(269,070)
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	 3,767,202	62,045	3,829,248
Net Assets - End of Year	\$ 3,491,012 \$	69,166	\$ 3,560,178

# Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets - Private-Purpose Trust Funds June 30, 2003

	Unclaimed Property Program	Ď	ecial eath nefits	Tuition Trust	College Savings Program Trust	Totals
Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 8,507	\$	5 \$	36	\$ 3,078	\$ 11,626
Prepaid Items	5		-	-	1	6
Receivables (net of estimated uncollectible accounts): Other Receivables	-		-	68	191	259
Total Receivables	-		-	68	191	259
Investments: Investments of Private Purpose Trust Funds	-		-	13,289	853,200	866,489
Total Investments	-		-	13,289	853,200	866,489
Other Assets	15,589		-	-	-	15,589
Total Assets	24,101		5	13,392	856,470	893,969
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds	51 21		- -	2 1	6 5	59 26
Total Liabilities	72		-	3	11	86
Net Assets						
Held in Trust	\$ 24,029	\$	5 \$	13,389	\$ 856,460	\$ 893,884

### Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets -Private-Purpose Trust Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

	Unclaimed Property Program	Special Death Benefits	Tuition Trust	College Savings Program Trust	Totals
Additions					
Deposits	\$ - \$	- \$	1,946 \$	394,027 \$	395,972
Investment Income Less:	-	(28)	2,111	46,847	48,930
Investment Expense	 -	-	-	(4,422)	(4,422)
Net Investment Income	-	(28)	2,111	42,425	44,508
Miscellaneous Income Escheat Additions	28,184	-	-	-	28,184
Total Miscellaneous Income	 28,184	-	-	-	28,184
Total Additions	28,184	(28)	4,056	436,452	468,664
Deductions					
Distributions	 9,412	1,007	5,331	19,359	35,109
Administrative Expense	1,334	-	107	1,141	2,581
Transfers Out	 16,007	-	1	2	16,009
Total Deductions	26,752	1,007	5,439	20,502	53,699
Net Increase (Decrease) Net Assets - Beginning of Year	1,431 22,598	(1,035) 1,040	(1,382) 14,771	415,950 440,510	414,964 478,919
Net Assets - End of Year	\$ 24,029 \$	5 \$	13,389 \$	856,460 \$	893,884

### Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets - Agency Funds June 30, 2003

	Insurance Company Liquidation Account	Inmate and Resident	Bank and Insurance Company Deposits	Support Collection Trust	Totals
Assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 36,761	\$ 8,659	\$ -	\$ 39,989	\$ 85,410
Receivables (net of estimated uncollectible accounts): Due from Other Funds Other Receivables	- -	644 232	-	288 1,610	932 1,842
Total Receivables	-	876	-	1,898	2,775
Investments	-	797	-	-	797
Other Assets	-	-	278,789	-	278,789
Total Assets	\$ 36,761	\$ 10,333	\$ 278,789	\$ 41,887	\$ 367,771
Liabilities					
Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds Tax and Other Deposits	\$ 36,761 - -	\$ 1 265 10,067	\$ - - 278,789	\$ 37,197 4,690 -	\$ 73,959 4,955 288,856
Total Liabilities	\$ 36,761	\$ 10,333	\$ 278,789	\$ 41,887	\$ 367,771

# Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

(In Thousands)

		Balance July 1, 2002		Additions		Deductions		Balance June 30, 2003
Insurance Company Liquidation Account								
Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	38,453	\$	544	\$	2,236	\$	36,761
Total Assets	\$	38,453	\$	544	\$	2,236		36,761
Liabilities: Accounts Payable and Other Accrued Liabilities	\$	38,453	\$	544	\$	2,236	\$	36,761
Total Liabilities	\$	38,453	\$	544	\$	2,236	\$	36,761
Inmate and Resident								
Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Receivables (net of estimated uncollectible accounts):	\$	8,467 952	\$	82,076 748	\$	81,884 904	\$	8,659 797
Other Receivables Due from Other Funds		140 563		5,275 9,044		5,183 8,962		232 644
Total Assets	\$	10,122	\$	97,144	\$	96,933	\$	10,333
Liabilities: Accounts Payable and Other Accrued Liabilities Due to Other Funds Tax and Other Deposits	\$	- 217 9,905	\$	22 10,011 61,657	\$	21 9,963 61,495	\$	1 265 10,067
Total Liabilities	\$	10,122	\$	71,690	\$	71,479	\$	10,333
Bank and Insurance Company Deposits								
Assets: Other Assets: Assets Held in Custody for Others	¢	271,815	æ	83,117	e	76,142	e	278,789
Total Assets	\$ \$	271,815	_	83,117	_	76,142		278,789
Liabilities: Tax and Other Deposits	\$	271,815	\$	83,117	\$	76,142	\$	278,789
Total Liabilities	\$	271,815	\$	83,117		76,142	-	278,789

(Continued)

# Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

(Continued)

	Balance July 1, 2002	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2003
Support Collection Trust				
Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables (net of estimated uncollectible accounts):	\$ 41,699	\$ 1,920,078	\$ 1,921,789	\$ 39,989
Other Receivables  Due from Other Funds	3,526 509	2,914 4,168	4,829 4,388	1,610 288
Total Assets	\$ 45,734	\$ 1,927,159	\$ 1,931,006	\$ 41,887
Liabilities: Accounts Payable and Other				
Accrued Liabilities Due to Other Funds	\$ 37,286 8,448	\$ 24,756 4,690	\$ 24,845 8,448	\$ 37,197 4,690
Total Liabilities	\$ 45,734	\$ 29,446	\$ 33,293	\$ 41,887
Total - All Agency Funds				
Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Receivables (net of estimated uncollectible accounts):	\$ 88,619 952	\$ 2,002,699 748	\$ 2,005,909 904	\$ 85,410 797
Other Receivables  Due from Other Funds	3,666 1,072	8,189 13,212	10,012 13,351	1,842 932
Other Assets: Assets Held in Custody for Others	 271,815	83,117	76,142	278,789
Total Assets	\$ 366,124	\$ 2,107,965	\$ 2,106,318	\$ 367,771
Liabilities: Accounts Payable and Other				
Accrued Liabilities Due to Other Funds Tax and Other Deposits	\$ 75,739 8,665 281,719	\$ 25,322 14,701 144,774	\$ 27,102 18,411 137,637	\$ 73,959 4,955 288,856
Total Liabilities	\$ 366,124	\$ 184,797	\$ 183,150	\$ 367,771

# STATISTICAL SECTION

# Revenues by Source and Expenditures by Function - All Governmental Fund Types

For the Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

		2003		2002		2001		2000	1999
Revenues and Proceeds from									
Sale of Bonds:									
Taxes	\$	11,270,818	\$	11,050,658	\$	10,984,512	\$	11,974,334 \$	11,158,516
Intergovernmental	·	5,984,658	·	5,509,834	·	5,102,944		4,375,513	3,813,275
Licenses and Permits		891,260		855,093		775,022		731,668	687,766
Charges for Goods and Services		247,519		224,066		268,347		239,050	217,145
Investment and Interest Income		48,838		45,562		98,244		97,682	95,089
Fines and Forfeitures		55,834		55,392		-		, -	· -
Gifts and Donations		14,342		38,087		24,271		14,601	14,885
Long-term Debt Issued		506,524		529,649		281,631		451,886	249,007
Premium/Discount on Bonds		31,640		60,247		-		-	· -
Other Revenues:		•		,					
Intergovernmental Transfer		598,580		969,886		637,000		-	-
Tobacco Settlement		153,923		1,431,218		124,389		167,362	-
Other		139,531		166,569		246,823		207,002	133,405
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	19,943,467	\$	20,936,261	\$	18,543,183	\$	18,259,098 \$	16,369,088
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Commerce	\$	226,182	\$	198,291	\$	205,802	\$	205,008 \$	194,893
Education	Ψ	5,649,280	Ψ	5,417,136	Ψ	5,201,596	Ψ	4,900,287	4,542,339
Transportation		1,519,266		1,664,161		1,170,663		1,765,534	1,601,962
Environmental		1,010,200		1,001,101		1,110,000		1,100,001	1,001,002
Resources		464,479		528,699		729,456		530,586	476,985
Human Relations and		,		020,000		. 20, .00		000,000	0,000
Resources		8,113,457		7,957,774		6,945,336		5,889,413	5,323,054
General Executive		490,846		442,938		440,513		410,603	333,034
Judicial		104,930		103,069		102,634		103,216	95,705
Legislative		60,175		61,989		61,658		60,424	62,789
Tax Relief and Other General				,,,,,,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		,	,
Expenditures		845,130		822,650		770,035		1,440,464	831,526
Intergovernmental		1,107,958		1,095,991		1,072,576		1,073,434	1,008,617
Capital Outlay		691,586		669,704		1,042,881		230,151	164,360
Debt Service		497,188		383,098		338,540		316,889	308,103
Total Expenditures	\$	19,770,477	\$	19,345,500	\$	18,081,690	\$	16,926,009 \$	14,943,367

In 2002 and 2003 governmental fund types include the activities of the general fund, special revenue funds, capital project funds, debt service funds and permanent funds. Beginning in 2001, certain capital purchases formerly reported with functional expenditures are included in capital outlay.

SOURCE: Wisconsin Department of Administration

1998		1997	1996	1995	1994
\$ 10,218,307	\$	9,662,514	\$ 8,974,484	\$ 8,587,733	\$ 7,912,596
3,704,247		3,587,981	3,555,666	3,171,714	3,157,723
631,870		584,825	684,330	635,731	616,541
193,964		282,612	158,432	131,804	88,462
85,647		70,150	65,004	64,198	38,120
-		-	-	-	-
5,461		3,177	5,940	3,908	1,695
160,470		80,535	344,334	277,203	293,733
-		-	-	-	-
-		-	-	-	-
-		-	-	-	-
 149,400		86,453	73,724	58,538	72,659
\$ 15,149,366	\$	14,358,247	\$ 13,861,914	\$ 12,930,829	\$ 12,181,529
\$ 181,559 \$	\$	183,581	\$ 161,923	\$ 146,571	\$ 130,412
4,397,970		4,125,946	3,283,511	3,005,096	2,709,922
1,468,365		1,418,262	1,343,563	1,303,450	1,278,579
552,423		588,714	507,420	499,482	414,530
5,116,259		4,906,367	5,033,062	4,635,202	4,425,288
308,736		325,433	246,561	246,086	231,075
91,450		87,525	82,505	71,981	74,369
55,144		53,277	50,165	50,732	47,142
725,316		694,871	574,771	616,891	599,794
1,008,572		1,008,590	1,010,618	992,437	950,467
143,467		170,693	153,809	190,307	174,087
295,848		285,157	270,555	257,649	231,816
\$ 14,345,109 \$	<b>\$</b>	13,848,416	\$ 12,718,463	\$ 12,015,884	\$ 11,267,481

### **Assessed and Equalized Value of Taxable Property**

For the Last Ten Years (In Thousands)

	Real I	Property	Persona	ıl P	roperty	To	tal		Ratio of Total Assessed Value
Year (A)	Assessed Value (B)	Equalized Value	Assessed Value (B)		Equalized Value	Assessed Value (B)		Equalized Value	To Total Equalized Value
2002 \$	294,556,690 \$	325,577,878 \$	9,098,710	\$	9,748,601	\$ 303,655,400	\$	335,326,479	91%
2001	271,139,540	302,795,906	8,901,978		9,687,800	280,041,518		312,483,706	90
2000	250,964,857	277,213,707	8,538,646		9,107,785	259,503,503		286,321,492	91
1999	232,669,301	258,023,890	8,031,429		8,543,624	240,700,730		266,567,514	90
1998	217,599,762	238,769,117	9,694,739		10,225,798	227,294,501		248,994,915	91
1997	201,938,959	223,570,764	8,956,300		9,503,469	210,895,259		233,074,233	90
1996	186,902,000	207,896,469	8,473,140		9,047,289	195,375,140		216,943,759	90
1995	173,908,997	192,505,594	8,394,885		9,032,516	182,303,882		201,538,109	90
1994	159,967,395	176,376,443	7,999,884		8,618,423	167,967,279		184,994,866	91
1993	147,624,892	163,188,926	7,737,267		8,488,238	155,362,159		171,677,164	91

- (A) Represents values certified to the Department of Revenue on August 15 of each year. Assessed values for 2003 are not yet available.
- (B) Municipalities assess property for tax purposes at different percentages of market value. Each community's assessment percentage is multiplied by the State-established market value of manufacturing property to determine the local assessed value of such property.

SOURCE: Wisconsin Department of Revenue

#### State of Wisconsin

#### **State Forestation Tax**

For the Last Ten Years (In Thousands)

Year	Total Equalized Value (A)	State prestation x Levy (B)	State Forestation x Collections	
2003	\$ 360,710,211	\$ 72,142	\$ 67,070	
2002	335,326,479	67,065	62,495	
2001	312,483,706	62,497	57,362	
2000	286,321,492	57,264	53,310	
1999	266,567,514	53,314	49,814	
1998	248,994,915	49,799	44,252	
1997	233,074,233	46,615	42,661	
1996	216,943,759	43,389	39,104	
1995	201,538,109	40,308	36,335	
1994	184,994,866	36,998	34,632	

<sup>(</sup>A) Represents values certified to the Department of Revenue on August 15 of each year.

SOURCES: Wisconsin Department of Administration, Division of Executive Budget and Finance

Wisconsin Department of Revenue Wisconsin Office of the State Treasurer

<sup>(</sup>B) Tax levy equals two-tenths of one mill for each dollar of the equalized value certified by the Department of Revenue.

### **Legal Debt Margin**

For the Last Ten Calendar Years

(In Thousands)

Calendar Year	ļ	Annual Debt Limit	Вс	Actual orrowing (A)	Legal Debt Margin	Legal Debt Margin as a Percentage of Debt Limit
2003 (B)	\$	2,705,327	\$	499,030	\$ 2,206,297	81.6 %
2002		2,514,949		481,000	2,033,949	80.9
2001		2,343,628		485,645	1,857,983	79.3
2000		2,147,411		538,795	1,608,616	74.9
1999		1,999,256		482,360	1,516,896	75.9
1998		1,867,462		475,485	1,391,977	74.5
1997		1,748,057		404,310	1,343,747	76.9
1996		1,627,078		353,295	1,273,783	78.3
1995		1,511,536		368,322	1,143,214	75.6
1994		1,387,461		289,810	1,097,651	79.1

Wis. Stat. Sec. 18.05 limits the amount of public debt contracted in any calendar year to the lesser of:

(a) Three-fourths of one percent of the aggregate value of taxable property;

or

(b) Five percent of aggregate value of taxable property Less: Net indebtedness at January 1

- (A) Consists of bonds issued less refundings.
- (B) Debt issued through November 6, 2003

SOURCE: Wisconsin Department of Administration

# Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt and Notes to Assessed Value and Net General Obligation Bonded Debt and Notes Per Capita

For the Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

							al Obligation Bo			
Year	Population	ı	Assessed Value (A)	Gross Bonded Debt (B)	Δ	Debt Service Moneys vailable (C)	Payable From Proprietary Fund Revenues (D)	Net Bonded Debt (E)	Ratio To Assessed Value (Percent)	Per Capita
2002	5,441	\$	303,655,400	\$ 4,303,825	\$	9,658	\$ 996,238	\$ 3,297,929	1.09	\$ 606
2001	5,402		280,041,518	4,028,006		3,140	911,054	3,113,812	1.11	576
2000	5,364		259,503,503	3,691,996		1,609	881,199	2,809,188	1.08	524
1999	5,250		240,700,730	3,540,251		2,492	880,666	2,496,193	1.04	475
1998	5,224		227,294,501	3,409,269		3,777	818,277	2,474,115	1.09	474
1997	5,170		210,895,259	3,084,048		2,515	673,715	2,407,725	1.14	466
1996	5,146		195,375,140	3,178,526		5,588	635,930	2,444,008	1.25	475
1995	5,113		182,303,882	2,986,486		-	624,355	2,362,131	1.30	462
1994	5,075		167,967,279	2,870,941		2,774	578,608	2,289,559	1.36	451
1993	5,038		155,362,159	2,800,863		319	623,320	2,177,224	1.40	432

- (A) Current values certified on August 15. Assessed values for 2003 are not yet available.
- (B) Includes gross general obligation bonded debt for all fund types. 1997-2000 restated for general obligation commercial paper
- (C) Represents moneys available in Debt Service Fund reserved for retirement of general obligation bonded debt
- (D) Prior to fiscal year 2002, the UW was considered a discrete presentation and not included in proprietary funds.
- (E) Excludes general obligation bonds expected to be repaid from revenues of three proprietary funds; includes general obligation bonds reported for the University of Wisconsin System.

SOURCES: Wisconsin Department of Administration, Wisconsin Department of Revenue U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census

#### State of Wisconsin

#### Ratio of Annual Debt Service for General Bonded Debt to Total Governmental Expenditures

For the Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

Year	Debt Service Principal	Debt Service Interest	Total Debt Service	Total Governmental Expenditures	Ratio (Percent)	
2003	\$ 211,779	\$ 149,299	\$ 361,078	\$ 19,770,477	1.83	
2002	123,692	137,599	261,291	19,345,500	1.35	
2001	140,206	93,099	233,305	18,081,690	1.29	
2000	140,675	86,892	227,567	16,926,009	1.34	
1999	136,357	87,931	224,288	14,943,367	1.50	
1998	128,159	90,015	218,174	14,345,109	1.52	
1997	124,877	89,106	213,983	13,848,416	1.55	
1996	119,540	91,103	210,643	12,718,463	1.66	
1995	113,280	91,817	205,097	12,015,884	1.71	
1994	96,705	78,014	174,719	11,267,481	1.55	

Years prior to 2000 were not restated for GASB 34. SOURCE: Wisconsin Department of Administration

### **Department of Transportation Revenue Bond Coverage**

For the Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

							Debt Service	е		
Year	Gross Revenues (A)	E	Operating Expenses (B)	)	Net Revenues	Principal	Interest		Total Debt Service	Revenue Bond Coverage
2003	\$ 321,934	\$	71	\$	321,863	\$ 38,115	\$ 52,738	\$	90,853	3.54
2002	324,967		105		324,862	36,560	46,454		83,014	3.91
2001	316,061		36		316,025	33,705	39,488		73,193	4.32
2000	313,155		66		313,089	30,860	41,063		71,923	4.35
1999	295,938		49		295,889	30,750	47,063		77,813	3.80
1998	282,850		56		282,794	29,710	45,733		75,443	3.75
1997	257,590		80		257,510	25,385	52,982		78,367	3.29
1996	249,339		37		249,302	21,590	46,421		68,011	3.67
1995	247,819		33		247,786	19,080	44,837		63,917	3.88
1994	237,401		86		237,315	15,035	39,201		54,236	4.38

The State of Wisconsin, Department of Transportation finances certain state highway projects and related transportation facilities through the issuance of revenue bonds. The revenue bonds, \$1,113.1 million outstanding at June 30, 2003, are secured by a pledge of the registration fees collected under Wis. Stat. Sec. 341.25 and investments.

SOURCE: Wisconsin Department of Transportation

#### State of Wisconsin

# **Higher Education Revenue Bonds Health Education Assistance Loans**

For the Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

		Direct				I	Debt Service	9		
Year	Gross Revenues (A)	Operating Expenses	Net Revenues	_	Principal		Interest	7	Total Debt Service	Revenue Bond Coverage
2003	\$ 714	\$ 80	\$ 634	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	n/a
2002	1,033	255	778		220		1		221	3.52
2001	814	122	692		920		42		962	0.72
2000	1,016	105	911		587		174		761	1.20
1999	1,779	124	1,655		1,755		353		2,108	0.79
1998	2,540	101	2,439		1,825		475		2,300	1.06
1997	4,476	109	4,367		3,195		784		3,979	1.10
1996	4,916	147	4,769		3,460		1,052		4,512	1.06
1995	13,825	510	13,315		61,874		3,262		65,136	0.20
1994	18,896	573	18,323		6,030		5,943		11,973	1.53

The State of Wisconsin Higher Education Aids Board provides loans to eligible students enrolled in Wisconsin medical and dental schools. The bonds are to be repaid through the collection of student loans.

SOURCE: Wisconsin Higher Educational Aids Board

<sup>(</sup>A) Includes revenues from Wis. Stat. Sec. 341.25 registration fees including fees collected under the International Registration Plan, a multi-state plan for the collection of registration fees from interstate trucking, and interest earnings.

<sup>(</sup>B) Includes administrative operating expenses.

<sup>(</sup>A) Includes operating revenues from student loan repayment and interest income from student loans and investments.

#### Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority Revenue Bonds Home Ownership Revenue Bonds

For the Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

				Direct				[	Debt Servic	e		
Year	F	Gross Revenues (A	<b>A</b> )	Operating Expenses (E	3)	Net Revenues	Principal		Interest		Total Debt Service	Revenue Bond Coverage (C)
2003	\$	633,445	\$	8,158	\$	625,287	\$ 528,825	\$	78,782	\$	607,607	1.03
2002		429,838		8,287		421,551	300,645		88,279		388,924	1.08
2001		286,366		7,731		278,635	178,905		95,138		274,043	1.02
2000 1999		250,352 392,684		8,379 8,947		241,973 383,737	217,333 305,265		90,506 94,414		307,839 399,679	0.79 0.96
1998		298,596		8,627		289,969	213,512		96,940		310,452	0.92
1997		222,298		8,229		214,069	126,974		91,441		218,415	0.97
1996		236,521		7,823		228,698	117,311		86,571		203,882	1.12
1995		178,760		7,082		171,678	171,421		78,769		250,190	0.69 (D)
1994		549,138		8,066		541,072	444,093		94,424		538,517	1.00

<sup>(</sup>A) Includes mortgage payments received.

SOURCE: Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority

#### State of Wisconsin

# **Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority Revenue Bonds Housing Revenue Bonds**

For the Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

				Direct					[	Debt Servic	е		
Year	R	Gross evenues (A	<b>a</b> )	Operating Expenses (B	)	Net Revenues	-	Principal		Interest		Total Debt Service	Revenue Bond Coverage (C
2003	\$	66,740	\$	3,772	\$	62,968	\$	119,420	\$	24,162	\$	143,582	0.44
2002		66,480		3,449		63,031		16,725		25,884		42,609	1.48
2001		59,553		4,346		55,207		15,230		25,919		41,149	1.35
2000		58,054		4,139		53,915		35,279		26,176		61,455	0.88
1999		59,653		4,211		55,442		18,387		27,384		45,771	1.21
1998		67,721		5,107		62,614		12,822		25,803		38,625	1.48
1997		62,229		4,278		57,951		12,439		26,586		39,025	1.38
1996		50,625		4,320		46,305		11,818		27,962		39,780	1.16
1995		47,686		6,194		41,492		8,463		28,101		36,564	1.13
1994		48,187		5,664		42,523		7,385		30,358		37,743	1.13

<sup>(</sup>A) Includes mortgage payments received.

SOURCE: Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority

<sup>(</sup>B) Includes administrative and general costs, mortgage insurance premiums, and lender service fees.

<sup>(</sup>C) 1997 thru 2003 include gains/losses due to the increases/decreases in fair market value of investments as a result of the implementation of GASB 31. The Revenue Bond Coverage excludes these amounts.

<sup>(</sup>D) \$79.3 million of mortgage prepayments on hand at the end of fiscal year 1994 were used to redeem Home Ownership Revenue Bonds in fiscal year 1995.

<sup>(</sup>B) Includes administrative and general costs, mortgage insurance premiums, and lender service fees.

<sup>(</sup>C) 1997 thru 2003 include gains/losses due to the increases/decreases in fair market value of investments as a result of the implementation of GASB 31. The Revenue Bond Coverage excludes these amounts.

# Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority Revenue Bonds Housing Rehabilitation and Home Improvement Revenue Bonds

For the Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

			Direct		_		D	Debt Service		
		Gross	Operating		Net				Total Debt	Revenue Bond
Year	Rev	venues (A)	Expenses (B)	)	Revenues	Principal		Interest	Service	Coverage (C
2003	\$	1,941 \$	145	\$	1,796 \$	-	\$	- \$	-	n/a
2002		2,241	69		2,172	-		-	-	n/a
2001		2,177	106		2,071	-		-	-	n/a
2000		2,765	122		2,643	6,125		145	6,270	0.43 (D)
1999		5,038	255		4,783	1,465		484	1,949	2.44
1998		5,199	556		4,643	550		600	1,150	4.09
1997		5,746	646		5,100	13,061		895	13,956	0.35 (E)
1996		6,654	565		6,089	2,025		1,494	3,519	1.73
1995		6,780	581		6,199	495		1,372	1,867	3.32
1994		10,603	554		10,049	7,035		1,644	8,679	1.16

<sup>(</sup>A) Includes mortgage payments received.

SOURCE: Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority

#### State of Wisconsin

#### Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority Revenue Bonds Business Development Revenue Bonds

For the Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

			_	1	Debt Service		
	Gross	Operating	Net			Total Debt	Revenue Bond
Year	Revenues (A)	Expenses (B)	Revenues	Principal	Interest	Service	Coverage
2003	\$ 3,075 \$	8	\$ 3,067 \$	2,550 \$	505 \$	3,055	1.00
2002	3,660	10	3,650	2,990	642	3,632	1.00
2001	4,657	13	4,644	3,445	1,186	4,631	1.00
2000	11,854	12	11,842	10,905	968	11,873	1.00
1999	11,240	15	11,225	9,030	2,163	11,193	1.00
1998	11,264	25	11,239	8,495	2,800	11,295	1.00
1997	9,778	190	9,588	6,470	3,200	9,670	0.99
1996	9,769	50	9,719	6,370	3,275	9,645	1.01
1995	9,465	26	9,439	6,310	3,094	9,404	1.00
1994	12,680	24	12,656	9,240	3,385	12,625	1.00

<sup>(</sup>A) Includes mortgage payments received.

SOURCE: Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority

<sup>(</sup>B) Includes administrative and general costs, mortgage insurance premiums, and lender service fees.

<sup>(</sup>C) 1997 thru 2003 include gains/losses due to the increases/decreases in fair market value of investments as a result of the implementation of GASB 31. The Revenue Bond Coverage excludes these amounts.

<sup>(</sup>D) Remainder of bonds redeemed in Fiscal Year 2000

<sup>(</sup>E) Includes a scheduled redemption of \$4,881,000 of Housing and Rehabilitation Loan Revenue Bonds and \$6,025,000 of scheduled redemptions of Home Improvement Revenue Bonds.

<sup>(</sup>B) Includes administrative and general costs, mortgage insurance premiums, and lender service fees.

### Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority Revenue Bonds Single Family Drawdown Revenue Bonds

For the Last Five Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

				I	Debt Service		
	Gross	Operating	Net			Total Debt	Revenue Bond
Year (A)	Revenues	Expenses	Revenues	Principal	Interest	Service	Coverage
2003	\$ 157,155 \$	5	\$ 157,150 \$	154,000 \$	3,114 \$	157,114	1.00
2002	199,567	2	199,565	195,431	4,148	199,579	1.00
2001	92,053	5	92,048	84,350	7,748	92,098	1.00
2000	64,936	5	64,931	57,345	7,382	64,727	1.00
1999	94,695	3	94,692	91,090	3,602	94,692	1.00

<sup>(</sup>A) Fiscal year 1999 was the first year of this program.

SOURCE: Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority

#### State of Wisconsin

## **Environmental Improvement Fund Bonds**

For the Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

							_		[	Debt Servic	е		
Year	R	Gross evenues (A	۱)	Operating Expenses (B	)	Net Revenues		Principal		Interest		Total Debt Service	Revenue Bond Coverage
2003	\$	72,959	\$	2,065	\$	70,894	\$	36,405	\$	34,646	\$	71,051	1.00
2002		67,330		2,052		65,278		30,975		32,426		63,401	1.03
2001		63,268		1,891		61,377		27,245		31,012		58,257	1.05
2000		58,747		1,497		57,250		23,530		30,905		54,435	1.05
1999		54,177		1,675		52,502		24,200		26,651		50,851	1.03
1998		48,124		1,322		46,802		14,270		26,192		40,462	1.16
1997		41,128		1,491		39,637		13,560		22,692		36,252	1.09
1996		38,100		966		37,134		10,100		17,193		27,293	1.36
1995		31,233		1,582		29,651		8,045		17,632		25,677	1.15
1994		27,770		1,579		26,191		8,455		16,334		24,789	1.06

<sup>(</sup>A) Includes operating revenue from loan repayment and interest income from Revenue Bonds.

SOURCE: Wisconsin Department of Administration

<sup>(</sup>B) Includes allocated administrative and general costs.

### **Petroleum Inspection Fee Revenue Obligations Debt Service Coverage**

For Last Four Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

Year (A)	to	Fees Remitted the Trustees (	Principal	Principal		Total Debt Service	Revenue Bond Coverage
2003	\$	117,336	\$ 11,440	\$	12,632	\$ 24,072	4.87
2002		110,689	-		11,304	11,304	9.79
2001		114,304	1,750		10,930	12,680	9.01
2000		32,503	-		-	-	n/a (C)

SOURCE: Wisconsin Department of Commerce

<sup>(</sup>A) This program began on March 2, 2000

<sup>(</sup>B) Includes Petroleum Inspection Fees remitted by the State of Wisconsin to the Program Trustee for the four-month period March 2000 through June 2000. In contrast, the fees collected by the State of Wisconsin for the 12-month period ended June 30, 2000, totalled \$111,563,668.

<sup>(</sup>C) The debt service coverage ratio is not applicable for FY 1999-2000 since there was no debt service paid prior to July 1, 2000. However, the ratio of remitted fees to debt service payments to be made on July 1, 2000, is 6.56: the \$32,502,522 in fees remitted to the Trustee, divided by the \$4,952,336 of debt service payments.

# **Local Government Property Insurance Fund Ten-Year Claims Development Information**

Fiscal and Policy Year Ended June 30

(In Thousands)

	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Premium and investment revenues:										
Earned \$	9,665 \$	9,982 \$	10,347 \$	10,633 \$	11,241	\$ 11,396 \$	11,801	\$ 13,578	\$ 14,518	\$ 18,190
Ceded	1,789	1,460	1,359	1,678	1,875	1,023	1,055	2,258	2,815	4,602
Net Earned	7,876	8,522	8,988	8,955	9,366	10,373	10,746	11,320	11,706	13,588
2. Loss expenses	424	211	112	266	447	604	449	369	273	307
3. Estimated incurred claims and										
allocated expense, end of policy year										
Direct incurred	8,055	4,427	9,402	8,431	16,828	12,543	16,134	14,125	14,837	18,589
Ceded	2,300	2,300	1,600	1,328	8,515	4,127	7,881	1,075	979	4,183
Net Incurred	5,755	4,427	7,802	7,103	8,313	8,416	8,253	13,050	13,858	14,406
4. Paid (cumulative) as of:										
End of policy year	2,805	2,489	3,376	4,005	4,561	4,206	4,866	5,060	7,278	9,040
One year later	5,377	4,493	6,956	5,880	7,979	7,452	7,344	12,333	13,669	
Two years later	5,464	4,604	6,667	6,361	8,173	7,714	8,088	13,459		
Three years later	5,766	4,604	6,763	6,385	8,620	7,714	7,741			
Four years later	5,520	4,604	6,763	6,460	8,620	7,714				
Five years later	5,520	4,604	6,809	6,460	8,620					
Six years later	5,520	4,604	6,809	6,460						
Seven years later	5,520	4,604	6,809							
Eight years later	5,520	4,604								
Nine years later	5,520									

The table above illustrates how the Local Government Property Insurance Fund's earned revenues (net of insurance) and investment income compare to related costs of loss (net of loss assumed by reinsurers) and other expenses assumed by the fund as of the end of each of the last ten years. The rows of the table are defined as follows:

<sup>(1)</sup> These lines show the total of each fiscal year's earned contribution revenues and investment revenues, amount of reinsurance premium ceded and net earned revenues.

<sup>(2)</sup> This line shows each fiscal year's other operating cost of the fund including overhead and claims expense not allocable to individual claims.

<sup>(3)</sup> This section shows the fund's incurred claims and allocated claims adjustment expense (both paid and accrued) as originally reported at the end of the first year in which the event that triggered coverage under the contract occurred (called policy year).

<sup>(4)</sup> This section of 10 rows shows the cumulative amounts paid as of the end of successive years for each policy year.

# **Local Government Property Insurance Fund Ten-Year Claims Development Information**

Fiscal and Policy Year Ended June 30

(Continued)

	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Reestimated ceded										
losses and expenses:	4,313 \$	- \$	2,150 \$	1,020 \$	8,339 \$	3,544 \$	8,758 \$	632 \$	673 \$	4,183
Reestimated incurred claims										
and expense:										
End of policy year	5,755	4,427	7,802	7,103	8,313	8,416	8,253	13,050	13,858	14,406
One year later	5,552	4,674	7,095	6,357	8,180	7,785	7,692	12,773	14,014	
Two years later	5,534	4,604	6,801	6,393	8,620	7,714	8,135	13,459		
Three years later	5,771	4,604	6,763	6,460	8,620	7,714	7,741			
Four years later	5,520	4,604	6,763	6,460	8,620	7,714				
Five years later	5,520	4,604	6,809	6,460	8,620					
Six years later	5,520	4,604	6,809	6,460						
Seven years later	5,520	4,604	6,809							
Eight years later	5,520	4,604								
Nine years later	5,520									
7. Increase (decrease) in										
estimated incurred claims										
and expense from end of poli	icy									
year	(235)	177	(993)	(643)	307	(702)	(512)	409	156	-

<sup>(5)</sup> This line represents the reestimated losses assumed by reinsurers as of the end of the current fiscal year for each of the policy years presented.

<sup>(6)</sup> This section of 10 rows shows how each policy year's incurred claims increased or decreased as of the end of successive years. This annual reestimatation results from new information received on known claims, reevaluation of existing information on known claims, as well as emergence of new claims not previously known.

<sup>(7)</sup> This line compares the latest reestimated incurred claims amount to the amount originally established (line 3) and shows whether this latest estimate of claims cost is greater or less than originally thought. As data for individual policy years mature, the correlation between original estimates and reestimated amounts is commonly used to evaluate the accuracy of incurred claims currently recognized in less mature policy years. The columns of the table show data for successive policy years.

## Health Insurance Risk Pool Ten-Year Claims Development Information

Calendar and Policy Year Ended December 31

(In Millions)

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Net earned required contributions										
and investment revenues	69.1	\$ 66.2 \$	64.9 \$	59.9	5 54.4 \$	54.8 \$	59.4 \$	64.5	\$ 77.6 \$	83.8
2. Unallocated expenses	2.8	2.7	2.4	2.7	2.7	2.9	3.6	3.7	4.8	3.9
3. Estimated incurred claims as										
of the end of the policy year	60.1	61.6	65.8	54.9	55.5	58.5	64.8	69.9	73.7	70.5
4. Paid (cumulative) as of:										
End of policy year	50.2	50.3	53.6	46.1	45.8	42.4	51.6	55.9	61.1	62.5
One year later	61.0	62.2	64.3	55.1	53.8	55.0	62.6	64.4	68.2	
Two years later	60.7	62.5	64.6	55.4	54.0	55.4	62.7	64.6		
Three years later	60.7	62.5	64.6	55.4	54.0	55.4	62.7			
Four years later	60.7	62.5	64.6	55.4	54.0	55.4				
Five years later	60.7	62.5	64.6	55.4	54.0					
Six years later	60.7	62.5	64.6	55.4						
Seven years later	60.7	62.5	64.6							
Eight years later	60.7	62.5								
Nine years later	60.7									
5. Reestimated incurred claims:										
End of policy year	60.1	61.6	65.8	54.9	55.5	58.5	64.8	69.9	73.7	70.5
One year later	60.8	62.2	64.5	54.3	54.1	55.3	62.8	64.7	68.3	
Two years later	60.7	62.5	64.6	55.4	54.0	55.4	62.7	64.6		
Three years later	60.7	62.5	64.6	55.4	54.0	55.4	62.7			
Four years later	60.7	62.5	64.6	55.4	54.0	55.4				
Five years later	60.7	62.5	64.6	55.4	54.0					
Six years later	60.7	62.5	64.6	55.4						
Seven years later	60.7	62.5	64.6							
Eight years later	60.7	62.5								
Nine years later	60.7									
6. Increase (decrease) in										
estimated incurred claims										
from end of policy year	0.6	0.9	(1.2)	0.5	(1.5)	(3.1)	(2.1)	(5.3)	(5.4)	-

The table above illustrates how the Health Insurance Fund Risk Pool's earned revenues and investment income compare to related costs of loss assumed by the fund as of the end of each of the last ten years. The rows of the table are defined as follows:

- (1) This line shows the total of each calendar year's earned contribution and investment revenues.
- (2) This line shows each calendar year's other operating costs of the funds including overhead and claims expenses not allocable to individual claims.
- (3) This line shows the fund's incurred claims and allocated claim adjustment expense (both paid and accrued) as originally reported at the end of the first year in which the event that triggered coverage under the contract occurred (called policy year).
- (4) This section shows the cumulative amounts paid as of the end of successive years for each policy year.
- (5) This section shows each policy year's incurred claims as reestimated at the end of each successive policy year. This annual reestimation results from new information received on known claims, reevaluation of existing information on known claims, as well as emergence of new claims not previously known.
- (6) This line compares the latest reestimated incurred claims amount to the amount originally established (line 3) and shows whether this latest estimate of claims cost is greater or less than originally thought.
  - As data for individual policy years mature, the correlation between original estimates and reestimated amounts is commonly used to evaluate the accuracy of incurred claims currently recognized in less mature policy years.

## **Income Continuation Insurance Risk Pool Ten-Year Claims Development Information**

Calendar and Policy Year Ended December 31

(In Millions)

	1993	1994	1995	1996		1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Net earned required contributions											
and investment revenues	\$ 9.3	\$ 0.1 \$	11.8 \$	11.4 \$	5	17.0 \$	17.0 \$	19.5 \$	8.2 \$	7.9 \$	3.7
2. Unallocated expenses	0.6	0.7	8.0	0.9		1.1	1.2	1.5	8.0	1.9	1.7
3. Estimated incurred claims as											
of the end of the policy year	16.3	17.2	19.4	18.7		19.1	19.3	17.3	21.4	28.9	17.1
4. Paid (cumulative) as of:											
End of policy year	2.2	1.9	2.7	2.4		2.5	2.5	2.4	3.2	5.5	3.5
One year later	4.2	3.9	5.1	4.6		5.4	4.5	4.6	6.4	10.0	
Two years later	4.6	4.5	5.8	5.2		5.7	4.8	5.3	8.0		
Three years later	4.9	4.9	6.2	5.5		6.1	5.2	6.0			
Four years later	5.1	5.1	6.4	5.8		6.5	5.5				
Five years later	5.2	5.3	6.7	6.1		6.8					
Six years later	5.4	5.6	7.1	6.4							
Seven years later	5.5	5.8	7.4								
Eight years later	5.6	6.1									
Nine years later	5.8										
5. Reestimated incurred claims:											
End of policy year	16.3	17.2	19.4	18.7		19.1	19.3	17.3	21.4	28.9	17.1
One year later	11.5	10.9	12.8	12.1		12.1	9.8	9.8	18.0	20.4	
Two years later	8.1	8.8	10.9	9.3		9.3	8.2	10.2	16.3		
Three years later	7.2	7.9	10.0	9.9		8.7	7.4	11.5			
Four years later	6.9	7.3	9.5	9.2		8.3	12.4				
Five years later	6.7	8.0	9.9	8.2		8.7					
Six years later	6.5	7.7	9.3	8.0							
Seven years later	6.6	7.5	9.2								
Eight years later	6.5	8.0									
Nine years later	6.7										
6. Increase (decrease) in											
estimated incurred claims											
from end of policy year	(9.6)	(9.2)	(10.2)	(10.7)		(10.4)	(6.9)	(5.8)	(5.1)	(8.5)	-

The table above illustrates how the Income Continuation Insurance Fund Risk Pool's earned revenues and investment income compare to related costs of loss assumed by the fund as of the end of each of the last ten years. The rows of the table are defined as follows:

- (1) This line shows the total of each calendar year's earned contribution and investment revenues.
- (2) This line shows each calendar year's other operating costs of the funds including overhead and claims expenses not allocable to individual claims.
- (3) This line shows the fund's incurred claims and allocated claim adjustment expense (both paid and accrued) as originally reported at the end of the first year in which the event that triggered coverage under the contract occurred (called policy year).
- (4) This section shows the cumulative amounts paid as of the end of successive years for each policy year.
- (5) This section shows each policy year's incurred claims as reestimated at the end of each successive policy year. This annual reestimation results from new information received on known claims, reevaluation of existing information on known claims, as well as emergence of new claims not previously known.
- (6) This line compares the latest reestimated incurred claims amount to the amount originally established (line 3) and shows whether this latest estimate of claims cost is greater or less than originally thought.
  - As data for individual policy years mature, the correlation between original estimates and reestimated amounts is commonly used to evaluate the accuracy of incurred claims currently recognized in less mature policy years.

## **Duty Disability Insurance Risk Pool Ten-Year Claims Development Information**

Calendar and Policy Year Ended December 31

(In Millions)

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Net earned required contributions										
and investment revenues	\$ 14.3	\$ 16.2 \$	22.0 \$	23.7 \$	27.0 \$	32.8 \$	38.9 \$	31.3 \$	32.4 \$	25.8
2. Unallocated expenses	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.2	0.3	0.4
3. Estimated incurred claims as										
of the end of the policy year	7.0	5.1	4.8	15.5	14.1	16.9	21.7	27.6	35.4	30.7
4. Paid (cumulative) as of:										
End of policy year	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.2
One year later	0.6	0.4	1.1	0.4	0.5	0.6	8.0	8.0	1.0	
Two years later	1.5	1.4	2.5	8.0	1.1	1.2	1.6	1.6		
Three years later	2.1	2.5	4.0	1.4	1.7	1.9	2.4			
Four years later	2.9	3.7	5.6	2.0	2.3	2.6				
Five years later	3.7	5.0	7.2	2.5	2.9					
Six years later	4.5	6.2	8.9	3.2						
Seven years later	5.3	7.5	10.7							
Eight years later	6.1	8.8								
Nine years later	7.0									
5. Reestimated incurred claims:										
End of policy year	7.0	5.1	4.8	15.5	14.1	16.9	21.7	27.6	35.4	30.7
One year later	10.2	6.1	8.8	5.8	8.2	9.5	7.6	6.2	9.2	
Two years later	12.6	10.2	10.5	8.3	12.6	16.6	13.5	8.5		
Three years later	16.2	12.9	13.6	9.8	14.5	18.9	15.7			
Four years later	18.0	14.5	17.7	11.5	15.0	19.6				
Five years later	20.0	17.9	19.6	13.0	15.1					
Six years later	24.3	19.4	22.1	13.5						
Seven years later	25.4	21.4	23.2							
Eight years later	26.6	23.0								
Nine years later	27.0									
6. Increase (decrease) in										
estimated incurred claims										
from end of policy year	20.0	17.9	18.4	(2.0)	1.0	2.7	(6.0)	(19.1)	(26.2)	-

The table above illustrates how the Duty Disability Fund Risk Pool's earned revenues and investment income compare to related costs of loss assumed by the fund as of the end of each of the last ten years. The rows of the table are defined as follows:

- (1) This line shows the total of each calendar year's earned contribution and investment revenues.
- (2) This line shows each calendar year's other operating costs of the funds including overhead and claims expenses not allocable to individual claims.
- (3) This line shows the fund's incurred claims and allocated claim adjustment expense (both paid and accrued) as originally reported at the end of the first year in which the event that triggered coverage under the contract occurred (called policy year).
- (4) This section shows the cumulative amounts paid as of the end of successive years for each policy year.
- (5) This section shows each policy year's incurred claims as reestimated at the end of each successive policy year. This annual reestimation results from new information received on known claims, reevaluation of existing information on known claims, as well as emergence of new claims not previously known.
- (6) This line compares the latest reestimated incurred claims amount to the amount originally established (line 3) and shows whether this latest estimate of claims cost is greater or less than originally thought.
  - As data for individual policy years mature, the correlation between original estimates and reestimated amounts is commonly used to evaluate the accuracy of incurred claims currently recognized in less mature policy years.

## Long-term Disability Insurance Risk Pool Ten-Year Claims Development Information

Calendar and Policy Year Ended December 31

(In Millions)

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Net earned required contributions										
and investment revenues	\$ 36.1 \$	30.8 \$	47.8 \$	36.1 \$	38.9 \$	37.7 \$	36.1 \$	(3.0) \$	(6.9) \$	(22.9)
2. Unallocated expenses	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.3	1.0	8.0
3. Estimated incurred claims as										
of the end of the policy year	1.8	3.3	5.4	4.5	4.5	7.7	9.1	9.4	10.0	11.7
4. Paid (cumulative) as of:										
End of policy year	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.5	-
One year later	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.4	0.8	0.6	8.0	1.0	
Two years later	0.4	8.0	0.9	1.4	0.9	1.6	1.3	1.5		
Three years later	0.6	1.2	1.3	2.0	1.4	2.1	2.3			
Four years later	8.0	1.6	1.6	2.5	1.8	2.9				
Five years later	0.9	2.0	1.9	3.0	2.3					
Six years later	1.1	2.3	2.2	3.7						
Seven years later	1.2	2.6	2.5							
Eight years later	1.3	2.9								
Nine years later	1.5									
5. Reestimated incurred claims:										
End of policy year	1.8	3.3	5.4	4.5	4.5	7.7	9.1	9.4	10.0	11.7
One year later	1.2	2.5	3.4	4.3	2.5	5.1	6.1	4.9	8.7	
Two years later	1.5	3.2	3.9	5.4	3.6	6.8	8.2	7.2		
Three years later	1.7	3.7	4.1	6.1	3.7	6.0	7.8			
Four years later	2.0	4.1	4.1	5.7	4.2	8.0				
Five years later	1.8	4.3	3.7	5.9	4.2					
Six years later	1.9	4.5	4.7	6.5						
Seven years later	1.2	4.5	4.0							
Eight years later	1.3	4.1								
Nine years later	2.0									
6. Increase (decrease) in										
estimated incurred claims										
from end of policy year	0.2	0.8	(1.4)	2.0	(0.3)	0.3	(1.3)	(2.2)	(1.3)	-

The table above illustrates how the Long-term Disability Insurance Fund Risk Pool's earned revenues and investment income compare to related costs of loss assumed by the fund as of the end of each of the last ten years. The rows of the table are defined as follows:

- (1) This line shows the total of each calendar year's earned contribution and investment revenues.
- (2) This line shows each calendar year's other operating costs of the funds including overhead and claims expenses not allocable to individual claims.
- (3) This line shows the fund's incurred claims and allocated claim adjustment expense (both paid and accrued) as originally reported at the end of the first year in which the event that triggered coverage under the contract occurred (called policy year).
- (4) This section shows the cumulative amounts paid as of the end of successive years for each policy year.
- (5) This section shows each policy year's incurred claims as reestimated at the end of each successive policy year. This annual reestimation results from new information received on known claims, reevaluation of existing information on known claims, as well as emergence of new claims not previously known.
- (6) This line compares the latest reestimated incurred claims amount to the amount originally established (line 3) and shows whether this latest estimate of claims cost is greater or less than originally thought.
  - As data for individual policy years mature, the correlation between original estimates and reestimated amounts is commonly used to evaluate the accuracy of incurred claims currently recognized in less mature policy years.

# **Bank Deposits**

For the Last Ten Fiscal Years

(In Thousands)

Year	State Chartered Banks	Nationally Chartered Banks	Ş	State Chartered Savings And Loans (A)	
2003	\$ 47,733,076	\$ 15,709,867	\$	3,198,243	
2002	46,836,527	14,697,466		3,210,761	
2001	42,675,366	14,320,141		4,965,368	
2000	44,709,945	9,917,244		6,329,295	
1999	45,943,028	15,797,789		10,798,405	
1998	41,578,232	14,192,053		7,428,791	
1997	37,949,640	13,640,277		9,334,442	
1996	30,807,941	17,113,236		8,651,268	
1995	26,363,116	19,235,764		8,557,009	
1994	24,291,519	18,504,710		7,926,833	

(A) Includes Savings Banks

SOURCES: Wisconsin Department of Financial Institutions

#### State of Wisconsin

## **Unemployment Data**

For the Last Ten Years

	Population	Unemploymen	t Rate	
Year	(Thousands)	Wisconsin	U.S.	
2000	- 444		5.0	
2002	5,441	5.5	5.8	
2001	5,402	4.6	4.8	
2000	5,364	3.5	4.0	
1999	5,250	3.0	4.2	
1998	5,224	3.4	4.5	
1997	5,170	3.7	4.9	
1996	5,147	3.5	5.4	
1995	5,113	3.7	5.6	
1994	5,075	4.7	6.1	
1993	5,038	4.7	6.8	

SOURCES: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis Wisconsin Department of Workforce Development 2003 data is not available.

#### **Personal Income**

For the Last Ten Years

Calendar Year	Personal Income (Millions)	Percentage Change From Previous Year	Dollars per Capita	Percentage of National Average
2002	\$ 162,818	3.2	\$ 29,923	96.7
2001	157,832	3.4	29,196	96.0
2000	152,572	6.3	28,389	95.4
1999	143,589	4.6	26,926	96.6
1998	137,256	5.8	26,284	96.6
1997	129,697	6.4	24,941	96.2
1996	121,864	5.1	23,554	95.6
1995	115,960	8.3	22,573	95.8
1994	107,063	5.8	21,012	95.3
1993	101,159	4.6	20,078	94.6

Information for 2003 is not yet available.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

#### State of Wisconsin

# **Disposable Personal Income**

For the Last Ten Years

	P	sposable ersonal	Percentage Change		Percentage
Calendar		ncome	From Previous	Dollars	of National
Year	1)	Millions)	Year	per Capita	Average
2002	\$	142,902	5.6	\$ 26,263	97.0
2001		135,291	4.0	25,026	96.7
2000		130,127	7.0	24,213	96.1
1999		121,619	4.5	22,806	96.1
1998		116,334	5.2	22,277	95.9
1997		110,546	5.8	21,258	95.3
1996		104,491	4.2	20,196	94.5
1995		100,255	9.1	19,516	94.7
1994		91,904	5.4	18,037	93.8
1993		87,180	4.2	17,303	93.3

Information for 2003 is not yet available.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

#### **Kindergarten through Grade 12 Enrollment Statistics**

For the Last Ten Years

Year	Public	Private	Total
2003	855,139	129,132	984,271
2002	854,688	133,279	987,967
2001	855,725	151,472	1,007,197
2000	875,038	135,638	1,010,676
1999	859,387	135,039	994,426
1998	881,248	147,344	1,028,592
1997	859,469	138,658	998,127
1996	852,130	137,212	989,342
1995	860,686	148,002	1,008,688
1994	844,001	149,782	993,783

SOURCE: Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction, Division for Management and Budget, Educational Information Services

#### State of Wisconsin

# **Total New Housing Units Authorized in Permit-Issuing Places**

For the Last Ten Years

Calendar		Percent Change	)	
Year	Wisconsin	Wisconsin	U.S.	
2002	38,208	1.2	6.8	
2001	37,773	10.6	2.8	
2000	34,154	(4.0)	(4.3)	
1999	35,570	0.4	3.2	
1998	35,436	11.0	11.9	
1997	31,925	(4.1)	1.1	
1996	33,296	2.8	7.0	
1995	32,403	(6.4)	(2.8)	
1994	34,619	7.8	14.4	
1993	32,114	3.6	9.5	

Information for 2003 is not yet available.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of the Census, "Construction Reports C40 Housing Authorized by Building Permits and Public Contracts"

# State of Wisconsin's Largest Employers (Over 1000 Employees)

Ra	nk Employer Name	Type of Industry
1	Wal-Mart Associates Inc.	General Merchandise Stores
2		General Merchandise Stores
	,	Fabricated Metal Products
3		
4		Catalog and Mail Order Houses
5	0 , ,	Pharmaceutical Stores
6	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	General Merchandise Stores
7	Division of Target Corporation	General Merchandise Stores
8	Menard Inc.	Building Materials and Garden Supplies
9	Marshfield Clinic	Health Services
10	Kimberly-Clark Corp.	Paper and Allied Products
11	Quad/Graphics Inc.	Printing and Publishing
12	2 United Parcel Service Inc.	Trucking and Warehousing
13	Aurora Health Care Metro, Inc.	Health Services
14	Wisconsin Hospitality Group LL	Hospitality
15	Stora Enso North America Corp.	Paper and Allied Products
16	U.S. Bank National Assn	Banking
17	We Energies	Power Company
18	Rockwell Automation Inc.	Industrial Automation
19	Columbia St. Mary's Group	Health Services
20	Thedacare, Inc.	Health Services
2.	General Motors Corp.	Transportation Equipment
22	General Electric Co.	Power Company
23	B Aurora Medical Group Inc.	Health Services
24		General Merchandise Stores
25		

Note: Employee data as of March 2003

SOURCE: Wisconsin Department of Workforce Development

# **Employment Trends in Wisconsin**

For the Last Ten Years (In Thousands)

Civilian Labor			Percent of Work	Total	Nonfarm Wage and Salary		
Year (A)	Force (B)	Unemployment	Force (C)	Employment (D)	Employment (E)	Manufacturing (F)	
2002	3,027.6	166.7	5.5%	2,860.9	2,778.7	528.7	
2001	3,028.2	136.9	4.5	2,891.3	2,813.9	560.3	
2000	2,968.1	105.4	3.6	2,862.7	2,784.0	594.1	
1999	2,889.8	88.0	3.0	2,801.8	2,718.0	594.8	
1998	2,952.0	99.4	3.4	2,852.6	2,655.8	593.2	
1997	2,949.4	108.4	3.7	2,841.1	2,600.6	579.2	
1996	2,927.3	103.3	3.5	2,824.0	2,558.6	567.6	
1995	2,843.9	105.4	3.7	2,738.5	2,490.7	566.6	
1994	2,800.1	132.0	4.7	2,668.0	2,412.7	546.1	
1993	2,727.5	129.5	4.7	2,598.0	2,357.9	526.2	

<sup>(</sup>A) All data are estimates which are revised monthly and annually. Data may not be strictly comparable for various years due to changes in categories. Calendar year information for 2003 is not yet available.

SOURCE: Wisconsin Department of Workforce Development

<sup>(</sup>B) The civilian labor force includes both the employed and unemployed, age 16 and over, excluding current military personnel and institutionalized individuals.

<sup>(</sup>C) Percentages are not seasonally adjusted.

<sup>(</sup>D) Includes workers involved in labor disputes.

<sup>(</sup>E) Nonfarm wage and salary employment and manufacturing employment are based upon NAICS coding structure, replacing the SIC structure.

<sup>(</sup>F) Unadjusted total.

# Estimated Employees in Wisconsin on Nonagricultural Payrolls (A), 2002

	Wisconsin		United States	
	(Thousands)	Percent	(Thousands)	Percent
latural Resources and Mining	3.9	0.1%	581	0.4%
Construction	123.1	4.4	6,732	5.2
/lanufacturing	528.7	19.0	15,306	11.7
Vholesale Trade	114.4	4.1	5,641	4.3
Retail Trade	316.3	11.4	15,047	11.5
Jtilities	11.7	0.4	600	0.5
ransportation and Warehousing	92.6	3.3	4,205	3.2
nformation	50.8	1.8	3,420	2.6
inance and Insurance	126.2	4.5	5,815	4.5
Real Estate, Rental and Leasing	27.0	1.0	2,028	1.6
Professional, Science and Technical Services	88.6	3.2	6,715	5.2
Management of Companies	32.6	1.2	1,711	1.3
Administrative and Waste Services	118.6	4.3	7,584	5.8
Educational Services	44.6	1.6	2,651	2.0
lealth Care and Social Assistance	312.2	11.2	13,533	10.4
arts, Entertainment and Recreation	32.2	1.2	1,778	1.4
accomodation and Food	206.5	7.4	10,191	7.8
Other Services, Excluding Public	133.4	4.8	5,348	4.1
Sovernment	414.5	14.9	21,489	16.5
Total	2,778.7	100.0	130,376	100.0

<sup>(</sup>A) Not seasonally adjusted. Calendar year information for 2003 is not yet available.

Note: This table excludes agriculture, forestry and fisheries employees. All employment data is bsed upon NAICS coding structure, replacing the SIC structure.

SOURCES: Wisconsin Department of Workforce Development U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

# **How Wisconsin Ranks Among the States In Agriculture, 2002**

			Missansin	Davaant	U.S.	
Dauly Amana		Wisconsin	Percent		Landina	
Commodity	Rank Amon	g Units	2002 Production (In Thousands)	of U.S. Production	2002 Production (In Thousands)	Leading State
Commounty	Otates	Offico	(III Tilousullus)	1 1000001011	(III Tilousullus)	Otate
Dairy						
Milk Production	2	Lbs.	22,074,000	13.0	169,758,000	California
Butter	2	Lbs.	342,503	25.3	1,355,148	California
Total Cheese (excluding cottage)	1	Lbs.	2,235,639	26.0	8,599,049	Wisconsin
American	1	Lbs.	858,272	23.1	3,709,015	Wisconsin
Swiss	2	Lbs.	37,823	14.9	254,096	Ohio
Limburger	1	Lbs.	651	100.0	651	Wisconsin
Brick and Muenster	1	Lbs.	62,873	70.1	89,711	Wisconsin
Mozzarella	1	Lbs.	748,012	26.6	2,813,712	Wisconsin
Italian	1	Lbs.	972,261	27.7	3,506,478	Wisconsin
Cottage Cheese			, -		.,,	
4% or more milkfat	12	Lbs.	10,007	2.7	372,399	New York
Less than 4% milkfat	6	Lbs.	12,072	3.2	374,296	New York
Whey products	Ü	LDO.	12,012	0.2	01 1,200	NOW YORK
Dry whey	1	Lbs.	321,586	28.8	1,115,772	Wisconsin
	'	LUS.	321,360	20.0	1,115,772	VVISCOTISITI
Livestock			0.000	0.4	00.100	_
All cattle and calves (A)	9	Head	3,300	3.4	96,106	Texas
Milk cows (A)	2	Head	1,265	13.8	9,152	California
Hogs and pigs, all (B)	17	Head	520	0.9	58,943	Iowa
Sheep (A)	20	Head	80	1.3	6,350	Texas
Equine (C)	22 (E)	Head	120	2.3	5,317	Texas
Chickens (B)	21	Head	5,600	1.3	438,948	lowa
Broilers	19	Head	33,800	0.4	8,364,700	Georgia
Trout, sold 12" or longer	7	Lbs.	554	1.0	54,451	Idaho
Mink pelts	1	Pelts	685	26.3	2,600	Wisconsin
Honey	8	Lbs.	6,650	3.9	171,140	California
Eggs	19	Eggs	1,158,000	1.3	86,698,000	lowa
Crops						
Corn for grain	6	Bushels	391,500	4.3	9,007,659	Iowa
Corn for silage	1	Tons	11,680	11.1	104,979	Wisconsin
Oats	2	Bushels	15,000	12.6	119,132	Minnesota
Soybeans	12	Bushels	66,880	2.5	2,729,709	lowa
Wheat, all	24	Bushels	10,771	0.7	1,616,441	Kansas
Barley	18	Bushels	1,800	0.8	226,873	North Dakota
•	10	Tons	5,340	3.5	•	Texas
Hay (dry only), all	3	Cwt.	31,125	6.7	150,962 463,214	Idaho
Potatoes, all					·	
Tobacco	11	Lbs.	3,815	0.4	880,734	North Carolina
Dry edible beans	17	Cwt.	137	0.5	29,974	North Dakota
Cherries, tart	4	Lbs.	4,000	6.4	62,500	Washington
Apples	12	Lbs.	58,000	0.7	8,592,100	Washington
Strawberries	8	Cwt.	43	0.2	19,702	California
Maple syrup (D)	4	Gals.	76	6.1	1,239	Vermont
Cranberries	1	Bbl.	3,208	56.4	5,684	Wisconsin
Mint for oil	5	Lbs.	433	4.9	8760	Washington
Carrots, all	2	Tons	108.8	27.5	396	Washington
Onions	14	Cwt.	532	0.8	67,365	California
Cabbage for fresh market	9	Cwt.	900.0	3.7	24,415	California
Sweet corn for fresh market	14	Cwt.	473.0	1.8	26,430	Florida
Sweet corn for processing	3	Tons	596.1	19.3	3,084	Washington
Green peas for processing	3	Tons	67.2	19.4	347	Minnesota
Snap beans for processing	1	Tons	317.1	38.1	831	Wisconsin
Cucumbers for pickles	5	Tons	31.8	5.2	617	Michigan
	· ·		30	J.2	311	

<sup>(</sup>A) January 1, 2003 inventory. (B) December 1, 2002 inventory. (C) January 1, 1999 inventory. (D) Data for 2003. (E) Tied with Oregon.

SOURCE: Wisconsin Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Statistics Service

# Miscellaneous Data

Date Wisconsin Became Part of United States	1783
Inception as a State (30th State)	1848
Form of Government	Legislative-Executive-Judicial
Capital	Madison
State Symbols	
Flower	Wood Violet
Tree	Sugar Maple
Wildlife Animal	White-tailed Deer
Animal	Badger
Fish	Muskellunge
Bird	Robin
Total Area	35.8 Million Acres
Land Area	34.8 Million Acres
Water Area	1.0 Million Acres
Miles of State Highways	11,753 Miles
Higher Education (Students)	
University of Wisconsin System	160,635
University of Wisconsin Extension	176,795
Private	55,835
Vocational/Technical Colleges	451,271
Recreation	
Number of State Parks	44
Number of State Forests	12
Number of State Trails	25
Number of Historic Sites	8
Number of Recreational Areas	5
Permanent Classified State Employees	41,344

SOURCE: Wisconsin Blue Book, 2003-2004

#### Acknowledgments

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report was prepared by the Department of Administration, Division of Executive Budget and Finance, State Controller's Office, Financial Reporting Section:

Marilyn T. Klement, CPA George Kiehl Laurie M. Lemke Man M. Le Mary E. Sommerfeld, CPA Connie Hall, CPA

Special acknowledgment goes to:

Kathy Farmer, CPA of the Audit Section of the State Controller's Office, who assisted with the preparation of the report.

All fiscal and accounting personnel throughout Wisconsin State government, along with Legislative Audit Bureau staff, whose dedicated efforts and cooperation contributed to the compilation of financial information that appears in the report.

Tami Rogers, State Controller's Office, who provided word processing services.